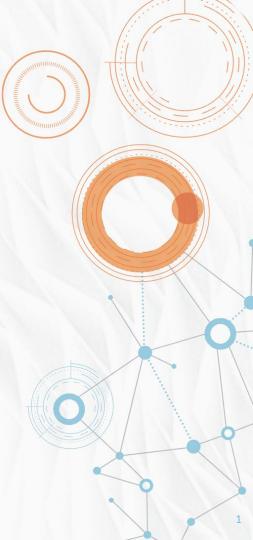


Infinitely Scale Graph Analysis with TigerGraph Cloud



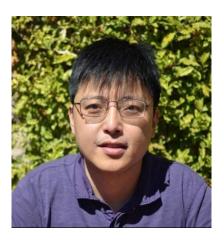


Speaker



Vikram Vunduru Startup Solutions Architect, AWS





Shuo Yang TigerGraph -- Head of Cloud



Agenda

- AWS Global Infrastructure
- Architect your SaaS Applications on AWS
- Infinitely scale graph analysis with TigerGraph quick architecture overview
- TigerGraph on AWS from database to service
- Demo Launch an instance to get started



Global Infrastructure



Why customers choose AWS

Most experience

Global reach & high availability

Security & compliance

15

81

230+

years helping millions of customers

Availability zones spanning 25 geographic regions
Private network backbone

security features

Platform breadth / depth & innovation 200+

Service Offering

2,757

New Features & Services in 2020

Ecosystem

10,000

software listings from 1,600 ISVs

Improve TCO

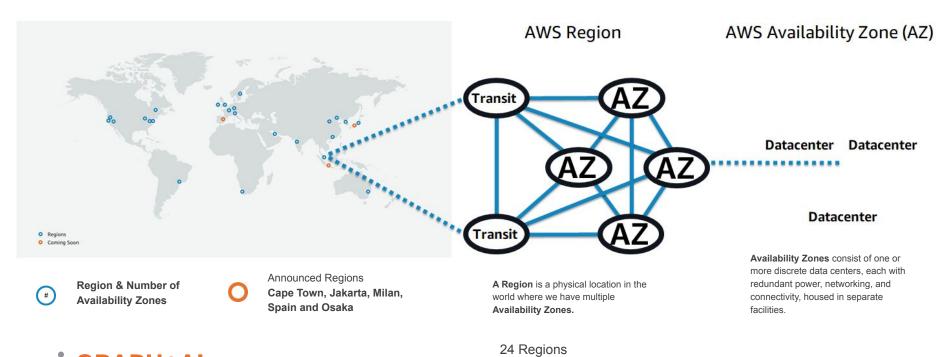
107

price reductions since 2006 granular billing



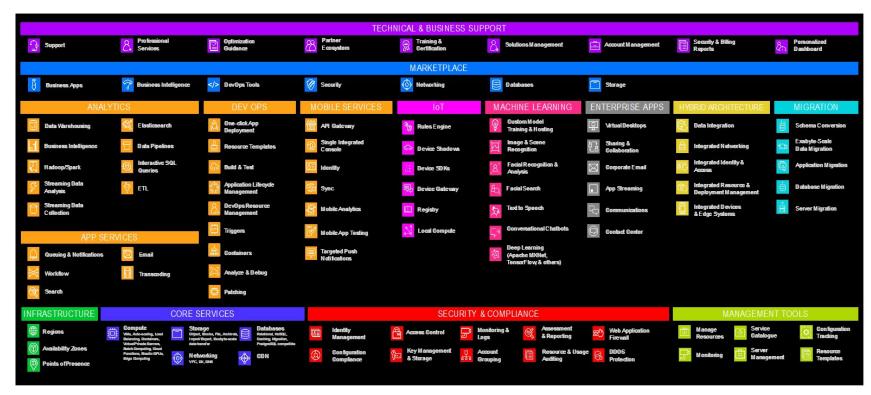
Scale globally with resilience in every region

The largest global foot print consistently built with a multi-AZ and multi-datacenter design



