# Maven Income and Growth VCT PLC

Annual Report Year ended 28 February 2011



# Contents

- 2 Shareholders' Calendar
- 2 Dividend Schedule
- 3 Financial Highlights

# **Annual Report**

- 5 Chairman's Statement
- 8 Analysis of Unlisted and AIM/PLUS Portfolio
- 9 Investment Manager's Review
- 13 Summary of Investment Changes
- 14 Investment Portfolio Summary
- 16 Largest Unlisted and AIM/PLUS Investments

# Directors' Reports and Financial Statements

- 18 Your Board
- 20 Directors' Report
- 26 Directors' Remuneration Report
- 28 Statement of Corporate Governance
- 33 Statement of Directors' Responsibilities
- 34 Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Maven Income and Growth VCT PLC
- 36 Financial Statements
- 39 Notes to the Financial Statements

#### General Information

- 51 Notice of Annual General Meeting
- 57 Explanatory Notes to the Notice of Annual General Meeting
- 59 Corporate Summary
- 61 Corporate Information

# Shareholders' Calendar

20 July 2011

**Annual General Meeting** 

# **Dividend Schedule**

	Rate	XD date	Record date	Payment date
Interim dividend	1.0p	10 November 2010	12 November 2010	10 December 2010
Proposed final dividend	3.5p	22 June 2011	24 June 2011	22 July 2011
Total	4.5p			

# Financial Highlights

# Financial History

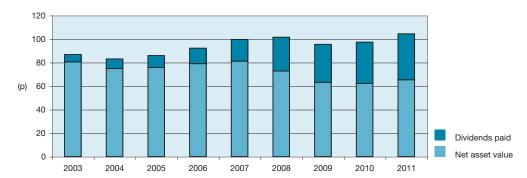
	28 February 2011	28 February 2010	28 February 2009	29 February 2008	28 February 2007
Net asset value (NAV)	£24,964,000	£21,797,000	£22,371,000	£25,802,000	£28,745,000
Net asset value per share	65.3p	62.3p	63.3p	72.8p	81.1p
Total return (without initial tax relief) <sup>1</sup>	104.4p	97.4p	95.4p	101.6p	99.6p
Total return (with initial tax relief) <sup>2</sup>	124.4p	117.4p	115.4p	121.6p	119.6p
Share price <sup>3</sup>	48.0p	48.0p	34.0p	46.5p	57.3p
Discount to net asset value	26.5%	23.0%	46.3%	36.1%	29.3%
Ordinary Shares in issue	38,249,033	34,976,983	35,355,071	35,463,992	35,463,992

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sum of current net asset value and dividends paid to date.

Source: Maven Capital Partners UK LLP; except share price (Bloomberg)

#### NAV Total Return Performance

The chart shows the NAV total return per share (net asset value plus dividends paid to date) as at the last day of February in each year. Dividends that have been proposed but not yet paid are included in the NAV at the balance sheet date.



Figures for years up to and including 28 February 2005 have been restated to reflect the valuation of listed and AIM/PLUS quoted investments at bid prices and reflect the recognition of dividends in the period in which they were disclosed or paid. The policy for valuing investments is disclosed in Note 1 to the Financial Statements.

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$  Sum of current net asset value, initial income tax relief at 20% and dividends paid to date.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Mid-market price.

# Dividends

Year ended February	Payment date	Revenue/Capital	Interim/final	Rate (p)
2001-2006		Revenue		11.9
2001-2006		Capital		2.0
2007	28 July 2006	Capital	Interim	1.6
	15 December 2006	Capital	Interim	3.0
	23 March 2007	Capital	Interim	4.0
	27 July 2007	Revenue	Final	0.8
	27 July 2007	Capital	Final	2.0
2008	7 December 2007	Revenue	Interim	0.5
	7 December 2007	Capital	Interim	3.0
	25 July 2008	Revenue	Final	2.3
2009	12 December 2008	Revenue	Interim	1.0
	24 July 2009	Revenue	Final	2.0
2010	11 December 2009	Revenue	Interim	1.0
	23 July 2010	Revenue	Final	0.5
	23 July 2010	Capital	Final	2.0
	23 July 2010	Special	Final	0.5
2011	10 December 2010	Capital	Interim	1.0
Total dividends paid				39.1
2011	22 July 2011	Revenue	Proposed final	1.0
	22 July 2011	Capital	Proposed final	2.5
Total dividends paid or declared				42.6

