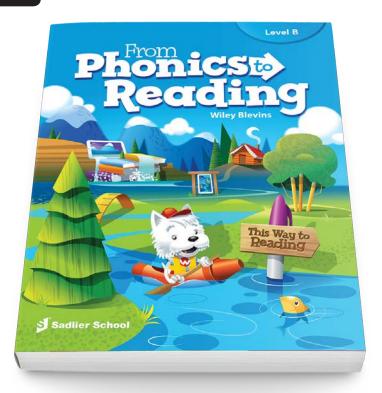
# Sadlier School

# From Phonics to Reading

Correlation to the 2021 Alabama Course of Study English Language Arts

# Grade 2



#### **KEY ALIGNED CONTENT**

#### **Literacy Foundations**

Phonological Awareness/Phonemic Awareness	2
Phonics	5
Fluency	12

#### ADDITIONAL ALIGNED CONTENT

#### **Literacy Foundations**

Oral Language	16
Vocabulary	20
Comprehension	24
Writing	30

## **Key Aligned Content**

### LITERACY FOUNDATIONS

### **Phonological Awareness/Phonemic Awareness**

#### **GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS**

FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2

 Apply knowledge of voiced and unvoiced sounds and manner of articulation to distinguish between commonly-confused vowel sounds and commonlyconfused cognate consonant sounds.

Examples: /f/ and /v/, /p/ and /b/, /k/ and /g/, /t/ and /d/, /ch/ and /sh/, /ĕ/ and /ĭ/, /ĕ/ and /ă/

Note: This is extremely important as a foundational phonemic awareness skill for all learners.

#### STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION

Lessons

#### Unit 1 Review Short Vowels and Consonant Blends; Transition to Longer Words

- Lesson 1 Short Vowels—pp. 9-18
- Lesson 2 Closed Syllables—pp. 19-28

#### Unit 2 Review Final e and Consonant Digraphs; Transition to Longer Words Words

- Lesson 8 Consonant Digraphs (sh, ch, tch, th)—pp. 81-90
- Lesson 9 Consonant Digraphs (wh, ph, ng, nk)—pp. 91-100

# Unit 5 Review Complex Vowels and Diphthongs; Transition to Longer Words

- Lesson 24 Short oo and Long oo (oo can stand for the sound in the word *good* or the word *soon*)—pp. 247–256
- Lesson 27 Complex Vowel /ô/—pp. 277-286
- Lesson 28 Vowel Team Syllables—pp. 287-296

Lesson Activities

#### **Word Building**

 Syllable Building (build words from syllable cards)—pp. 24, 34, 76, 118, 138, 178, 230, 240, 292, 304, 314

#### **TEACHER'S EDITION**

#### **Teacher Table: English Learners**

• Sound Transfer (voiced and unvoiced sounds/focus on articulation)—TE pp. 9, 19, 29, 39, 49, 61, 81, 91, 103, 113, 123, 133, 143, 153, 163, 173, 185, 195, 205, 215, 225, 235, 247, 257, 267, 277, 287, 299, 309

#### **Word Study**

 Inflectional Endings (double final consonant)—TE pp. 120, 130 (isolate base words/ending -ed can stand for /t/, /d/, or /ed/)

#### Sound-Spelling/Word Study

Word Study: Inflectional Endings (double final consonant)—
 TE pp. 121, 131 (uncover base words/ending -ed can stand for /t/, /d/, or /ed/)

### Phonological Awareness/Phonemic Awareness

## GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS

#### FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2

#### Demonstrate advanced phonemic awareness skills in spoken words.

 Add, delete, and substitute phonemes at the beginning, end, or middle of a spoken word made up of up to six phonemes and produce the resulting word.

#### Examples:

Addition - Say bell. Now say bell, but add /t/t o the end of bell. (belt)

Addition - Say block. Now say block, but add /t/t o the end of block. (blocked)

Deletion - Say fin. Now say fin, but don't say /f/. (in)

Deletion - Say range. Now say range, but don't say /j/. (rain)

Substitution - Say strap. Now say strap, but change /a/ t o /i/. (strip)

Substitution - Say bleed. Now say bleed, but change the  $/\bar{e}/t$  o  $/\bar{a}/.$  (blade)

## STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION

#### **Word Building**

 Make New Words (recognize different sounds/new word after replacing, deleting, or adding letters)—pp. 14, 44, 54, 66, 86, 96, 108, 128, 148, 158, 168, 190, 200, 210, 220, 252, 262, 272, 282

#### ONLINE RESOURCES

#### **Professional Development**

- Professional Development Planning Guide
  - Video Viewing Guide
    - Phonological Awareness (Phonemic Manipulation)—pp. 15–18
- High-Impact Routines by Wiley Blevins
  - Video: Word Building
- Instructional Support by Wiley Blevins
  - Video: Phonological Awareness (phonemic manipulation)

#### **Instructional Guides**

- Phonological Awareness Scope and Sequence Rationale
  - Five Basic Types of Activities
    - Activity Type 5: Phoneme Manipulation (substitution, deletion, addition)
      - 1. Initial sound substitution (Replace the first sound in man with /p/.)
      - 2. Final sound substitution (Replace the last sound in bad with /g/.)
      - 3. Vowel substitution (Replace the middle sound in hat with /o/.)
      - 4. Syllable deletion (Say noble without no.)
      - 5. Initial sound deletion (Say sat without /s/.)
      - 6. Final sound deletion (Say make without /k/.)
      - 7. Initial phoneme in a blend deletion (Say slip without /s/.)
      - 8. Final phoneme in a blend deletion (Say nest without /t/.)
      - 9. Second phoneme in a blend deletion (Say slip without /l/.)
      - 10. Initial sound addition (Add /s/ to the beginning of at )
      - 11. Final sound addition (Add /t/ to the end of res.)
  - Modeling the Tasks
    - Phonemic Manipulation Routine (Substitution)—p. 10
    - Phonemic Manipulation Routine (Addition)—p. 11
    - Phonemic Manipulation Routine (Deletion)—p. 12



## **Phonological Awareness/Phonemic Awareness**

	GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2
b.	Delete the initial sound in an initial blend in a one-syllable base word.  Example: Say prank. Now say prank, but don't say /p/. (rank)	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION  Word Building  • Make New Words (delete the initial sound in an initial blend in a one-syllable base word)—pp. 44, 108, 190, 252, 262, 282  Examples  • slip→lip; trip→rip; stop→top—p. 44  • tray→ray; brain→rain—p. 108  • spark→park—p. 190  • spool→pool—p. 252  • cloud→loud—p. 262  • stalk→talk—p. 282
C.	With prompting and support, delete the medial and final sounds in blends in one syllable base words.  Examples: Say snail. Now say snail, but don't say /n/. (sail)  Say wind. Now say wind, but don't say /d/. (win)	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION  Word Building  • Make New Words (delete the medial and final sounds in blends in one syllable base words)—pp. 44, 148, 190, 200, 210, 252  Examples  • trap→tap, p. 44  • fright→fight, p. 148  • spark→park, farm→far, p. 190  • stir→sir, p. 200  • form→for; shore→sore, p. 210  • brook→book, p. 252
d.	Apply phoneme chaining that changes only one sound at a time to show addition, deletion, substitution, and resequencing of sounds from one word to the next.  Examples: bit, bet, bat; sat, sit; pit, pat	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION  Word Building  • Make New Words (apply phoneme chaining)—pp. 44, 54, 66, 86, 96, 108, 128, 148, 158, 168, 190, 200, 210, 220, 252, 262, 272, 282  Examples  • sand→send→sent; best→nest→pest, p. 54  • hole→mole→mule→male→mile, p. 66  • thin→than→that; chin→chip, p. 86  • sing→sung→sunk→sink; ring→rink, p. 96  • pay→bay→ray→tray, p. 108  • all→tall→stall→call→ball→wall, p. 282
e.	With prompting and support, reverse sounds within a word by saying the last sound first and the first sound last.  Examples: fine, knife; cat, tack; park, carp	N/A

	CDADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS	EDOM BUONICS TO BEADING LEVEL B / CDADE 2
	GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2
10.	Apply knowledge of phoneme-grapheme correspondences, multisyllabic word construction, and syllable division principles to decode and encode (spell) words accurately in isolation and in context.	
	<ul> <li>Decode multisyllabic words with common syllable patterns, including open/closed, vowel-r, vowel-consonant-e, vowel teams, consonant-le, and schwa syllables.</li> </ul>	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION Lessons Unit 1 Review Short Vowels and Consonant Blends; Transition to Longer Words • Lesson 2 Closed Syllables—pp. 19-28 • Lesson 3 Consonant + le Syllables—pp. 29-38
		Unit 2 Review Final e and Consonant Digraphs; Transition to Longer Words Words  Lesson 6 Final e—pp. 61-70  Lesson 7 Final e Syllables—pp. 71-80
		Unit 3 Review Long Vowels; Transition to Longer Words  • Lesson 11 Open Syllables—pp. 113–122  • Lesson 13 Vowel Team Syllables—pp. 133–142  • Lesson 17 Consonant + le Syllables—pp. 173–182
		Unit 4 Review r-Controlled Vowels; Transition to Longer Words  Lesson 18 r-Controlled Vowel /är/—pp. 185–194  Lesson 19 r-Controlled Vowel /ûr/—pp. 195–204  Lesson 20 r-Controlled Vowel /ôr/—pp. 205–214  Lesson 21 r-Controlled Vowel /âr/—pp. 215–224  Lesson 22 r-Controlled Vowel Syllables—pp. 225–234  Lesson 23 Consonant + le Syllables—pp. 235–244
		Unit 5 Review Complex Vowels and Diphthongs; Transition to Longer Words  • Lesson 24 Short oo and Long oo—pp. 247-256  • Lesson 27 Complex Vowel /ô/—pp. 277-286  • Lesson 28 Vowel Team Syllables—pp. 287-296
		<ul> <li>Unit 6 Syllable Types Review</li> <li>Lesson 29 Review Syllable Types—pp. 299–308</li> <li>Lesson 30 Final Stable Syllables—pp. 309–318</li> </ul>
		TEACHER'S EDITION Lesson Activities
		Teacher Table: English Learners • Sound Transfer (schwa sound)—TE pp. 29, 173, 235

GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2	
b. Apply knowledge of multisyllabic word construction and syllable division principles to decode grade-appropriate multisyllabic words.  Example: VC/CV, V/CV, VC/V, CV/VC; rab-bit, o-pen, cab-in, li-on	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION  Word Building  Syllable Building (build multisyllabic words from syllable cards)—pp. 24, 34, 76, 118, 138, 178, 230, 240, 292, 304, 314  ONLINE RESOURCES  Professional Development  Professional Development Planning Guide  Video Viewing Guide  Multisyllabic Words—pp. 51–54  Instructional Support by Wiley Blevins  Video: Multisyllabic Words	
c. Decode and encode words with three- consonant blends and blends containing digraphs.	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION Lessons Unit 2 Review Final e and Consonant Digraphs; Transition to Longer Words Words • Lesson 8 Consonant Digraphs (sh, ch, tch, th)—pp. 81–90 • Lesson 9 Consonant Digraphs (wh, ph, ng, nk/three-letter blends)—pp. 91–100 Lesson Activities Word Study • Three-Letter Blends (scr, spl, squ, spr, str, thr)—p. 98 TEACHER'S EDITION Sound-Spelling/Word Study • Word Study: Three-Letter Blends—TE p. 99	
d. Decode and encode words with consonant digraphs, trigraphs, and combinations.  Examples: qu, sh, ch, th, ph, wh, tch, dge	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION Unit 2 Review Final e and Consonant Digraphs; Transition to Longer Words Words • Lesson 8 Consonant Digraphs (sh, ch, tch, th)—pp. 81–90 • Lesson 9 Consonant Digraphs (wh, ph, ng, nk/three-letter blends)—pp. 91–100	
e. Decode and encode words with variable vowel teams and vowel diphthongs.  Examples: oi, oy; ou, ow; au, aw; oo, ew, ue; ee, ea; igh, ie; ai, ay	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION Unit 3 Review Long Vowels; Transition to Longer Words Lesson 10 Long a (ai, ay, ea, eigh)—pp. 103–112 Lesson 12 Long e (ee, ea, ey, ie, ei)—pp. 123–132 Lesson 13 Vowel Team Syllables (ai, ay, ea, ee, oa, ow, oo, oi, oy, ou, ie, ei)—pp. 133–142 Lesson 14 Long i (igh, ie)—pp. 143–152 Lesson 15 Long o (oa, ow, oe)—pp. 153–162 Lesson 16 Long u (ew, ue, iew)—pp. 163–172	

### **Phonics**

GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2
	Unit 5 Review Complex Vowels and Diphthongs; Transition to Longer Words  • Lesson 24 Short oo and Long oo (oo, ou, ough, ew, ue, ui)—pp. 247–256  • Lesson 25 Dipthong /ou/ (ou, ow)—pp. 257–266  • Lesson 26 Dipthong /oi/ (oi, oy)—pp. 267–276  • Lesson 27 Complex Vowel /ô/ (au, aw)—pp. 277–286  • Lesson 28 Vowel Team Syllables (ai, ay, ea, ee, oa, ow, oo, oi, oy, ou, ie, ei)—pp. 287–296
f. Decode and encode words with vowel-r combinations.  Examples: ar, air, are, ear, eer, er, ere, eir, ir, or, oar, ore, our, ur	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION Unit 4 Review r-Controlled Vowels; Transition to Longer Words  • Lesson 18 r-Controlled Vowel /är/ (ar)—pp. 185–194  • Lesson 19 r-Controlled Vowel /ûr/ (er, ir, ur)—pp. 195–204  • Lesson 20 r-Controlled Vowel /ôr/ (or, ore, oar)—pp. 205–214  • Lesson 21 r-Controlled Vowel /âr/ (are, air, ear)—pp. 215–224  • Lesson 22 r-Controlled Vowel Syllables (ar, er, or, ur)—pp. 225–234
g. Decode and encode words that follow the -ild, -ost, -old, -olt, and -ind patterns.  Examples: wild, most, cold, colt, mind	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION Introduction  • Blend It—p. 143 (wild, find, kind)  Build Fluency • Speed Drill—pp. 145 (find, wild); cold, bolt, post, colt, jolt, hold, p. 155  Word Sort • Sort It Out—p. 157 (old, cold, told)  Word Study • Prefixes (un-, re-, dis-)—p. 170 (kind)  High-Frequency Words • Read-Spell-Write/Use in Context—p. 206 (hold); 236, 248 (most)  Read Connected Text • Decodable Passage—pp. 169 (fold); 283 (most)  TEACHER'S EDITION Introduce Sound-Spelling • Learn and Blend—TE p. 143 (mild)  Sound-Spelling/Word Study • Word Study: Suffixes (-y, -ly)—TE p. 151 (kind)  Teacher Table: Intervention • Guided Spelling/Dictation—TE p. 158 (cold)  continued

### **Phonics**

	GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2
		Sound-Spelling/Word Study  • Word Study: Suffixes—TE p. 203 (mind)  High-Frequency Words  • Review—TE pp. 207 (hold); 249 (most)  Word Cards  • Cold, Old—TE p. 323
h.	Decode and encode words with a after w read /ä/ and a before I read /â/.  Examples: wash, water, wasp; tall, all, talk, small, fall	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION High-Frequency Words • Read-Spell-Write—pp. 258 (water); 288 (warm, wash) Word Building • Make New Words—p. 282 (all, tall, stall, call, ball, wall) Word Study • Related Words—p. 306 (wash, washed, washer, washes, washing)  TEACHER'S EDITION High-Frequency Words • Review—TE pp. 261 (water); 291 (warm, wash)
i.	Decode and encode words with <i>or</i> after <i>w</i> read /er/.  Examples: world, word, worm, worst, work	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION Build Fluency • Speed Drill—p. 206 (worn) High-Frequency Words • Read-Spell-Write/Use in Context—p. 248 (words); 310 (work) TEACHER'S EDITION High-Frequency Words • Review—TE p. 317 (work)
j.	Decode and encode words with the hard and soft sounds of $c$ and $g$ , in context and in isolation.  Examples: $c=/k/$ before $a$ , $o$ , $u$ , or any consonant and $c=/s/$ before $i$ , $e$ , or $y=/g/$ before $a$ , $o$ , $u$ , or any consonant and $g=/j/$ before $i$ , $e$ , or $y$	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION Word Study  • Soft c and Soft g—p. 68  TEACHER'S EDITION Sound-Spelling/Word Study  • Word Study: Soft c and Soft g—TE p. 69  See also Level C/Grade 3  STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION Word Study  • Hard and Soft c and g—SB p. 85/TE p. T100

Sadlier School

## LITERACY FOUNDATIONS

### **Phonics**

GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2
k. Decode and encode words with vowel <i>y</i> in the final position of one and two syllable words, distinguishing the difference between the long /ī/ sound in one-syllable words and the long /ē/ sound in two-syllable words, and words with vowel <i>y</i> in medial position, producing the short /ī/ sound for these words.  Examples: fly, my; baby, happy; myth, gym	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION Introduction  • Learn and Blend/Blend It—pp. 113 (lazy, baby, lady, pony); 123 (key, funny, happy, easy); 143 (my, try, sky, why, fly)  Word Sort  • Sort It Out—p. 117 (baby, cozy, pony); 147 (cry, fry, why)  Word Building  • Syllable Building—pp. 118 (baby, cozy, hazy, lazy, tidy); 148 (my, try, fry, dry)  Word Study  • Soft c and Soft g—p. 68 (gym)  • Inflectional Endings (change y to i)—p. 130 (story, try, baby, puppy, penny, study, empty, carry)  • Suffixes (-y, -ly)—p. 150  TEACHER'S EDITION  Sound-Spelling/Word Study  • Word Study: Soft c and Soft g—TE p. 69 (gym)  • Word Study: Inflectional Endings (change y to i)—TE p. 131  • Word Study: Suffixes (-y, -ly)—TE p. 151
I. Decode words with silent letter combinations.  Examples: kn, mb, gh	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION Word Study • Silent Letters (kn, wr, gn, mb)—p. 140  TEACHER'S EDITION Sound-Spelling/Word Study • Word Study: Silent Letters (kn, wr, gn, mb)—TE p. 141
m. Decode and encode words with prefixes and suffixes, including words with dropped e and y-to-i changes for suffix addition.  Examples: pro-, trans-, non-, mid-; -ful, -less, -ness, -ed, ing, -es, -er, -est, -en, -y, -ly	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION  Word Study  Inflectional Ending -s—p. 16  "Reading Big Words" Strategy (determine meaning of new word by looking for prefix, suffix, and known base word)—p. 26  More "Reading Big Words" Strategy (look for prefix, suffix, and known base word when reading a new word)—p. 36  Inflectional Ending -ing—p. 46  Inflectional Ending -ed—p. 56  Inflectional Endings (drop e)—p. 78  Inflectional Endings (double final consonant)—p. 120  Inflectional Endings (change y to i)—p. 130  Suffixes (-y, -ly)—p. 150  Compound Words—p. 160  Prefixes (un-, re-, dis-)—p. 170  Comparative Suffixes (-er, -est)—p. 192  Suffixes (-ful, -less)—p. 202  continued

#### **Phonics**

GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2
	<ul> <li>Inflectional Endings with Spelling Changes—p. 242</li> <li>Suffixes (-ful, -less, -y, -ly)—p. 254</li> <li>Compound Words—p. 264</li> <li>Prefixes (un-, re-, dis-, pre-, mis-)—p. 274</li> <li>More Inflectional Endings with Spelling Changes—p. 294</li> <li>Related Words (same base word)—p. 306</li> <li>More Related Words (same base word)—p. 316</li> </ul>
	TEACHER'S EDITION Sound-Spelling/Word Study  Word Study: Inflectional Ending -s—TE p. 17  Word Study: Inflectional Ending -ing—TE p. 47  Word Study: Inflectional Ending -ed—TE p. 57  Word Study: Inflectional Endings (drop e)—TE p. 79  Word Study: Inflectional Endings (double final consonant)— TE p. 121  Word Study: Inflectional Endings (change y to i)—TE p. 131  Word Study: Suffixes (-y, -ly)—TE p. 151  Word Study: Compound Words—TE p. 161  Word Study: Prefixes (un-, re-, dis-)—TE p. 171  Word Study: Comparative Suffixes (-er, -est)—TE p. 193  Word Study: Suffixes (-ful, -less)—TE p. 203  Word Study: Inflectional Endings with Spelling Changes—TE p. 243  Word Study: Suffixes (-ful, -less, -y, -ly)—TE p. 255  Word Study: Prefixes (un-, re-, dis-, pre-, mis-)—TE p. 275  Word Study: More Inflectional Endings with Spelling Changes—TE p. 295  Word Study: Related Words—TE p. 307  Word Study: Related Words—TE p. 317
n. Decode and encode grade-appropriate high frequency words that are spelled using predictable, decodable phoneme-grapheme	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION High-Frequency Words • Read-Spell-Write/Use in Context (read high-frequency regularly and irregularly spelled words)—pp. 10, 20, 30, 40,

correspondences, including those that contain only one irregularity.

