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What You Need To Know About VOC's & Floor Coatings

A comprehensive guide to North American VOC regulations and their impact on the resinous flooring industry.

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What Are VOCs?

Determining exactly what a VOC is only the first step of understanding VOC compliance. VOC regulations vary from state to state and are also construed differently based on the type of application. For example: a certain coating product may be acceptable for use in one state, but not the next. It also means that exact the same coating may be acceptable for use on and elevated steel beam but may not be used as a floor coating – even in the same building.





How do VOC regulators define a Floor Coating?

"An opaque coating that is labeled and formulated for application to flooring, including, but not limited to, decks, porches, steps, garage floors, and other horizontal surfaces, which may be subjected to foot traffic."



How are VOCs Measured in the floor coatings industry?

Within the paint & coatings industry, VOC's are measured by the calculated mass of the VOC content relative to the overall volume of chemical. In most cases, this is represented as either grams/liter (g/l) or pounds per gallon (lbs./gal.).

Volatile Organic Compounds

VOCs are organic chemical compounds whose composition makes it possible for them to evaporate under normal indoor atmospheric conditions of temperature and pressure. They are described by the EPA as including a variety of chemicals (numbering in the thousands), some of which may have short and long-term adverse health effects.

Volatile organic compounds (VOCs) are emitted as gases from certain solids or liquids.

Paints, coatings and varnishes all may contain organic solvents, as do many cleaning, disinfecting, cosmetic, degreasing and hobby products. All of these products can release organic compounds while you are using them, and when they are stored. VOCs are especially problematic when used indoors or in areas of limited ventilation. Concentrations of VOCs are consistently higher indoors (up to ten times higher)

than outdoors.

The most common VOCs as it relates to resinous flooring products are found in solvents. Solvents include such chemicals as: xylene, acetone, toluene, ethyl acetate, MEK, and others. These solvents are designed to evaporate at room temperature at different rates depending on their intent. They are used to reduce the viscosity of the material (make it thinner) and also act as a carrying agent for resins as they penetrate a substrate, improving adhesion and extending working times.



Coatings containing VOCs are treated differently based on where they are used.

VOC Regulations



National and local regulators treat acceptable VOCs differently based on the application & industry.

Often referred to as **"Intended Use Categories"**, these applications include everything from Industrial High-Heat Coatings to Floor Coatings.

National & State Rules

In the United States, the Environmental Protection Agency along with state and local authorities control the regulations for allowable VOC limits. Some individual states have their own requirements while others have collaborated based on their region to adopt regional multi-state statutes.

National AIM Rule

Coating manufacturers are limited in the number of VOCs that may be contained in their coatings by the EPA's Architectural Coating Rule for Volatile Organic Compounds. Enacted in 1998, this subset of the earlier Clean Air Act sets nationwide rules for the manufacture, labeling and packaging of coatings intended for use on any stationary structure. This rule is referred to as the National Industrial Architectural & Maintenance or **"AIM"** rule. The **National AIM** rule outlines the categories for coatings with corresponding VOC limits.

The National AIM rule encompasses all US states and is the default rule for any states that do not have their own specefic requirements. Other state regulations have largely followed the catagories specefied by the national AIM rule.

Flat250	
Non-Flat 380	
Non-Flat High Gloss 380	
Industrial Maintenance General 450	
Industrial Maintenance High Temp 650	
Primer 350	
Quick Dry Primer 450	
Specialty Primer 350	
Quick Dry Enamel 450	
Floor 400	
Rest Preventative 400	
Stains Semi-Transparent/Opaque 550/350	
Dry Fog 400	
Varnish 450	
Waterproofing Sealer 600	



Regional VOC Rules

OTC Model Rule

The Ozone Transport Commission (OTC) is a multi-state organization created under the Clean Air Act to develop and implement regional solutions to the ground-level ozone problem and air quality in the Northeast and Mid-Atlantic regions. Currently, two model rules are available: Model Rule 2002 and Model Rule 2010. The two model rules provide for maximum allowable VOC content based on the coating category.

Each participating state independently elects to adopt a model rule. All states have adopted Model Rule 2002 with the exception of Vermont which still follows the EPA National Rule and Virginia for which only select areas have adopted. Since 2017, several states have adopted Model Rule 2010 including Maryland, Delaware, Connecticut and Rhode Island. And, although Utah is not part of the OTC, it also has several counties that adopted Model Rule 2010, in 2015. The state of Colorado adopted OTC Model Rule 2010 in May of 2020.