# Chairman's Statement

The year under review saw a further advance in Shareholder return in tandem with a continued expansion and increased diversification of the portfolio, with a strategic focus on later stage companies with strong yield characteristics. The Board is pleased to note that this performance has been achieved despite a background of continuing economic uncertainty that has impacted adversely on the trading environment for many smaller UK private companies.

In line with the strategy of establishing a broadly based portfolio of income producing private company holdings, five new investments in attractive private companies were completed during the year. These businesses have little or no bank or other external debt and are forecast to generate substantial levels of income to your Company from the outset.

The structured exit from the AIM/PLUS portfolio has continued during the year and a number of holdings were disposed of, realising an aggregate profit and releasing further cash to fund the steady expansion of the private company portfolio.

Overall your Board is encouraged by the progress being made by your Company, and considers that recent performance validates the core investment strategy being pursued on behalf of Shareholders.

#### The major features of the year under review are:

- NAV total return of 104.4p per share (2010: 97.4p) at year end, up 7.2% over the year;
- NAV of 65.3p per share (2010: 62.3p);
- · five new later stage private company investments were completed during the year; and
- final dividend proposed of 3.5p per share, comprising 1.0p revenue and 2.5p capital, to make a total of 4.5p per share for the year.

#### Performance

The NAV total return per share at 28 February 2011 was 104.4p, an increase of 7.2% over the equivalent figure at February 2010. The most important measure for a VCT is the NAV total return, being the long term record of dividend payments out of income and capital gains combined with the current NAV. In the short term, the NAV in isolation is a less important measure of performance as the underlying investments are long-term in nature and not readily realisable. At 28 February 2011, the NAV per share was 65.3p.

#### VCT qualifying status

The Company is required to meet a range of VCT qualifying criteria on a continuous basis. The Directors regularly review the status of the qualifying criteria that have to be satisfied in order for the Company to qualify as a VCT and are pleased to confirm that all tests have continued to be met.

#### Dividends

The Board is proposing a final dividend of 3.5p per share, comprising 1.0p of revenue and 2.5p of capital, to be paid on 22 July 2011 to Shareholders on the register at close of business on 24 June 2011. Including the interim dividend paid in December 2010, and based on the share price of 48.0p at 28 February 2011, the total tax–free yield to a higher-rate tax payer is equivalent to 12.5% from a taxable UK equity investment. The effect of paying the proposed final dividend of 3.5p per share will be to reduce the NAV per share to 61.8p.

#### Investment strategy

Your Company's investment strategy is to build a large and diversified portfolio of holdings in profitable and income producing later stage private companies. The Manager's regionally based deal teams are introduced to a regular flow of potential opportunities across the key UK corporate finance territories, providing access, at attractive entry multiples, to a wide spectrum of well managed mature businesses in a range of sectors. Investments are typically constituted mainly as secured loan stock, in transactions designed to generate an immediate yield.

Whilst the portfolio continues to contain some AIM or PLUS quoted assets, the Board and Manager have concluded that the potential returns available from such investments are too uncertain, with many stocks subject to poor liquidity and generating little or no dividend yield in comparison with the strong income characteristics associated with structured private company investments. The Manager is therefore continuing to selectively realise the AIM/PLUS portfolio for value, redeploying the proceeds in additional later stage private company investments.

It is a requirement of the Listing Rules for the Board to ensure that this Annual Report includes information on the investment policy, including a description of the asset mix, the spread of risk and maximum exposures. This information is contained in the Directors' Report and in the various tabular analyses of the portfolio.