Examples: decodable - number, way, my, than, word decodable except for one irregularity - other (o is schwa), from- (o is schwa)

what - (a is schwa or short o depending on dialect)

50, 62, 72, 82, 92, 104, 114, 124, 134, 144, 154, 164, 174, 186, 196, 206, 216, 226, 236, 248, 258, 268, 278, 288, 300, 310 50, 62, 72, 82, 92, 104, 114, 124, 134, 144, 154, 164, 174, 186, 196, 206, 216, 226, 236, 248, 258, 268, 278, 288, 300, 310

#### **Word Study**

• Abbreviations (capital letter at the beginning of day of week, title, address, initials)—p. 212

#### **TEACHER'S EDITION**

#### [Day 1] 2. High-Frequency Words

• Read-Spell-Write (chorally read each word in a context sentence, chorally spell it, write it two times)—TE pp. 10, 20,

#### GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2

30, 40, 50, 62, 72, 82, 92, 104, 114, 124, 134, 144, 154, 164, 174, 186, 196, 206, 216, 226, 236, 248, 258, 268, 278, 288, 300, 310

#### [Day 2] 2. High-Frequency Words

• Review/Extend (reteach using the Read-Spell-Write routine/create oral sentences to say to a partner then write the sentences/add descriptive details or combine two ideas using and)—TE pp. 11, 21, 31, 41, 51, 63, 73, 83, 93, 105, 115, 125, 135, 145, 155, 165, 175, 187, 197, 207, 217, 227, 237, 249, 259, 269, 279, 289, 301, 311

#### [Day 3] 2. High-Frequency Words

Review/Use in Context (reteach high-frequency words/read sentences to a partner, record in their journals)—TE pp. 13, 23, 33, 43, 53, 65, 75, 85, 95, 107, 117, 127, 137, 147, 157, 168, 177, 189, 199, 209, 219, 229, 239, 251, 261, 271, 281, 291, 303, 313

#### [Day 4] 2. High-Frequency Words

(Have children write a new sentence for each high-frequency word)—TE pp. 15, 25, 35, 45, 55, 67, 77, 87, 97, 109, 119, 129, 139, 149, 159, 169, 179, 191, 201, 211, 221, 231, 241, 253, 263, 273, 283, 293, 305, 315

#### [Day 5] 2. High-Frequency Words

Review (chorally read each word, build each word with letter cards, read sentences written on Day 4)—TE pp. 17, 27, 37, 47, 57, 69, 79, 89, 99, 111, 121, 131, 141, 151, 161, 171, 181, 193, 203, 213, 223, 233, 243, 255, 265, 275, 285, 295, 307, 317

#### Sound-Spelling/Word Study

• Abbreviations (months, days of week, titles)—TE p. 213

#### ONLINE RESOURCES

#### **Professional Development**

- Professional Development Planning Guide
  - Video Viewing Guide
  - High-Frequency Words—pp. 31–34
- High Impact Routines by Wiley Blevins
  - Video: High-Frequency Words

#### **High-Frequency Words**

- Teacher's Guide to High-Frequency Words
  - Video Viewing Guide
  - High-Frequency Words—pp. 31–34
- High-Frequency Word Assessments
- Directions/Next Steps
- o Forms
  - High-Frequency Word Assessment: Teacher Form (Level B)—pp. 10-11
  - High-Frequency Word Assessment: Student Form (Level B)—pp. 12-13

#### **Phonics**

#### **GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS**

#### FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2

Decode and encode contractions with am, is, has, not, have, would, and will.

Examples: I'm, he's, she's, isn't, don't, I've, he'd, they'll

#### STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION

#### **Word Study**

Contractions—p. 110

#### **TEACHER'S EDITION**

#### Sound-Spelling/Word Study

• Word Study: Contraction—TE p. 111

#### **High-Frequency Words**

• Read-Spell-Write: Spell (contractions)—TE p. 114

#### **Fluency**

#### **GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS**

#### FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2

Apply previously-taught phoneme-grapheme 11. correspondences to multisyllabic words with accuracy and automaticity, in and out of context.

#### STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION

#### Introduction

 Blend It/Reading in Context/Daily Practice: Build Fluency pp. 9, 19, 29, 39, 49, 61, 71, 81, 91, 103, 113, 123, 133, 143, 153, 163, 173, 185, 195, 205, 215, 225, 235, 247, 257, 267, 277, 287, 299, 309

#### **Read Connected Text**

- Connected Text (read multisyllabic words in context)—pp. 12, 22, 32, 42, 52, 64, 74, 84, 94, 106, 116, 126, 136, 146, 156, 166, 176, 188, 198, 208, 218, 228, 238, 250, 260, 270, 280, 290, 302,
- Decodable Passage (read multisyllabic words in context) pp. 15, 25, 35, 45, 55, 67, 77, 87, 97, 109, 119, 129, 139, 149, 159, 169, 179, 191, 201, 211, 221, 231, 241, 253, 263, 273, 283, 293, 305, 315

#### **High-Frequency Words**

• Read-Spell-Write/Use in Context (two-syllable words)—pp. 21, 31, 73, 115, 175, 227, 237, 289, 301, 311

#### **Build Fluency**

• **Speed Drill** (practice timed readings to improve speed)—pp. 12, 22, 32, 42, 52, 64, 74, 84, 94, 106, 116, 126, 136, 146, 156, 166, 176, 188, 198, 208, 218, 228, 238, 250, 260, 270, 280, 290, 302, 312

#### **Cumulative Assessment**

 Fluency Check (listen to children read multisyllabic words/ rate accuracy and fluency)—pp. 18, 28, 38, 48, 58, 70, 80, 90, 100, 112, 122, 132, 142, 152, 162, 172, 182, 194, 204, 214, 224, 234, 244, 256, 266, 276, 286, 296, 308, 318

#### **TEACHER'S EDITION**

#### **Independent/Partner Work**

- Build Fluency/Reread Connected Text and Write (practice Speed Drill words/reread Connected Text)—TE pp. 12, 22, 32, 42, 52, 64, 74, 84, 94, 106, 116, 126, 136, 146, 156, 166, 176, 188, 198, 208, 218, 228, 238, 250, 260, 270, 280, 290, 302, 312
- Build Fluency (reread decodable passages to a partner)—TE pp. 13, 23, 33, 43, 53, 65, 75, 85, 95, 107, 117, 12, 137, 147, 157, 167, 177, 189, 199, 209, 219, 229, 239, 251, 261, 271, 281, 291, 303, 313

#### **Home-School Connection**

Build Fluency—TE pp. 15, 25, 35, 45, 55, 67, 77, 87, 97, 109, 119, 129, 139, 149, 159, 169, 179, 191, 201, 211, 221, 231, 241, 253, 263, 273, 283, 293, 305

#### ONLINE RESOURCES

#### **Professional Development**

- Professional Development Planning Guide
  - Video Viewing Guide
  - Multisyllabic Words—pp. 51–54
- Instructional Support by Wiley Blevins
  - Video: Multisyllabic Words
- Read and reread grade-appropriate text accurately, automatically, and with meaningful expression at a rate which supports comprehension.

#### STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION

#### **Read Connected Text**

- Connected Text—pp. 12, 22, 32, 42, 52, 64, 74, 84, 94, 106, 116, 126, 136, 146, 156, 166, 176, 188, 198, 208, 218, 228, 238, 250, 260, 270, 280, 290, 302, 312
- Decodable Passage—pp. 15, 25, 35, 45, 55, 67, 77, 87, 97, 109, 119, 129, 139, 149, 159, 169, 179, 191, 201, 211, 221, 231, 241, 253, 263, 273, 283, 293, 305, 315

#### Writing Extension

Decodable Passage (reread decodable passage)—pp. 17, 27, 37, 47, 57, 69, 79, 89, 99, 111, 121, 131, 141, 151, 161, 171, 181, 193, 203, 213, 223, 233, 243, 255, 265, 275, 285, 295, 307, 317

#### **TEACHER'S EDITION**

#### **Independent/Partner Work**

- Reread Connected Text and Write (reread text orally to a partner)—TE pp. 12, 22, 32, 42, 52, 64, 74, 84, 94, 106, 116, 126, 136, 146, 156, 166, 176, 188, 198, 208, 218, 228, 238, 250, 260, 270, 280, 290, 302, 312
- Build Fluency (reread previously read decodable passage to a partner)—TE pp. 13, 23, 33, 43, 53, 65, 75, 85, 95, 107, 117, 12, 137, 147, 157, 167, 177, 189, 199, 209, 219, 229, 239, 251, 261, 271, 281, 291, 303, 313

**GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS** 

### LITERACY FOUNDATIONS

#### **Fluency**

• Build Fluency (reread previous stories with a partner)—TE pp. 17, 27, 37, 47, 57, 69, 79, 89, 99, 111, 121, 131, 141, 151, 161, 171, 181,

#### **Home-School Connection**

Build Fluency (read with families/frequent repeated readings of decodable passages to build fluency)—TE pp. 15, 25, 35, 45, 55, 67, 77, 87, 97, 109, 119, 129, 139, 149, 159, 169, 179, 191, 201, 211, 221, 231, 241, 253, 263, 273, 283, 293, 305, 315

193, 203, 213, 223, 233, 243, 255, 265, 275, 285, 295, 307, 317

FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2

#### **Read Children's Books**

- Unit 1—TE pp. 7 and 8: Oscar Otter by Nathaniel Benchley, Thump and Plunk by Janice May Udry, The Little Red Hen by Paul Galdone, A Birthday Basket for Tia by Pat Mora, Amelia Bedelia's First Apple Pie by Herman Parish
- Unit 2—TE pp. 59 and 60: Sea Full of Sharks by Betsy Maestro, Chester's Way by Kevin Henkes, Osa's Pride by Ann Grifalconi, Pancakes, Pancakes! by Eric Carle, The Tale of Rabbit and Coyote by Tony Johnston
- Unit 3—TE pp. 101 and 102: The Lace Snail by Betsy Byars, Never Tease a Weasel by Jean Conder Soule, Roll Over! by Mordicai Gerstein, Cloudy with a Chance of Meatballs by Judi Barrett, Excuse Me! Certainly by Louis Slobodkin
- Unit 4—TE pp. 183 and 184: The Berenstain Bears and the Sitter by Stan and Jan Berenstain, Alligator Arrived with Apples: A Potluck Alphabet Feast by Crescent Dragonwagon, Before We Eat: From Farm to Table by Pat Brisson, The Uncorker of Ocean Bottles by Michelle Cuevas, Over and Under the Pond by Kate Messner

#### **ONLINE RESOURCES**

#### **Professional Development**

- Professional Development Planning Guide
  - Video Viewing Guide
    - Decodable Texts—pp. 23-26
- High-Impact Routines by Wiley Blevins
  - o Video: Decodable Texts

#### **Student and Family Resources**

 Student Fluency Sentences (each lesson)—Student Fluency Sentences may be used in class to model fluent reading for students. As students read the fluency sentence aloud at home, family members should remind students to pay attention to end punctuation to ensure that expression and intonation convey the meaning. Family members should also lso provide feedback if students have not self-corrected errors such as omitting or adding words or reading a word incorrectly.



