

# Timeline of Executive Order 14028: Improving the Nation's Cybersecurity V2

Removing Barriers to Sharing Threat Information

Enhancing Software Supply Chain Security

## Sec. 2. Removing Barriers to Sharing Threat Information

### Secretary of Homeland Security

2(g)(i) Recommend to the FAR Council the contract language defining cyber incidents requiring reporting, the information that must be reported, National Security Systems reporting requirements, time periods, and the types of service providers covered

### Director of OMB

2(b), 2(c) Recommend updates to contract language to ensure that IT and OT service providers collect, preserve, and share with agencies information and reporting relevant to cybersecurity event prevention, detection, response, and investigation

### Director of CISA

2(i) Review current agency-specific cybersecurity requirements and recommend to the FAR Council standardized contract language

### Director of the NSA, Attorney General, Secretary of Homeland Security, Director of National Intelligence

2(g)(iii) Jointly develop procedures for ensuring that cyber incident reports are promptly and appropriately shared among agencies

### FAR Council

2(d) Preview contract language proposed by Director of OMB and publish proposed updates to the FAR for public comment

### Secretary of Homeland Security and Director of OMB

2(e) Ensure that service providers share data with agencies, CISA, and the FBI as necessary to respond to cyber threats, incidents, and risks

### FAR Council

2(j) Review recommended contract language from the Director of CISA and publish proposed updates to the FAR for public comment

### FAR Council

2(g)(ii) Review recommendations on types of incidents and information required from Secretary of Homeland Security and publish proposed updates to the FAR for public comment

## Sec. 4. Enhancing Software Supply Chain Security

### Director of NIST

4(b) Solicit stakeholder input to identify existing or develop new standards, tools, and best practices for complying with the order

### Director of NIST

4(g) Publish a definition of the term "critical software"

### Director of NIST

4(i) Publish guidance outlining security measures for "critical software"

4(r) Publish guidelines for minimum standards for vendors' testing of their software source code

### Director of CISA

4(h) List of software categories meeting the definition of "critical software"

### Administrator of the Office of Electronic Government

4(j) Require that agencies comply with NIST guidance on security measures for "critical software"

### Director of NIST

4(c) Publish preliminary guidelines based on consultations and on existing documents for enhancing software supply chain security

### Director of NIST

4(e) Publish guidance on practices that enhance software supply chain security:

- secure software development environments
- tools to maintain trusted source code
- tools to check for and remediate vulnerabilities
- publicly available summary information demonstrating conformance
- accurate, up-to-date provenance of software and components
- SBOMs
- vulnerability disclosure program
- attesting to secure software development practices and the integrity and provenance of open source software

4(t) Identify IoT cybersecurity criteria for a consumer labeling program

4(u) Identify secure software development practices for a consumer software labeling program

### Administrator of the Office of Electronic Government

4(k) Require that agencies comply with the NIST guidelines with respect to software procured after the date of this order

### Director of NIST

4(d) Publish additional guidelines for enhancing software supply chain security as well as procedures for periodic updating

### Secretary of Homeland Security

4(n) Recommend contract language to the FAR Council requiring software suppliers to comply with and attest to complying with the order

4(p) Following any final amendments to FAR, agencies shall remove software products that do not meet the requirements

### Administrator of the Office of Electronic Government

4(q) Require agencies employing legacy software to either comply with the order or provide a plan outlining actions to remediate or meet the requirements of the order, unless an extension or waiver is granted

### Director of NIST

4(w) Review the pilot programs focused on security capabilities of IoT devices and software development practices

### Secretary of Commerce

4(x) Report to President the progress made under this section and outline additional steps needed to secure the software supply chain



MAY 12 2021

If you want to give input on supply chain standards and best practices, now's the time.

JUNE 11  
30 days

JUNE 26  
45 days

JULY 11  
60 days

Can I publish an SBOM that meets these requirements?

Does my source code testing meet these standards?

JULY 26  
75 days

Is my product "critical software"?

AUGUST 10  
90 days

NIST security measures for critical software now take effect!!

SEPTEMBER 9  
120 days

If you want to give input on contract language, mark these dates!

SEPTEMBER 24  
135 days

NOVEMBER 8  
180 days

Software supply chain security practices finalized. Are we compliant with that long list?

FEBRUARY 6, 2022  
270 days

Can I sell my product to federal agencies (or to companies that sell to federal agencies)?

MARCH 8, 2022  
300 days

MAY 7, 2022  
360 days

MAY 12, 2022  
1 year

Can I comply with the contract language... and prove it?

Can federal agencies still use my legacy products?

Do I have a remediation plan for my legacy products?

Note: The EO text has been adjusted for brevity and clarity.

NIST = National Institute of Standards and Technology  
CISA = Cybersecurity & Infrastructure Security Agency  
FAR = Federal Acquisition Regulation  
SBOM = Software Bill of Materials  
OMB = Office of Management and Budget  
IoT = Internet of Things