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

The Board has reviewed the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Company for the financial year. In order to minimise the exposure to investment risk, the Company has invested in a broadly-based portfolio of investments in private and AIM/PLUS quoted companies in the United Kingdom.

#### Valuation process

Investments held by Maven Income and Growth VCT in unquoted companies are valued in accordance with the International Private Equity And Venture Capital Valuation Guidelines.

Investments quoted or traded on a recognised stock exchange, including the Alternative Investment Market (AIM), are valued at their bid prices.

# Portfolio developments

There were five new investments and seven follow-on investments completed during the financial year. The Manager has also invested in one new private company which has been established to acquire targets in a specific industrial sector.

The existing private company portfolio is generally performing well, with most companies trading acceptably or, in certain cases, better than plan. Encouragingly, the increasing maturity of a number of holdings is leading to the emergence of M&A interest and the Manager is currently working on the potential sale of several existing portfolio companies, although there can be no certainty that these will ultimately lead to a profitable exit.

Details of investments and disposals during the course of the year are shown in the Investment Manager's Review on pages 9 to 12.

## Share buy-backs

The Company has bought back a total of 211,467 shares for cancellation throughout the year. Buying these shares in the market created some liquidity and the discount has narrowed to 26.5% at the year end. At the forthcoming AGM the Company will again seek the authority of Shareholders to buy shares in the market.

## Recovery of VAT

As reported last year, the Company is entitled to recover VAT paid on management fees for the period from inception until October 2008, when a European Court ruling dictated that such fees were exempt from VAT. This repayment is due from Aberdeen Asset Management Group (Aberdeen), which is still finalising its extended VAT position with HM Revenue & Customs (HMRC). During the year under review, the Company received and accepted an offer to refund £256,926 representing all of the VAT charged on investment management fees for the period from 1 October 2005 to 31 August 2008, and this was recognised within the Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2010 and allocated to revenue and capital in accordance with the underlying accounting policy. No account has been taken of any interest due on the above amount or claims for periods prior to 2005 that have still to be agreed with HMRC. It is still expected that a further amount may, therefore, become receivable and again this will be allocated to revenue and capital in accordance with the underlying accounting policy once the amount has been agreed. The Company will continue in its endeavours to work with the Manager, Aberdeen and HMRC to recover further VAT where possible for the period prior to October 2005.

# Co-investment scheme of the Manager

The co-investment scheme, which allows executive members of the Manager to invest alongside the Company, continued to operate during the year. The scheme operates through a nominee company which invests in each and every transaction made by the Company, including any follow-on investments. The scheme closely aligns the interests of the executives and the Company's Shareholders, while providing an incentive to enable the Manager to retain the existing skills and capacity of the investment team in what is a competitive recruitment market.

#### Constitution of the Board

As highlighted in the Interim Report for the six months ended 31 August 2010, I assumed the role of Chairman of the Company after the conclusion of AGM on 8 July 2010, replacing Fiona Wollocombe who I am pleased to report, in a change to her previously disclosed intentions, has agreed to remain as a Director of the Company.

#### Linked top-up fundraising

Between January and April 2010, the Company participated in a successful linked offer in conjunction with the other three Maven Income and Growth VCTs. In November 2010 the Board decided to raise further funds through a similar linked offer across the same four VCTs. The second Maven Linked VCT Offer allows the Company to raise new funds, without incurring the higher costs associated with a full prospectus, which can be used to make further new private company investments and take advantage of the significant levels of deal flow being seen across the UK by the Manager. The increased funds will also enable the Company to spread its costs over a larger asset base to the benefit of all Shareholders. Investors will benefit from up to 30% income tax relief on their subscriptions, for one or both of the tax years 2010/11 and 2011/12.

On 1 February 2011, the Company made an initial allotment of 442,242 New Ordinary Shares pursuant to the second Linked Offer and, subsequent to the year end, a further 1,511,929 shares were allotted, all at a subscription price of 63.4p per share.