76 Availability Zones 216 Points of Presence

Broad and Deep Functionality





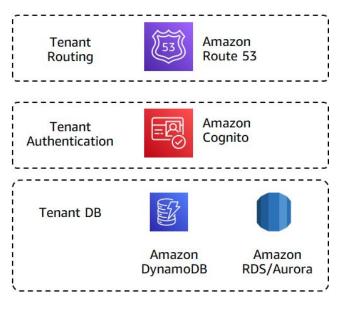
Architect your SaaS Applications on AWS



Architect your SaaS Applications on AWS

Application domain







AWS PrivateLink

Establish private connectivity without exposing data to the Internet



Interface endpoint (in consumer VPC)

- Entry point for traffic to a PrivateLink-powered service. One or more ENIs1 created by AWS that uses private IP
- Associate a security group with the ENI to control access
- Apps use the endpoint-specific DNS host name or default DNS name2 (for AWS and AWS Marketplace Partner services)



Endpoint service (in provider VPC)

- Only needed if you are offering a PrivateLink-powered service to other consumers
- Network Load Balancer used as service front-end
- Create a VPC Endpoint Service configuration and specify your NLB





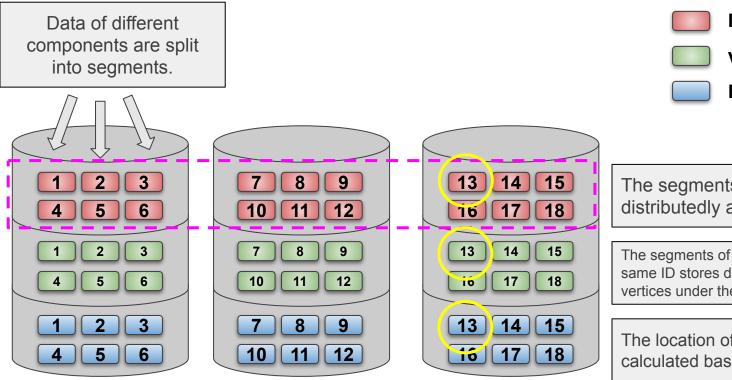
ENI: Elastic Network Interface

² Requires Private DNS to be enabled

Infinitely scale graph analysis with Tigergraph - quick architecture overview



Partition: the scale-out graph storage engine









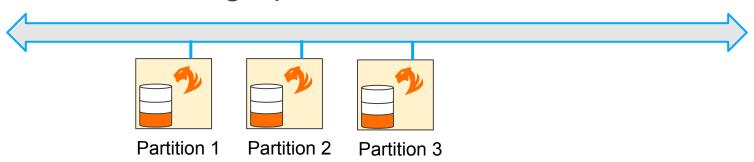
The segments are stored distributedly across the cluster.

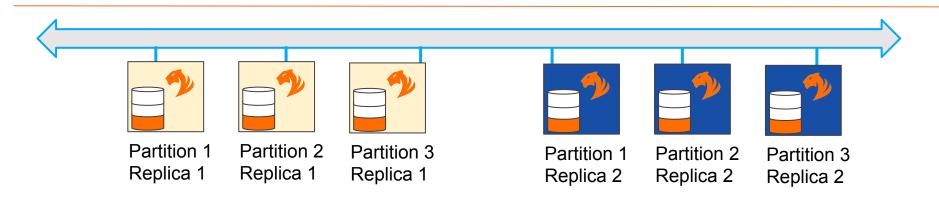
The segments of different components with same ID stores data for the same set of vertices under the same vertex type.