#### Fluency

**GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS** FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2 **Instructional Resources** • Student Fluency Report (each unit) **Cumulative Assessments** • Fluency Check (each lesson) **Interactive Instructional Resources** • Decodable Passage (each lesson) **Fluency**  Teacher's Guide to Fluency • What Is Fluency? Supporting Fluency Development • From Fluency to Comprehension: Routines and Minilessons Level B—pp. 13-18 Repeated Reading Fluency Routine • Fluency Minilessons (one minilesson per unit)—1. Model Fluency (general introduction)/\*Assess Fluency (wcpm); 2. Introduce the Repeated Reading Fluency Routine; 3. Model Fluency: Intonation; 4. Echo Read and Choral Read; 5. Repeated Readings Chart; 6. Oral Recitation; 7. Model Fluency: Phrasing (using prepositions); 8. Phrase-Cued Text; 9. Paired Repeated Readings; 10. Repeated Readings Chart; 11. Reader's Theater; 12. Oral Recitation; 13. Audiobook Modeling; 14. Model Fluency: Intonation; 15. Repeated Readings Chart/\*Assess Fluency (wcpm); 16. Model Fluency: Phrasing (using subjects/predicates); 17. Oral Reading Model; 18. Oral Recitation Lesson; 19. Model Fluency: Phrasing (using conjunctions); 20. Repeated Readings Chart; 21. Model Fluency: Intonation; 22. Model Fluency: Phrasing (using prepositions); 23. Reader's Theater; 24. Oral Recitation Lesson; 25. Repeated Readings Chart; 26. Model Fluency: Phrasing (using subjects/ predicates); 27. Oral Reading Model; 28. Paired Repeated Reading; 29. Phrase-Cued Text; 30. \*Assess Fluency (wcpm) Read grade-appropriate poetry, noticing phrasing, STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION **Read Connected Text** rhythm, and rhyme. • Connected Text: Poems—"Off on a Trip," p. 42; "Would You Like?" p. 116; "Scarecrow Joe," p. 156; "Star Party," p. 188; "A Silly Poem," p. 238; "Around We Go," p. 260 • Decodable Passage: Poem—"A Year of Seasons," p. 97 **TEACHER'S EDITION Read Connected Text** • Connected Text: Poems—TE pp. 42, 116, 156, 188, 238, 260 • Decodable Passage: Poem—TE p. "A Year of Seasons," p. 98

# **Additional Aligned Content**

## LITERACY FOUNDATIONS

## **Oral Language**

GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2
Participate in conversations and discussions with groups and peers utilizing agreed-upon rules.	Children discuss stories and concepts in groups and with partners, as well as actively listen and speak clearly as they participate in teacher-supervised call-and-response activities in each lesson.
Present information orally using complete sentences, appropriate volume, and clear pronunciation.	<ul> <li>TEACHER'S EDITION</li> <li>Read Connected Text</li> <li>Connected Text (children answer comprehension questions in complete sentences)—TE pp. 12, 22, 32, 42, 52, 64, 74, 84, 94, 106, 116, 126, 136, 146, 156, 166, 176, 188, 198, 208, 218, 228, 238, 250, 260, 270, 280, 290, 302, 312</li> <li>Decodable Passage (children answer comprehension questions in complete sentences))—TE pp. 16, 26, 36, 46, 56, 68, 78, 88, 98, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 160, 170, 180, 192, 202, 212, 222, 232, 242, 254, 264, 274, 284, 294, 306, 316</li> </ul>
a. Use oral language for different purposes: to inform, to entertain, to persuade, to clarify, and to respond.	Opportunities for students to use oral language for various purposes are provided in activities throughout the program.  STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION  Read Connected Text  Connected Text (read aloud)—"Start a Book Club" (all kinds of books: fairy tales, scary books, books with facts)—p. 218  Related content  STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION  Read Connected Text  Connected Text (read aloud) Poems—pp. 42, 116, 156, 188, 238, 260 Riddles—pp. 52, 166, 250 Stories—pp. 146, 198, 228 Fable—p. 176 Letter—p. 280 Informational text—pp. 32, 64, 74, 84, 94, 106, 126, 136, 208, 218, 270, 312  Decodable Text (read aloud) Poem—p. 97 Riddle—p. 35 Stories—pp. 25, 109, 129, 179, 191, 211, 241, 253, 283, 293 Letter—p. 55 Personal essay/Personal narrative—pp. 67, 159 Informational text—pp. 45, 77, 87, 119, 139, 149, 169, 201, 221, 231, 263, 273, 305, 315

## **Oral Language**

	GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2
	b. Use complex sentence structures when speaking.	Use of complex sentence structures is modeled and may be monitored by the teacher.  See modeling
		STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION  Read Connected Text  Connected Text (read aloud)—pp. 94 (What does a whale think about when it sees people watching it?); 126 (When it is complete, the dam will trap water and make a round pond.); 136 (When you are done eating breakfast, you will be ready to face the new day!); 280 (When I saw you carry a cage down the hall, I thought you had a hawk in it!); 290 (After her bath, Jewel is not longer gray.)  Decodable Text (read aloud)—pp. 221 (With a growl, she scares any animal that dares to come near them.); 231 (Once we arrived, he let us taste berries that grew in the garden.)
	c. Ask and answer questions to seek help, clarify meaning, or get information.	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION  Read Connected Text  Interact with the Text (ask and answer comprehension questions with a partner)—pp. 12, 22, 32, 42, 52, 64, 74, 84, 94, 106, 116, 126, 136, 146, 156, 166, 176, 188, 198, 208, 218, 228, 238, 250, 260, 270, 280, 290, 302, 312
3.	Demonstrate oral literacy skills by participating in a variety of oral language activities.  Examples: creating oral stories, participating in oral dramatic activities, reciting poems and stories	Opportunities for developing and demonstrating oral literacy skills are provided in each lesson, especially with the choral reading of and discussing Read Connected Text selections.  See also related content  STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION  High-Frequency Words  • Extend (create oral sentences to say to a partner/expand by adding descriptive details)—TE pp. 11, 21, 31, 41, 51, 63, 73, 83, 93, 105, 115, 125, 135, 145, 155, 165, 175, 187, 197, 207, 217, 227, 237, 249, 259, 269, 279, 289, 301, 311
<b>SPE.</b> 4.	Orally answer who, what, when, where, why, and how questions about a text or conversation, using complete sentences to provide key ideas and details.	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION  Read Connected Text  Connected Text: Interact with the Text (discuss text-based writing prompt with a partner)—pp. 12, 22, 42, 52, 116, 146, 156, 166, 176, 188, 198, 228, 238, 250, 260, 280, 290, 302  TEACHER'S EDITION  Read Connected Text  Connected Text (children answer comprehension questions in complete sentences, find details in text to support their continued

## **Oral Language**

GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2
	answers)—TE pp. 12, 22, 32, 42, 52, 64, 74, 84, 94, 106, 116, 126, 136, 146, 156, 166, 176, 188, 198, 208, 218, 228, 238, 250, 260, 270, 280, 290, 302, 312  • Decodable Passage (children answer comprehension questions in complete sentences, find details in text to support their answers)—TE pp. 16, 26, 36, 46, 56, 68, 78, 88, 98, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 160, 170, 180, 192, 202, 212, 222, 232, 242, 254, 264, 274, 284, 294, 306, 316
SPEAKING  5. Create recordings of stories or poems.	Children may record each lesson's Decodable Passage as directed and assisted by the teacher, aides, or parents.  See modeling  ONLINE RESOURCES Interactive Instructional Resources  • Decodable Passage (professional narration of Decodable Passage for each lesson)
SPEAKING  6. Use visual aids and technology in oral presentations to present key ideas and details about a text or conversation, and add drawings or other visual displays to stories or recounts of experiences when appropriate to clarify thoughts, feelings, and ideas.	<ul> <li>STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION</li> <li>Dear Family</li> <li>Extend the Learning (draw a picture of a word that uses a featured skill)—pp. 183 &amp; 184</li> <li>TEACHER'S EDITION</li> <li>Teacher Table: English Language Learners</li> <li>Vocabulary (use pictures/pantomime/gestures)—TE pp. 9, 19, 29, 39, 39, 61, 71, 81, 91, 103, 113, 123, 133, 143, 153, 163, 173, 185, 195, 205, 215, 225, 235, 247, 257, 267, 277, 287, 299, 309</li> <li>End-of-Book Resources</li> <li>Word Cards—TE p. 319, 321, 323, 325, 327</li> <li>Letter and Syllable Cards—TE p. 320, 322, 324, 326, 328</li> <li>ONLINE RESOURCES</li> <li>Interactive Instructional Resources (each lesson)</li> <li>Decodable Passage (professional narration of Decodable Passage for each lesson)</li> </ul>
SPEAKING 7. Demonstrate standard English usage when speaking.	
a. Use collective nouns.	See modeling  STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION  Build Fluency  • Speed Drill—p. 51 (clump)  Word Sort  • Sort It Out—pp. 85 (bunch); 219 (pair)  continued

## **Oral Language**

	GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2
		Introduction • Blend It—p. 81 (batch); 215 (pair); 247 (group)
		<ul> <li>Read Connected Text</li> <li>Connected Text—p. 228 (forest); p. 260 (crowds/crowd)</li> <li>Decodable Passage—p. 231 (herd)</li> </ul>
		• Syllable Building—p. 304 (litter)
b.	Form and use frequently-occurring irregular plural nouns.	<ul> <li>STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION</li> <li>Word Study</li> <li>Irregular Plurals—p. 232 (men, feet, mice, teeth, women, geese)</li> <li>More Irregular Plurals—p. 284</li> </ul>
		High-Frequency Words • Read-Spell-Write—p. 288 (people)
		TEACHER'S EDITION Sound-Spelling/Word Study  Word Study: Irregular Plurals—TE p. 237  Word Study: Make Irregular Plurals—TE p. 285
C.	Use reflexive pronouns.	See modeling
		STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION  Read Connected Text  • Decodable Passage—p. 87 (herself)
		High-Frequency Words • Read-Spell-Write/Use in Context—p. 196 (myself)
		"Reading Big Words" Strategy • Step 5—p. 332 (yourself)
d.	Form and use past tense forms of frequently-	See modeling
	occurring irregular verbs.	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION  Build Fluency  • Speed Drill—pp. 51 (felt); 105 (became); 249 (grew)
		Word Building  • Make New Words—p. 54 (held, sent, bent)
		High-Frequency Words • Read-Spell-Write/Use in Context—pp. 62 (saw); 72 (said); 186 (found); 206 (hurt); 216 (read)
		Introduction  • Blend It—pp. 143 (bit); 153 (told, retold); 195 (wore); 247 (grew)
		continued

## **Oral Language**

	GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2
		Word Sort • Sort It Out—p. 157 (told) Word Study • Homophones—p. 180 (rode) Read Connected Text • Connected Text—pp. 208 (went, hurt); 312 (sent)
e.	Use adjectives and adverbs.	Connected Text and Decodable Passage selections feature adjectives and adverbs in context.  See additional modeling*  STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION  High-Frequency Words  Read-Spell-Write (adjectives)—pp. 20 (funny); 174 (clean); 248 (full)  High-Frequency Words  Read-Spell-Write (adverbs)—pp. 134 (even); 196 (now); p. 288 (very)
f.	Produce and expand complete simple and compound sentences when speaking.	TEACHER'S EDITION High-Frequency Words  • Extend (create and expand oral sentences by adding descriptive details/create compound sentences by combining two ideas using and)—TE pp. 11, 21, 31, 41, 51, 63, 73, 83, 93, 105, 115, 125, 135, 145, 155, 165, 175, 187, 197, 207, 217, 227, 237, 249, 259, 269, 279, 289, 301, 311

## Vocabulary

		GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2
15.	voo	lize new academic, content-specific, grade-level cabulary, making connections to previously rned words and relating new words to ckground knowledge.	
	a.	Make connections to a word's structure using knowledge of phonology, morphology, and orthography of the word to aid learning.	<b>STUDENT BOOK Word Study</b> • Word structure lessons—pp. 16, 26, 36, 46, 56, 78, 120, 130, 150, 160, 170, 192, 202, 242, 254, 264, 274, 294, 306, 316
			TEACHER'S EDITION Word Study  • Word structure lessons—TE pp. 17, 47, 57, 79, 121, 131, 151, 161, 171, 193, 203, 243, 255, 265, 275, 295, 307, 317