#### Outlook

Following emergence from the difficult period associated with the 'credit crunch' in 2008, Maven Income and Growth VCT has continued to produce steady increases in total return for its Shareholders, including healthy levels of regular tax-free dividends. This is possible due to a highly focused investment strategy being pursued and executed by a Manager with significant resource and presence across the UK market.

Your Board expects the general economic environment to remain uncertain and challenging for the small business sector in the face of widespread constraints on the availability of bank finance available to growth businesses. However, in these conditions smaller companies that remain nimble can take market share and, in due course, become attractive to larger trade or private equity buyers. In this respect there has been significant interest from trade and private equity buyers for several portfolio companies, which may in due course lead to successful exits and realised gains for investors.

In summary, your Board believes that your Company is well placed to continue to offer attractive long term tax-free returns, and looks forward with optimism to another year of progress in building an attractive portfolio of private company assets which can deliver such an outcome.

John Pocock Chairman 17 June 2011

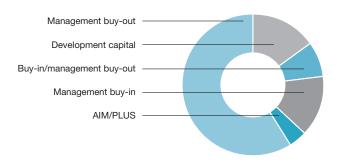
# Analysis of Unlisted and AIM/PLUS Portfolio

# As at 28 February 2011

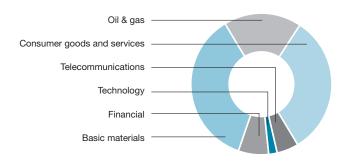
	Unlisted		AIM/PLUS		Total	
Industry sector	valuation £'000	%	valuation £'000	%	valuation £'000	%
Support services	4,277	20.0	120	0.5	4,397	20.5
Oil & gas	3,856	18.0	-	-	3,856	18.0
Food producers & processors	2,099	9.8	12	0.1	2,111	9.9
Engineering & machinery	1,600	7.5	6	-	1,606	7.5
Household goods & textiles	1,306	6.1	225	1.1	1,531	7.2
Insurance	1,312	6.1	-	-	1,312	6.1
Telecommunication services	1,028	4.8	16	0.1	1,044	4.9
Electronic & electrical equipment	1,033	4.8	-	-	1,033	4.8
Leisure & hotels	981	4.6	15	0.1	996	4.7
Aerospace	942	4.4	-	-	942	4.4
Chemicals	868	4.1	-	-	868	4.1
Transport	432	2.0	-	-	432	2.0
Media & entertainment	154	0.7	217	1.0	371	1.7
Software & computer services	-	-	337	1.5	337	1.5
Banks	230	1.1	-	-	230	1.1
Automobiles & parts	130	0.6	-	-	130	0.6
Utilities (ex-electricity)	100	0.5	-	-	100	0.5
Finance (general)	79	0.4	-	-	79	0.4
Diversified industrials	20	0.1	-	-	20	0.1
Total	20,447	95.6	948	4.4	21,395	100.0

		Valuation	
Deal type	Number	£'000	%
Unlisted			
Management buy-out	22	12,650	59.1
Development capital	15	3,120	14.6
Management buy-in	4	3,060	14.3
Buy-in/management buy-out	2	1,617	7.6
Total unlisted	43	20,447	95.6
AIM/PLUS	19	948	4.4
Total unlisted and AIM/PLUS	62	21,395	100.0

# Valuation by deal type



# Valuation by industry sector



# Investment Manager's Review

#### Overview

The Manager (Maven) operates from six UK regional offices in Glasgow, London, Aberdeen, Manchester, Edinburgh and Birmingham and is introduced to a large number of potential transactions every year, mainly from a range of contracts across the corporate finance and business community. In terms of asset selection Maven employs a highly selective process, investing only in private companies which meet strict quality criteria, where access can be gained at attractive entry prices under investment structures which generate income for VCT client funds from the outset. Maven actively avoids businesses at an early stage of their development, where the company has significant external borrowings, or where the trading activity is overly reliant on a concentrated customer base or a single product.