The location of a vertex can be calculated based on its internal ID



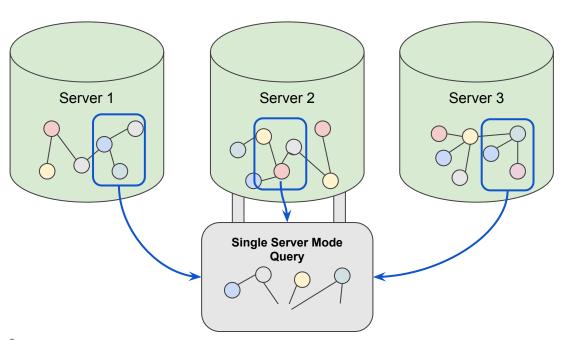
Replication: the highly available architecture







Query - Single Server mode

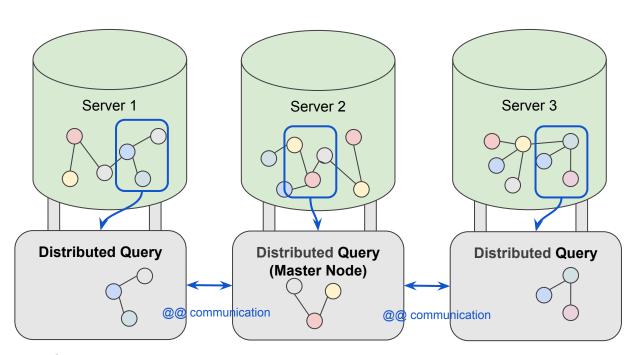


Single Server Mode

- The cluster elects one server to be master for that query.
- All query computation takes place on query master.
- Vertex and edge data are copied to the query master as needed.
- Best for queries with one or a few starting vertices.
- If your query starts from all vertices, don't use this mode.



Query - Distributed mode



Distributed Mode

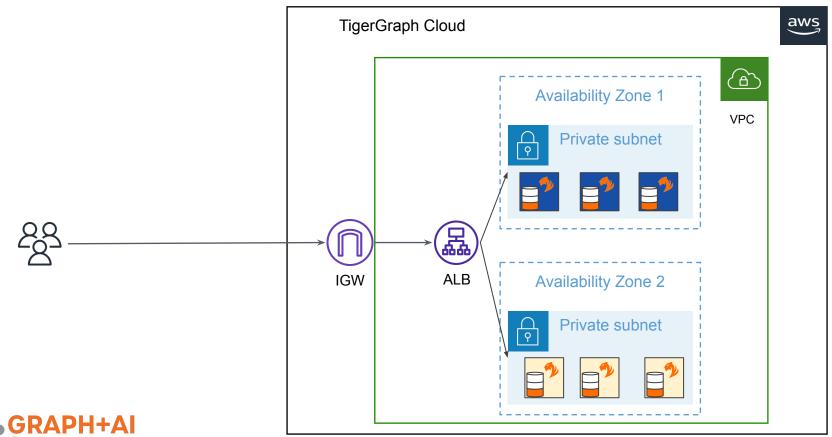
- The server that received the query becomes the master.
- Computation executes on all servers in parallel.
- Accumulators are transferred across the cluster.
- If your query starts from all or most vertices, use this mode.



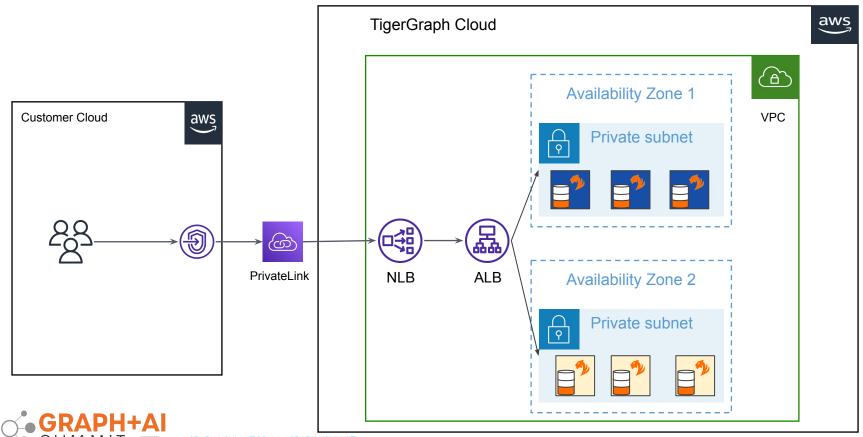
Tigergraph on AWS - from database to service



Managed Service on Cloud



End to end private link



Live Demo and Q&A



Please visit and try out cloud service www.tgcloud.io