## Vocabulary

	GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2
16.	Describe word relationships and nuances in word meanings, including relating them to their opposites and distinguishing shades of meaning in similar or related words.	
	a. Use knowledge of antonyms and synonyms.	See Level C/Grade 3  STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION  Word Study  Context Clues: Definitions, Synonyms—p. 119/TE p. T144  Context Clues: Antonyms, General Clues—p. 127/TE p. T154  Context Clues: Antonyms, Synonyms—p. 227/TE p. T282
	<ul> <li>b. Distinguish shades of meaning among verbs and adjectives.</li> <li>Examples:         <ul> <li>Act out, jog, gallop, and sprint to distinguish shades of meaning in words related to run.</li> <li>pretty, beautiful, gorgeous; tiny, small, petite</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	N/A
	c. Use knowledge of homophones to determine use of the correct word.	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION  Word Sort  • Sort It Out (homophones)—pp. 127 (piece/peace); 219 (pair/pear)  Word Study  • Homophones—p. 180  TEACHER'S EDITION  Sound-Spelling/Word Study  • Word Study: Homophones—TE p. 181
	d. With prompting and support, interpret figurative language.	N/A
17.	Analyze meaningful parts of words and phrases in discussions and/or text.	
	a. Identify possessives and plurals and use them as clues to the meaning of text.  Example: girl's dress; boys' game; cats, cat's, cats'; houses, house's shutters	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION Word Study  • Possessives—p. 88  • Irregular Plurals (add -s or -es at end of most words to form regular plurals)—p. 232  • More Irregular Plurals (add -s or -es at end of most words to form regular plurals)—p. 284  continued

## Vocabulary

GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2
	TEACHER'S EDITION Sound-Spelling/Word Study  • Word Study: Possessives—TE p. 89
b. Identify meaningful parts of words (morphemes) and use them as clues to meaning of unknown words, including words, compound words, and frequent occurring affixes and inflections.  Examples: -less, -ful, -est  Note: Adding suffix -est changes an adjecti superlative adjective; adding suffix -ful chapart of speech.	<ul> <li>Inflectional Ending -s—p. 16</li> <li>"Reading Big Words" Strategy (determine meaning of new word by looking for prefix, suffix, and known base word)—p. 26</li> <li>More "Reading Big Words" Strategy (look for prefix, suffix, and known base word when reading a new word)—p. 36</li> <li>Inflectional Ending -ing—p. 46</li> </ul>

• Word Study: Compound Words—TE p. 265

## Vocabulary

	GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2
		<ul> <li>Word Study: Prefixes (un-, re-, dis-, pre-, mis-)—TE p. 275</li> <li>Word Study: More Inflectional Endings with Spelling Changes—TE p. 295</li> <li>Word Study: Related Words—TE p. 307</li> <li>Word Study: More Related Words—TE p. 317</li> </ul>
18.	Use dictionary definitions and information found within the text to help determine meaning of unfamiliar or multi-meaning words.	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION Word Study  • Homographs (use a dictionary)—p. 222  TEACHER'S EDITION Word Study  • Homographs (check a dictionary)—TE p. 222  Sound-Spelling/Word Study
		<ul> <li>Homographs (use a dictionary)—TE p. 223</li> <li>More Irregular Plurals (check spellings in a dictionary)—TE p. 285</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Learning Center</li> <li>Short Vowel Switch (confirm words in a print or online dictionary)—TE p. 10</li> <li>Syllable Concentration (confirm words in a print or online dictionary)—TE pp. 30, 174</li> <li>Spin and Spell (confirm words in a print or online dictionary)—TE p. 62</li> <li>Spelling Patterns (confirm words in a print or online dictionary)—TE pp. 154, 248</li> <li>Syllable Match-up (confirm words in a print or online dictionary)—TE p. 310</li> </ul>
19.	Identify new vocabulary and the use of word meanings in text to establish real-life connections.	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION Introduction  Blend It/Reading in Context (introduce new vocabulary)—pp. 9, 19, 29, 39, 49, 61, 71, 81, 91, 103, 113, 123, 133, 143, 153, 163, 173, 185, 195, 205, 215, 225, 235, 247, 257, 267, 277, 287, 299, 309  TEACHER'S EDITION Read Connected Text  Connected Text (identify any difficult word/sound it out/ use cues to confirm meaning in text/make personal connections)—TE pp. 32, 64, 74, 84, 94, 106, 126, 136, 208, 218, 270, 312  Decodable Passage (identify any difficult word/sound it out/use cues to confirm meaning in text/make personal connections)—TE pp. 45–46, 77–78, 87–88, 119–120, 139–140, 149–150, 169–170, 201–202, 221–222, 231–232, 263–264, 273–274, 305–306, 315–316

### Vocabulary

	GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2
READING  20. Use grade-level academic and domain-specific vocabulary to gain meaning from text.		<ul> <li>STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION</li> <li>Introduction</li> <li>Challenge (academic/domain-specific words for advanced learners)—pp. 9, 39, 49, 61, 81, 91, 103, 123, 143, 153, 163, 185, 195, 205, 215, 247, 257, 267, 277</li> </ul>
WRITING  21. Use grade-level academic and domain-specific vocabulary in writing.		<b>STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION Read Connected Text</b> • Interact with the Text (write about the text)—pp. 12, 22, 32, 42, 52, 64, 74, 84, 94, 106, 116, 126, 136, 146, 156, 166, 176, 188, 198, 208, 218, 228, 238, 250, 260, 270, 280, 290, 302, 312
		<ul> <li>Writing Extension</li> <li>Write About It (children reread the Decodable Passage then write about what they learned)—pp. 17, 27, 37, 47, 57, 69, 79, 89, 99, 111, 121, 131, 141, 151, 161, 171, 181, 193, 203, 213, 223, 233, 243, 255, 265, 275, 285, 295, 307, 317</li> </ul>
		TEACHER'S EDITION Independent/Partner Work  • Reread Connected Text and Write—TE pp. 12, 22, 32, 42, 52, 64, 74, 84, 94, 106, 116, 126, 136, 146, 156, 166, 176, 188, 198, 208, 218, 228, 238, 250, 260, 270, 280, 290, 302

## Comprehension

#### **GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS**

#### FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2

22. Use content knowledge built during read-alouds and independent reading of informational and literary texts by participating in content-specific discussions with peers and/or through writing.

#### STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION

#### **Read Connected Text**

- Connected Text: Interact with the Text (write about the text)—pp. 12, 22, 32, 42, 52, 64, 74, 84, 94, 106, 116, 126, 136, 146, 156, 166, 176, 188, 198, 208, 218, 228, 238, 250, 260, 270, 280, 290, 302, 312
- Decodable Passage—pp. 15, 25, 35, 45, 55, 67, 77, 87, 97, 109, 119, 129, 139, 149, 159, 169, 179, 191, 201, 211, 221, 231, 241, 253, 263, 273, 283, 293, 305, 315

#### **TEACHER'S EDITION**

#### **Read Connected Text**

• Connected Text (chorally read then discuss content with partners)—TE pp. 12, 22, 32, 42, 52, 64, 74, 84, 94, 106, 116, 126, 136, 146, 156, 166, 176, 188, 198, 208, 218, 228, 238, 250, 260, 270, 280, 290, 302, 312

## Comprehension

GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2
	• Decodable Passage (read independently then chorally/discuss content with partners)—TE pp. 15–16, 25–26, 35–36, 45–46, 55–56, 67–68, 77–78, 87–88, 97–98, 109–110, 119–120, 129–130, 139–140, 149–150, 159–160, 169–170, 179–180, 191–192, 201–202, 211–212, 221–222, 231–232, 241–242, 253–254, 263–264, 273–274, 283–284, 293–294, 305–306, 315–316
23. Identify the main story elements in a literary text.	
a. Explain the plot of a narrative, using textual evidence to list the major events in sequence.	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION Read Connected Text  Connected Text (stories)—pp. 146, 198, 228  Decodable Passage (stories)—pp. 25, 109, 129, 159, 179, 191, 211, 241, 253, 283, 293  TEACHER'S EDITION Read Connected Text  Connected Text (discuss main story elements)—TE pp. 146, 198, 228  Decodable Passage (discuss main story elements)—TE pp. 26, 110, 130, 160, 180, 192, 212, 242, 254, 284, 294
b. Describe the characters' traits, feelings, and behaviors in a story.	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION  Read Connected Text  Connected Text: Stories—"A Ride into the Wild," p. 146; "A Laughing Game," p. 198; "Mark and the Tigers," p. 228  Decodable Passage: Stories—pp. 25, 109, 129, 159, 179, 191, 211, 241, 253, 283, 293  Writing Extension  Write About It (describe characters and events in stories)—pp. 27, 111, 131, 161, 181, 193, 213, 243, 255, 285, 295  TEACHER'S EDITION  Read Connected Text  Decodable Passage (describe and analyze characters, action, and ideas in the story)—TE pp. 26, 110, 130, 160, 180, 192, 212, 242, 254, 284, 294  Writing Extension  Write About It (describe the characters and action in the story)—TE pp. 27, 111, 131, 161, 181, 193, 213, 243, 255, 285, 295
c. Describe the setting of a narrative, using textual evidence.	TEACHER'S EDITION Read Connected Text • Connected Text: Stories (discuss setting)—TE pp. 146, 290

## Comprehension

		GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2
	d.	Identify the central message or moral of a story.	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION  Read Connected Text  • Connected Text—Fable: "Lion and Mouse" (moral of the story)—p. 176  TEACHER'S EDITION Independent/Partner Work  • Reread Connected Text and Write (write a new moral or lesson for the story)—TE p. 176
	e.	Identify the theme in myths, fables, and folktales.	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION  Read Connected Text  • Connected Text—Fable: "Lion and Mouse" (moral of the story)—p. 176
24.		ntify the main idea and supporting details of rary and informational texts.	
	a.	Explain how the supporting details contribute to the main idea.	TEACHER'S EDITION  Read Connected Text  • Connected Text (find details to support answers to comprehension questions)—TE pp. pp. 12, 22, 32, 42, 52, 64, 74, 84, 94, 106, 116, 126, 136, 146, 156, 166, 176, 188, 198, 208, 218, 228, 238, 250, 260, 270, 280, 290, 302, 312  • Decodable Passage (find details to support answers to comprehension questions)—TE pp. 16, 26, 36, 46, 56, 68, 78, 88, 98, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 160, 170, 180, 192, 202, 212, 222, 232, 242, 254, 264, 274, 284, 294, 306, 316
	b.	Recount or summarize key ideas from the text.	TEACHER'S EDITION  Read Connected Text  Connected Text (recount/discuss key ideas and events in text to a partner)—TE pp. 12, 22, 32, 42, 52, 64, 74, 84, 94, 106, 116, 126, 136, 146, 156, 166, 176, 188, 198, 208, 218, 228, 238, 250, 260, 270, 280, 290, 302, 312  Decodable Passage (recount/discuss key ideas and events in text to a partner)—TE pp. 16, 26, 36, 46, 56, 68, 78, 88, 98, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 160, 170, 180, 192, 202, 212, 222, 232, 242, 254, 264, 274, 284, 294, 306, 316