OTC Model Rule for Floor Coatings: (g/l)

	2002; max VOC 250	2010; max VOC 100
Colorado*		x
Connecticut		x
Deleware		x
District of Clumbia	x	
Maine	x	
Maryland		x
Massachusetts	x	
New Hampshire	x	
New Jersey	x	
New York		x
Pennsylvania	x	
Rhode Island		x
Vermont	x	
Virginia	x	

Coating Catagories:	2002	2010
Flat	100	50
Non-Flat	150	100
Non-Flat High Gloss	250	150
Industrial Maintenance General	340	250
Industrial Maintenance High Temp	420	420
Primer	200	100
Quick Dry Primer	200	100
Specialty Primer	350	100
Quick Dry Enamel	250	150
Floor	250	100
Rest Preventative	400	250
Stains Semi-Transparent/Opaque	250	250
Dry Fog	400	150
Varnish	350	275
Waterproofing Sealer	400	100

* Colorado and the Utah counties of Box Elder, Cache, Davis, Salt Lake, Tooele, Utah, and Weber match the OTC Model Rule II & CARB 2007 SCM limits

LADCO

Comprising the states of Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin, and Ohio, the Lake Michigan Air Directors Consortium (LADCO) was established to provide assistance and direction to the member states as it relates to air quality.

Ohio, Illinois and Indiana have each adopted Architectural and Industrial Maintenance (AIM) coating VOC limits consistent with those in the OTC Model Rule 2002. Michigan and Wisconsin continue to follow the EPA National Rule.

	2002; max VOC 250	EPA AIM RULE
Ohio	X	
Illinois	X	
Indiana	X	
Michigan		x
Wisconsin		x

Coating Catagories:	Max VOC g/L
Flat	100
Non-Flat	150
Non-Flat High Gloss	250
Industrial Maintenance General	340
Industrial Maintenance High Temp	420
Primer	200
Quick Dry Primer	200
Specialty Primer	350
Quick Dry Enamel	250
Floor	250
Rest Preventative	400
Stains Semi-Transparent/Opaque	250
Dry Fog	400
Varnish	350
Waterproofing Sealer	400

CARB

In 1967, the state of California established the California Air Resources Board (CARB) to oversee the activities of the now 35 local and regional air pollution control districts. It collaborated with those districts to develop air quality standards for several individual coating categories.

In the early 2000's, California amended the VOC limits for Architectural and Industrial Maintenance coatings via the Suggested Control Measures model rule. Most recently amended in 2007, the SCM provided guidance that has been adopted by some of the 35 individual air districts in the state of California. Some districts have implemented their own modified versions of the rule depending on their pollution requirements while others have remained under the National AIM guidelines.

* Colorado and the Utah counties of Box Elder, Cache, Davis, Salt Lake, Tooele, Utah, and Weber parallel the CARB 2007 SCM limits

SCM 2000 VOC g/l	SCM 2007 VOC g/l
100	50
150	100
250	150
250	250
420	420
200	100
200	100
250	150
250	100
400	250
250	250
400	150
350	275
400	100
	SCM 2000 100 150 250 420 200 200 200 200 400 250 400 400 350 400

South Coast (SCAQM)

Since 1977, the South Coast Air Quality Management District has been regulating VOCs within California's Orange County as well as the surrounding urban populations of Los Angeles, Riverside and San Bernardino counties. Often referred to as "South Coast" or "SCAMQD", it has developed plans and regulations to bring compliance to federal and state clean air standards within this densely populated region.

SCAMQD continues to have the most stringent VOC regulations in the nation.

Coating Catagories:	Max VOC g/L
Flat	50
Non-Flat	50
Non-Flat High Gloss	50
Industrial Maintenance General	100
Industrial Maintenance High Temp	420
Primer	100
Quick Dry Primer	100
Specialty Primer	100
Quick Dry Enamel	50
Floor	50
Rest Preventative	100
Stains Semi-Transparent/Opaque	100
Dry Fog	50
Varnish	275
Waterproofing Sealer	100

Canadian VOC Regs.

On March 27, 2004, the Canadian government began developing regulations under Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA) 1999 to set VOC emission limits. In October 2006, the Government of Canada outlined the aproach to reduce emissions of air pollutants and committed to propose regulations limiting VOCs in consumer products.

The proposed VOC concentration limits have been developed to align with requirements in those U.S. states that are members of the Ozone Transport Commission (OTC).

Implemented on September 9, 2010, under the Canadian Environmental Protection Act, 1999 (CEPA 1999) these regulations provide VOC concentration limits coatings.

Coating Catagories:	Max VOC g/L
Flat	100
Non-Flat	150
Non-Flat High Gloss	250
Industrial Maintenance General	340
Industrial Maintenance High Temp	420
Primer	200
Quick Dry Primer	200
Specialty Primer	350
Quick Dry Enamel	250
Floor	250
Rest Preventative	400
Stains Semi-Transparent/Opaque	250
Dry Fog	400
Varnish	350
Waterproofing Sealer	400

Regional Floor Coating VOC Limits

Regulation Code	Floor Coating VOC Limit
NATIONAL AIM Rule	400 g/l
OTC Model Rule Phase 1 (2002), LADCO States: IL, IN, OH, Maricopa Rule 355, CARB 2002 SCM	250 g/l
OTC Model Rule Phase II (2010), CARB 2007 SCM	100 g/l
South Coast Air Quality management Division (SCAQM)	50 g/l
Canadain National AIM Rule	250 g/l





Resinwerks manufactures sustainable resinous flooring systems that are safer for our planet, the facilities who use them and the contractors who install them.

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