## Comprehension

	GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2
25.	Identify and use various text features to locate ideas, facts, or supporting details in both written and digital formats.  a. Identify and locate captions, bold print, subheadings, indexes, graphs, maps, glossaries, and illustrations.  b. Explain how specific features can clarify a text or enhance comprehension.	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION  Read Connected Text  Connected Text (title/bullet points/numbered list)—pp. 32, 84, 136, 218  Decodable Passage (title/numbered list)—pp. 149, 263
26.	<ul> <li>Compare and contrast important details presented by two texts on the same topic or theme.</li> <li>a. Compare and contrast different versions of the same story by different authors, from different cultures, or from different points of view.  Examples: The Three Little Pigs and The True Story of the Three Little Pigs; Cinderella and The Rough-Face Girl</li> <li>b. Compare and contrast story elements of literary texts.  Examples: characters, settings, sequence of events, plots</li> </ul>	N/A
27.	Identify the text structures within literary and informational texts, including cause and effect, problem and solution, and sequence of events.	N/A
28.	Establish a purpose before reading literary and informational texts to enhance comprehension.  Examples: for pleasure, to identify main idea, to gather information or facts on a topic	N/A
READING  29. With prompting and support, identify and interpret various cohesive devices that help link words and sentences to one another within the text as a scaffold to help build comprehension at the sentence and paragraph level.  Examples: pronoun references, word substitution using synonyms, conjunctions		See modeling  STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION  Word Building  • Make New Words—p. 14 (but)  High-Frequency Words  • Read-Spell-Write/Use in Context—pp. 154 (because); 226 (so); 236 (but)  Build Fluency  • Speed Drill—p. 155 (so)  continued

## Comprehension

GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2
	Read Connected Text  Connected Text—pp. 198 (so); 238 (but); 290 (so); 302 (but)  Decodable Passage—p. 241 (but, and)  Introduction  Blend It—p. 205 (therefore)
READING  30. Read and comprehend literary and informational texts.  a. State and confirm predictions about a text.  b. Use background knowledge to make connections to new text.  c. Draw conclusions based on the text.	**STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION** Read Connected Text  • Connected Text (literary and informational texts)—pp. 12, 22, 32, 42, 52, 64, 74, 84, 94, 106, 116, 126, 136, 146, 156, 166, 176, 188, 198, 208, 218, 228, 238, 250, 260, 270, 280, 290, 302, 312  • Decodable Passage (literary and informational texts)—pp. 15, 25, 35, 45, 55, 67, 77, 87, 97, 109, 119, 129, 139, 149, 159, 169, 179, 191, 201, 211, 221, 231, 241, 253, 263, 273, 283, 293, 305, 315  **TEACHER'S EDITION** Read Connected Text  • Connected Text (discuss comprehension questions/personal connections to the text/draw conclusions)—TE pp. pp. 12, 22, 32, 42, 52, 64, 74, 84, 94, 106, 116, 126, 136, 146, 156, 166, 176, 188, 198, 208, 218, 228, 238, 250, 260, 270, 280, 290, 302, 312  • Decodable Passage (discuss comprehension questions/personal connections to the text/draw conclusions)—TE pp. 16, 26, 36, 46, 56, 68, 78, 88, 98, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 160, 170, 180, 192, 202, 212, 222, 232, 242, 254, 264, 274, 284, 294, 306, 316
READING	Related content
31. Use information from a text to determine the author's purpose in different forms of informational and literary texts.	TEACHER'S EDITION Read Connected Text  • Connected Text (discuss comprehension questions)—TE pp. pp. 12, 22, 32, 42, 52, 64, 74, 84, 94, 106, 116, 126, 136, 146, 156, 166, 176, 188, 198, 208, 218, 228, 238, 250, 260, 270, 280, 290, 302, 312  • Decodable Passage (discuss comprehension questions)—TE pp. 16, 26, 36, 46, 56, 68, 78, 88, 98, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 160, 170, 180, 192, 202, 212, 222, 232, 242, 254, 264, 274, 284, 294, 306, 316
READING 32. Identify rhyme schemes in poems or songs.	Related content  STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION  Read Connected Text  Connected Text: Poems—"Off on a Trip," p. 42; "Would You Like?" p. 116; "Scarecrow Joe," p. 156; "Star Party," p. 188; "A Silly Poem," p. 238; "Around We Go," p. 260  Decodable Passage: Poem—"A Year of Seasons," p. 97  continued

CDADE 2 CONTENT STANDADDS

GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2
	TEACHER'S EDITION Read Connected Text  • Connected Text: Poems—TE pp. 42, 116, 156, 188, 238, 260  • Decodable Passage: Poem—"A Year of Seasons," p. 98
READING  33. Read and identify types of poems, including free verse, rhymed verse, haiku, and limerick.	Related content  STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION  Read Connected Text  Connected Text: Poems—"Off on a Trip," p. 42; "Would You Like?" p. 116; "Scarecrow Joe," p. 156; "Star Party," p. 188; "A Silly Poem," p. 238; "Around We Go," p. 260  Decodable Passage: Poem—"A Year of Seasons," p. 97  TEACHER'S EDITION  Read Connected Text  Connected Text: Poems (use of words/rhymes)—TE pp. 42, 116, 156, 188, 238, 260  Decodable Passage: Poem (use of words/rhymes)—TE pp. "A Year of Seasons"—p. 98
READING	Related content

#### 74 0.0

- 34. Differentiate between fact and opinion in a text.
  - a. Use prior knowledge and information gathered from research to evaluate opinions in texts.
  - b. Use textual evidence and gathered research from reliable sources to prove facts.

#### STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION

#### **Read Connected Text**

 Connected Text (text dealing with opinions)—"A Few More Riddles!" p. 166; "Start a Book Club," p. 218; "More Riddles," p. 250

#### **TEACHER'S EDITION**

#### **Read Connected Text**

- Connected Text (discuss opinions/tell why or why not)—TE pp. 22, 32, 42, 74, 166, 228, 238, 290, 302
- Decodable Passage (discuss opinion/tell why or why not)— TE pp. 16, 26, 56, 78, 110, 120, 130, 160, 170, 180, 294, 316

#### **LISTENING**

TE = Teacher's Edition

35. Demonstrate listening skills and build background knowledge by asking and answering questions about texts read aloud.

#### **TEACHER'S EDITION**

#### **Read Connected Text**

- Connected Text (children chorally read the text aloud then discuss questions and answers)—TE pp. 12, 22, 32, 42, 52, 64, 74, 84, 94, 106, 116, 126, 136, 146, 156, 166, 176, 188, 198, 208, 218, 228, 238, 250, 260, 270, 280, 290, 302, 312
- Decodable Passage (children chorally read the text aloud then discuss questions and answers)—TE pp. 15–16, 25–26, 35–36, 45–46, 55–56, 67–68, 77–78, 87–88, 97–98, 109–110, 119–120, 129–130, 139–140, 149–150, 159–160, 169–170, 179–180, 191–192, 201–202, 211–212, 221–222, 231–232, 241–242, 253–254, 263–264, 273–274, 283–284, 293–294, 305–306, 315–316

## Comprehension

GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2

#### WRITING

36. Manipulate words and/or phrases to create simple and compound sentences, including coordinating conjunctions for, and, nor, but, or, yet, and so, to help build syntactic awareness and comprehension at the sentence level.

#### **TEACHER'S EDITION**

#### **High-Frequency Words**

• Extend (create compound sentences by adding descriptive details and combining two ideas/phrases using *and*)—TE pp. 11, 21, 31, 41, 51, 63, 73, 83, 93, 105, 115, 125, 135, 145, 155, 165, 175, 187, 197, 207, 217, 227, 237, 249, 259, 269, 279, 289, 301, 311

### Writing

		GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2
37.	Wri	te legibly.	
	a.	Write words and sentences fluently using correctly-formed manuscript letters with appropriate size and spacing.	Children practice forming manuscript letters and developing handwriting skills as they write words and sentences in exercises throughout the program.  See Level A/Grade 1  ONLINE RESOURCES Letter Formation  • Letter Formation Instruction  • Pencil Grip—p. 1  • Posture—p. 2  • Spacing—p. 3  • Strokes—p. 3  • General Tips—p. 4  • Letter Formation Guide—pp. 5-8  • Level A (Grade One) Handwriting Scope and Sequence—pp. 12-14  Letter Formation Chart Letter Formation Practice Letter Formation Assessment
	b.	Demonstrate cursive writing strokes, including undercurve, overcurve, downcurve, and slant.	N/A
	C.	Form uppercase and lowercase letters in cursive.	N/A

	GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2
38.	Apply knowledge of grade-appropriate phoneme- grapheme correspondences, multisyllabic word construction, syllable division principles, and spelling rules (or generalizations) to encode words accurately.	
	<ul> <li>Encode grade-appropriate multisyllabic words using knowledge of syllable types, including open, closed, vowel-consonant-e, vowel teams, vowel-r, and consonant-le.t</li> </ul>	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION Lessons Unit 1 Review Short Vowels and Consonant Blends; Transition to Longer Words • Lesson 2 Closed Syllables—pp. 19-28 • Lesson 3 Consonant + le Syllables—pp. 29-38
		Unit 2 Review Final e and Consonant Digraphs; Transition to Longer Words Words  • Lesson 7 Final e Syllables—pp. 71-80
		Unit 3 Review Long Vowels; Transition to Longer Words  Lesson 11 Open Syllables—pp. 113-122  Lesson 13 Vowel Team Syllables—pp. 133-142  Lesson 17 Consonant + le Syllables—pp. 173-182
		Unit 4 Review r-Controlled Vowels; Transition to Longer Words  • Lesson 22 r-Controlled Vowel Syllables—pp. 225–234
		Unit 5 Review Complex Vowels and Diphthongs; Transition to Longer Words  • Lesson 28 Vowel Team Syllables—pp. 287-296
		<ul> <li>Unit 6 Syllable Types Review</li> <li>Lesson 29 Review Syllable Types—pp. 299-308</li> <li>Lesson 30 Final Stable Syllables—pp. 309-318</li> </ul>
		Lesson Activities
		Word Building • Syllable Building (build words from syllable cards)—pp. 24, 34, 76, 118, 138, 178, 230, 240, 292, 304, 314
		ONLINE RESOURCES  Professional Development  Professional Development Planning Guide Video Viewing Guide Multisyllabic Words—pp. 51–54 Instructional Support by Wiley Blevins Video: Multisyllabic Words

GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2
b. Apply knowledge of multisyllabic word construction and syllable division principles to encode grade-appropriate words correctly.  Examples: VC/CV, V/CV, VC/V, CV/VC; rab-bit, o-pen, cab-in, di-et	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION  Word Building  Syllable Building (build multisyllabic words from syllable cards)—pp. 24, 34, 76, 118, 138, 178, 230, 240, 292, 304, 314  ONLINE RESOURCES  Professional Development  Professional Development Planning Guide Video Viewing Guide Multisyllabic Words—pp. 51–54  Instructional Support by Wiley Blevins Video: Multisyllabic Words
c. Encode words with final /v/ and /j/ sounds using knowledge that no English word ends with a v or j.  Examples: have, give, save; cage, rage, budge, lodge	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION High-Frequency Words • Read-Spell-Write/Use in Context—p. 10 (have); 30 (live); 50 (give)  Introduction • Blend It—pp. 61 (have, live, stove); 195 (birdcage) Word Study • Soft c and Soft g—p. 68 (stage, large, huge)  Build Fluency • Speed Drill—pp. 63 (hive, five, dive, huge, cave, brave); 73 (alive)  Read Connected Text • Connected Text • Connected Text—pp. 77 (cages, refuge); 126 (lodge); 280 (cage)  TEACHER'S EDITION High-Frequency Words • Review—TE p. 17 (have)  Sound-Spelling/Word Study • Word Study: Soft c and Soft g—TE p. 69 (cage, wage) Independent/Partner Work • Reread Connected Text and Write—TE p. 126 (lodge)
d. Encode one- and two-syllable words with long and short vowel patterns.	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION Lessons Unit 1 Review Short Vowels and Consonant Blends; Transition to Longer Words • Lesson 1 Short Vowels—pp. 9–18 Unit 3 Review Long Vowels; Transition to Longer Words • Lesson 10 Long a—pp. 103–112 • Lesson 12 Long a—pp. 123–132

• Lesson 12 Long e—pp. 123-132

	GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2
		<ul> <li>Lesson 13 Vowel Team Syllables—pp. 133-142</li> <li>Lesson 14 Long i—pp. 143-152</li> <li>Lesson 15 Long o—pp. 153-162</li> <li>Lesson 16 Long u—pp. 163-172</li> </ul>
		Unit 5 Review Complex Vowels and Diphthongs; Transition to Longer Words  • Lesson 24 Short oo and Long oo—pp. 247-256  • Lesson 27 Complex Vowel /ô/—pp. 277-286  • Lesson 28 Vowel Team Syllables—pp. 287-296
		Lesson Activities
		Introduction • Learn and Blend/Blend It (short or long vowels/decode regularly spelled one- and two-syllable words)—pp. 9, 103, 113, 123, 133, 143, 153, 163, 247
		<ul> <li>Build Fluency</li> <li>Speed Drill (regularly spelled one- and two-syllable words with long vowel spelling patterns)—pp. 11, 105, 115, 125, 135, 145, 155, 165, 249</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Read Connected Text</li> <li>Connected Text/Interact with the Text (one- and two-syllable words with long vowel spellings)—pp. 12, 106, 116, 126, 136, 146, 156, 166, 250</li> </ul>
e.	Encode words with two- and three-consonant blends, including those containing digraphs.  Examples: st, sm, sn, sl, cl, dr, br, bl, str, scr, thr, squ, spl, spr	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION Word Study  Three-Letter Blends (scr, spl, squ, spr, str, thr)—p. 98  TEACHER'S EDITION Sound-Spelling/Word Study  Word Study: Three-Letter Blends—TE p. 99
f.	Encode words with consonant digraphs, trigraphs, and combinations.  Examples: ph, gh, ch, sh, wh, th, ng, tch, dge, qu	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION Unit 2 Review Final e and Consonant Digraphs; Transition to Longer Words Words  • Lesson 8 Consonant Digraphs (sh, ch, tch, th)—pp. 81–90  • Lesson 9 Consonant Digraphs (wh, ph, ng, nk/three-letter blends)—pp. 91–100

## Writing

	GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2
g.	Encode words with the common vowel teams, including diphthongs.  Examples: ai, ay, ea, ee, ei, igh, oa, ow, ou, ue, ew, eigh	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION Unit 3 Review Long Vowels; Transition to Longer Words Lesson 10 Long a (ai, ay, ea, eigh)—pp. 103–112 Lesson 12 Long e (ee, ea, ey, ie, ei)—pp. 123–132 Lesson 13 Vowel Team Syllables (ai, ay, ea, ee, oa, ow, oo, oi, oy, ou, ie, ei)—pp. 133–142 Lesson 14 Long i (igh, ie)—pp. 143–152 Lesson 15 Long o (oa, ow, oe)—pp. 153–162 Lesson 16 Long u (ew, ue, iew)—pp. 163–172
		Unit 5 Review Complex Vowels and Diphthongs; Transition to Longer Words  • Lesson 24 Short oo and Long oo (oo, ou, ough, ew, ue, ui)— pp. 247-256  • Lesson 25 Dipthong /ou/ (ou, ow)—pp. 257-266  • Lesson 26 Dipthong /oi/ (oi, oy)—pp. 267-276  • Lesson 27 Complex Vowel /ô/ (au, aw)—pp. 277-286  • Lesson 28 Vowel Team Syllables (ai, ay, ea, ee, oa, ow, oo, oi, oy, ou, ie, ei)—pp. 287-296
h.	Encode words with vowel-r combinations.  Examples: ar, or, ir, er, ur, air, ear, oar	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION Unit 4 Review r-Controlled Vowels; Transition to Longer Words  • Lesson 18 r-Controlled Vowel /år/ (ar)—pp. 185–194  • Lesson 19 r-Controlled Vowel /ûr/ (er, ir, ur)—pp. 195–204  • Lesson 20 r-Controlled Vowel /ôr/ (or, ore, oar)—pp. 205–214  • Lesson 21 r-Controlled Vowel /âr/ (are, air, ear)—pp. 215–224  • Lesson 22 r-Controlled Vowel Syllables (ar, er, or, ur)—pp. 225–234
i.	Encode words that follow the -ild, -ost, -old, -olt, and -ind patterns.  Examples: wild, cold, most, colt, mind	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION Introduction  • Blend It—p. 143 (wild, find, kind)  Build Fluency  • Speed Drill—pp. 145 (find, wild); 155 (cold, bolt, post, colt, jolt, hold)  Word Sort  • Sort It Out—p. 157 (old, cold, told)  Word Study  • Prefixes (un-, re-, dis-)—p. 170 (kind)  High-Frequency Words  • Read-Spell-Write/Use in Context—pp. 206 (hold); 236 (most); 248 (most)  Read Connected Text  • Decodable Passage—pp. 169 (fold); 283 (most)
		continued

## Writing

	GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2
		TEACHER'S EDITION Introduce Sound-Spelling • Learn and Blend—TE p. 143 (mild)
		Sound-Spelling/Word Study  Word Study: Suffixes (-y, -ly)—TE p. 151 (kind)
		Teacher Table: Intervention • Guided Spelling/Dictation—TE p. 158 (cold)
		Sound-Spelling/Word Study  • Word Study: Suffixes—TE p. 203 (mind)
		High-Frequency Words • Review—TE pp. 207 (hold); 249 (most)
		Word Cards • Cold, Old—TE p. 323
j.	Encode words with $a$ after $w$ read $/\ddot{a}/$ and $a$ before $l$ read $/\ddot{a}/$ .	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION High-Frequency Words • Read-Spell-Write—pp. 258 (water); 288 (warm, wash)
	Examples: wash, water, wasp; tall, all, talk, small, fall	Word Building  • Make New Words—p. 282 (all, tall, stall, call, ball, wall)
		<ul> <li>Word Study</li> <li>Related Words—p. 306 (wash, washed, washer, washes, washing)</li> </ul>
		TEACHER'S EDITION High-Frequency Words • Review—TE pp. 261 (water); 291 (warm, wash)
k.	Encode words with <i>or</i> after <i>w</i> read /er/. <i>Examples: world, word, worm, worst, work</i>	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION Build Fluency • Speed Drill—p. 206 (worn)
		High-Frequency Words • Read-Spell-Write/Use in Context—p. 248 (words); 310 (work)
		TEACHER'S EDITION High-Frequency Words  • Review—TE p. 317 (work)
I.	Encode words with hard and soft c and g.  Examples: carry, cent; game, giraffe	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION Word Study • Soft c and Soft $g$ —p. 68
		TEACHER'S EDITION Sound-Spelling/Word Study  • Word Study: Soft c and Soft g—TE p. 69
		continued

	GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2
		See also Level C/Grade 3  STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION  Word Study  Hard and Soft c and g—SB p. 85/TE p. T100
m.	Encode words with vowel $y$ in the final position of one and two syllable words, distinguishing the difference between the long $\overline{ \tau }$ sound in one-syllable words and the long $\overline{ \epsilon }$ sound in two-syllable words, and words with vowel $y$ in medial position, producing the short $\overline{ \tau }$ sound for these words  Examples: fly, my; baby, happy; myth, gym	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION Introduction  Learn and Blend/Blend It—pp. 113 (lazy, baby, lady, pony); 1 (key, funny, happy, easy); 143 (my, try, sky, why, fly)  Word Sort  Sort It Out—p. 117 (baby, cozy, pony); 147 (cry, fry, why)  Word Building  Syllable Building—pp. 118 (baby, cozy, hazy, lazy, tidy); 148 (my, try, fry, dry)  Word Study  Soft c and Soft g—p. 68 (gym)  Inflectional Endings (change y to i)—p. 130 (story, try, baby puppy, penny, study, empty, carry)  Suffixes (-y, -ly)—p. 150  TEACHER'S EDITION  Sound-Spelling/Word Study  Word Study: Inflectional Endings (change y to i)—TE p. 131  Word Study: Inflectional Endings (change y to i)—TE p. 131
n.	Encode words with prefixes and suffixes, including words with dropped e and y-to-i changes for suffix addition.  Examples: pro-, trans-, non-, mid-, -ful, -less, -ness, -ed, ing, -es, -er, -est, -en, -y, -ly	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION  Word Study  Inflectional Ending -s—p. 16  "Reading Big Words" Strategy (determine meaning of new word by looking for prefix, suffix, and known base word)—p. 26  More "Peading Big Words" Strategy (look for prefix suffix

- More "Reading Big Words" Strategy (look for prefix, suffix, and known base word when reading a new word)—p. 36
- Inflectional Ending -ing-p. 46
- Inflectional Ending -ed—p. 56
- Inflectional Endings (drop e)-p. 78
- Inflectional Endings (double final consonant)—p. 120
- Inflectional Endings (change y to i)—p. 130
- Suffixes (-y, -ly)—p. 150
- Prefixes (un-, re-, dis-)—p. 170
- Comparative Suffixes (-er, -est)—p. 192
- **Suffixes (-ful, -less)**—p. 202
- Suffixes (-ful, -less, -y, -ly)—p. 254

continued

### Writing

GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2
	<ul> <li>Prefixes (un-, re-, dis-, pre-, mis-)—p. 274</li> <li>More Inflectional Endings with Spelling Changes—p. 294</li> <li>Related Words (same base word)—p. 306</li> <li>More Related Words (add prefix or suffix to base word to make related words)—p. 316</li> </ul>
	TEACHER'S EDITION Sound-Spelling/Word Study  Word Study: Inflectional Ending -s—TE p. 17  Word Study: Inflectional Ending -ing—TE p. 47  Word Study: Inflectional Ending -ed—TE p. 57  Word Study: Inflectional Endings (drop e)—TE p. 79  Word Study: Inflectional Endings (double final consonant)— TE p. 121  Word Study: Inflectional Endings (change y to i)—TE p. 131  Word Study: Suffixes (-y, -ly)—TE p. 151  Word Study: Comparative Suffixes (-er, -est)—TE p. 193  Word Study: Suffixes (-ful, -less)—TE p. 203  Word Study: Inflectional Endings with Spelling Changes—TE p. 243  Word Study: Suffixes (-ful, -less, -y, -ly)—TE p. 255  Word Study: More Inflectional Endings with Spelling Changes—TE p. 295  Word Study: Related Words—TE p. 307  Word Study: More Related Words—TE p. 317
	Teacher Table: Intervention  Word Study: Inflectional Ending -s—TE p. 32  Word Study: Inflectional Ending -ed—TE p. 132  Word Study: Inflectional Ending -ing and -ed—TE p. 189  Word Study: Inflectional Ending (Review)—TE p. 376  Word Study: Transition to Longer Words—TE pp. 292, 306, 362, 390, 406, 420, 434
o. Encode grade-appropriate high frequency words that are spelled using predictable, decodable phoneme-grapheme correspondences, including those that contain	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION High-Frequency Words • Read-Spell-Write—pp. 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 62, 72, 82, 92, 104, 114, 124, 134, 144, 154, 164, 174, 186, 196, 206, 216, 226, 236, 248, 258, 268, 278, 288, 300, 310

# TEACHER'S EDITION High-Frequency Words

• Review—TE pp. 11, 13, 21, 23, 31, 33, 41, 43, 51, 53, 63, 65, 73, 75, 83, 85, 93, 95, 105, 107, 115, 117, 125, 127, 135, 137, 145, 147, 155, 157, 165, 168, 175, 177, 187, 189, 197, 199, 207, 209, 217, 219, 227, 229, 237, 239, 249, 251, 259, 261, 269, 271, 279, 281, 289, 291, 301, 303, 311, 313

only one irregularity.

schwa); from- (o is schwa);

Examples: decodable - number, way, my, than, word

decodable except for one irregularity - other (o is

what- (a is schwa or short o depending on dialect)

	GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2
	p. Encode contractions with am, is, has, not, have, would, and will, using apostrophes appropriately.  Examples: I'm, he's, she's, isn't, don't, I've, he'd, they'll	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION Word Study • Contractions—p. 110  TEACHER'S EDITION Sound-Spelling/Word Study • Word Study: Contractions—TE p. 111  High-Frequency Words • Read-Spell-Write: Spell (contractions)—TE p. 114
	q. Encode frequently confused homophones accurately, using knowledge of English orthography and meaning to facilitate learning.  Examples: their/they're/there; eight/ate; cent/scensent	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION Word Study • Homophones—p. 180  TEACHER'S EDITION Sound-Spelling/Word Study • Word Study: Homophones—TE p. 181
39.	Organize a list of words into alphabetical order according to first, second, and third letters.	See Level K/Kindergarten related content  STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION Alphabet  Letter Sequence—p. 10 Lowercase Letters (letter sequence)—p. 22
WRITING  40. Write a personal or fictional narrative using a logical sequence of events, including details to describe actions, thoughts, and feelings and providing a sense of closure.		STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION
WRITING  41. Write informative or explanatory texts, introducing the topic, providing facts and relevant details to develop points, and providing a conclusion.		STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION  Read Connected Text  Interact with the Text: Write about the text—pp. 32, 64, 74, 84, 94, 106, 126, 136, 149, 169, 208, 218, 263, 270, 312  Writing Extension  Write About It (children reread the Decodable Passage then write about what they learned)—pp. 17, 27, 37, 47, 57, 69, 79, 89, 99, 111, 121, 131, 141, 151, 161, 171, 181, 193, 203, 213, 223, 233, 243, 255, 265, 275, 285, 295, 307, 317  continued

GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2
	TEACHER'S EDITION Independent/Partner Work • Reread Connected Text and Write (children write about the Decodable Passage or add a new paragraph/new ideas)—TE pp. 32, 64, 74, 84, 94, 106, 126, 136, 208, 218, 270
WRITING  42. Write an opinion piece about a topic or text with details to support the opinion, using transitional words and providing a sense of closure.	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION  Read Connected Text  Interact with the Text (write about the text)—"A Few More Riddles!" (express an opinion: choose a riddle then write why it is the best), p. 166; "Start a Book Club" (express an opinion: choose a favorite kind of book then write why), p. 218; "More Riddles" (express an opinion: choose a riddle then write why they like it best), p. 250  TEACHER'S EDITION  Read Connected Text  Connected Text (opinion: tell why or why not)—TE pp. 22, 32, 42, 74, 166, 228, 238, 290, 302  Decodable Passage (opinion: tell why or why not)—TE pp. 16, 26, 56, 78, 110, 120, 130, 160, 170, 180, 294, 316  Independent/Partner Work  Reread Connected Text and Write (opinions)—TE pp. 32 (choose a tip then write why they think it is the best); 312 (why or why not vacation in space?)
WRITING  43. Write complete sentences demonstrating knowledge of punctuation conventions.	
a. Utilize commas with words in a series in a sentence.	See modeling  STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION  Read Connected Text  Connected Text: "Pine Cones" (Other seeds move with the help of mice, chipmunks, and birds.)—p. 64  Connected Text: "Whale Watching" (There is one by the ship, and another, and another!)—p. 94  Connected Text: "Squawk and Talk" (It's cool that you study macaws, geese, and other birds.)—p. 280
b. Use apostrophes to form contractions and possessives.  Examples: contractions with am, is, has, not (I'm, she's, don't)	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION Word Study  • Possessives (use an apostrophe)—p. 88  • Contractions (use an apostrophe)—p. 110  continued

## Writing

GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2
	TEACHER'S EDITION Sound-Spelling/Word Study  • Word Study: Possessives—TE p. 89  High-Frequency Words  • Read-Spell-Write: Spell (contractions)—TE p. 114
c. Use punctuation to set off interjections.	See modeling  STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION  Read Connected Text  Decodable Passage: "The Big Log" (Yuck!)—p. 15  Decodable Passage: "A Nutty Picnic" (Well,)—p. 25  Decodable Passage: "A Year of Seasons" (phew,)—p. 97  Connected Text: "Busy as a Beaver" (Crash!)—p. 126  Decodable Passage: "Nate, Don't Be Late!" (Oh, no!)—p. 109  Connected Text: "Lion and Mouse" (Oh,)—p. 176  Decodable Passage: "Escape from Danger" (Oh, no!)—p. 201  Connected Text: "The Dog Wash" (Wow!)—p. 290
d. Expand sentences using frequently-occurring conjunctions.  Examples: because, so, but	TEACHER'S EDITION High-Frequency Words • Extend (expand sentence by combining two ideas using and)—TE pp. 11, 21, 31, 41, 51, 63, 73, 83, 93, 105, 115, 125, 135, 145, 155, 165, 175, 187, 197, 207, 217, 227, 237, 249, 259, 269, 279, 289, 301, 311  See also related content  STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION Word Building
	<ul> <li>Make New Words—p. 14 (but)</li> <li>High-Frequency Words</li> <li>Read-Spell-Write/Use in Context—pp. 154 (because); 226 (so); 236 (but)</li> <li>Build Fluency</li> <li>Speed Drill—p. 155 (so)</li> <li>Read Connected Text</li> <li>Connected Text—pp. 198, 290 (so); 238, 302 (but)</li> <li>Decodable Passage—p. 241 (but)</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>WRITING</li> <li>44. With prompting and support, compose and develop a well-organized paragraph with a topic sentence, details to support, and a concluding sentence.</li> </ul>	Related content  STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION  Writing Extension  Write About It (reread the Decodable Passage then produce complete sentences about what was learned)—pp. 15, 25, 35, 45, 55, 67, 77, 87, 97, 109, 119, 129, 139, 149, 159, 169, 179, 191, 201, 211, 221, 231, 241, 253, 263, 273, 283, 293, 305, 315

## Writing

GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2
<ul><li>WRITING</li><li>45. Demonstrate understanding of standard English language conventions when writing.</li></ul>	
a. Identify the role of a noun, verb, adjective, adverb within a sentence and explain the ty of the information it conveys.	
b. Form regular nouns and verbs by adding -s -es.	SOT  STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION  Word Study  Inflectional Ending -s (verbs)—p. 16  TEACHER'S EDITION  Sound-Spelling/Word Study  Word Study: Inflectional Ending -s (verbs)—TE p. 17  See also Level K/Kindergarten content  TEACHER'S EDITION  Word Study  Plural Nouns with -s—TE pp. 83, 243, 283  Plural Nouns with -es—TE p. 255  Teacher Table: Intervention  Word Study: Plural Nouns with -s—TE pp. 181, 243, 283  Word Study: Plural Nouns with -es—TE p. 255
c. Form and use simple present and past verb tenses.	Related content  TEACHER'S EDITION  Read Connected Text  Connected Text (discuss verbs)—TE pp. 32, 64, 74, 84, 94, 106, 126, 136, 208, 218, 270, 312  Decodable Text (discuss verbs)—TE pp. 16, 26, 36, 46, 56, 68, 78, 88, 98, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 160, 170, 180, 192, 202, 212, 222, 232, 242, 254, 264, 274, 284, 294, 306, 316

## Writing

	GRADE 2 CONTENT STANDARDS	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL B / GRADE 2
d. Form	plurals by changing -y to -ies.	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION Word Study  Inflectional Endings (change y to i)—p. 130 (story/stories, puppy/puppies, penny/pennies)  TEACHER'S EDITION Sound-Spelling/Word Study  Word Study: Inflectional Endings (change y to i)—TE p. 131 See also modeling  STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION Read Connected Text  Connected Text: "A Happy Baby"—p. 32 (baby/babies, story/stories)
	and use frequently-occurring irregular nouns and verbs.	STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION Word Study  Irregular Plurals—p. 232  More Irregular Plurals—p. 284  TEACHER'S EDITION Sound-Spelling/Word Study  Word Study: Irregular Plurals—TE p. 233  Word Study: Make Irregular Plurals—TE p. 285
f. Use p	lural possessives.	Related content  STUDENT BOOK/TEACHER'S EDITION  Word Study  Possessives (use an apostrophe)—p. 88  TEACHER'S EDITION  Sound-Spelling/Word Study  Word Study: Possessives (use an apostrophe)—TE p. 89
WRITING		Related content
46. Gather and complete a a. Creat b. Creat resea c. Find i	I use research to answer questions to a research product. e topics of interest for a research project. e questions to gather information for a rch project. nformation from a variety of sources. ples: books, magazines, newspapers, digital	TEACHER'S EDITION Unit Opener  • Read Children's Books (use the library to locate children's books that apply newly learned phonics skills)—TE pp. 7 & 8, 59 & 60, 101 & 102, 183 & 184, 245 & 246, 297 & 298  Learning Center  • Syllable Hunt (search through picture books, old magazines, catalogs for kinds of words)—TE p. 72
	e <i>plagiarism</i> and explain the importance ng their own words.	N/A