Post investment, Maven executives remain closely involved in the strategic direction of each portfolio company, and actively work with the executive management to ensure that the business realises its full potential and ultimately achieves the best possible returns on exit, normally through a trade sale.

During the year under review the strength and quality of this approach was recognised by industry professionals. In July 2010, Maven won the BVCA London & Southeast Portfolio Company Management Award for Exit Team of the Year, for the successful sale of Cyclotech in November 2009. This award acknowledged the quality of managers in supporting fast growing and innovative companies in the most challenging of economic times.

In November 2010, Maven was named Small Buyout House of the Year 2010 at the unquote British Private Equity Awards, as judged by corporate finance and private equity professionals across the UK, which recognised managers that demonstrated strategic vision and consistently high standards across their wider investment activity.

# Investment activity

During the year ended 28 February 2011 the Maven team completed five new private equity investments, alongside seven follow-on investments in existing portfolio companies. Maven also invested in one new company established to seek out acquisitions in a sector where its investment executives have relevant industry knowledge and awareness of suitable target investments. At the year end, the portfolio stood at 62 unlisted and AIM/PLUS investments at a total cost of £24.6 million.

The following investments have been completed during the year:

			Investment	
Investment	Date	Sector	cost £'000	Website
Unlisted				
Ailsa Craig Capital Limited	October 2010	Consumer Goods	199	No website available
Attraction World Holdings Limited	December 2010	Basic Materials	413	www.attractionworld.com
Beckford Capital Limited	May 2010	Consumer Services	640	No website available
Camwatch Limited	December 2010	Telecommunications	180	www.camwatch.co.uk
CHS Engineering Services Limited	December 2010	Basic Materials	379	www.chsservices.com
Claven Holdings Limited	February 2011	Financials	74	No website available
Countcar Limited (trading as				
Aberdeen Tool and Rental Holdings)	October 2010	Oil & Gas	163	www.atrgroup.co.uk
Flexlife Group Limited	October 2010	Oil & Gas	448	www.flexlife.co.uk
Lawrence Recycling &				
Waste Management Limited	December 2010	Basic Materials	155	www.lawrenceskiphire.co.uk
Lemac No. 1 Limited				
(trading as John McGavigan)	December 2010	Consumer Goods	130	www.mcgavigan.com
PLM Dollar Group Limited	September 2010	Consumer Services	312	www.pdg-helicopters.co.uk
TC Communications Holdings				
Limited	May 2010	Basic Materials	49	www.tccommunications.co.uk
Venmar Limited (trading as XPD8				
Solutions)	June 2010	Oil & Gas	358	www.xpd8solutions.com
Total unlisted investment			3,500	
AIM/PLUS				
Brookwell Limited	February 2011	Financials	61	No website available
Marechale Capital PLC	February 2011	Financials	8	www.marechalecapital.com
Total AIM/PLUS investment			69	
Total investment			3,569	

Maven Income and Growth VCT has co-invested in some or all of the above transactions with Maven Income and Growth VCT 2, Maven Income and Growth VCT 3, Maven Income and Growth VCT 4, Talisman First Venture Capital Trust and Ortus VCT. The Company is expected to continue to co-invest with these as well as other Maven clients, which offers the advantage that in aggregate they are able to underwrite a wider range and larger size of transaction than would be the case on a stand-alone basis.

## Portfolio developments

The five new private equity investments that were added to the portfolio during the year were:

- Venmar, the holding company for XPD8 Solutions, a highly profitable asset integrity business operating in a defensive sub-sector of the energy services industry, providing asset maintenance solutions to a blue-chip international customer base;
- Flexilife, an award winning flexible pipe specialist, which employs patented ultrasonic scanning technology to provide subsea asset integrity solutions to energy sector clients as their global market places ever greater emphasis on maintaining critical infrastructure and sustained field production;
- Attraction World Holdings, which offers ticketing solutions to the worldwide travel sector. The business enjoys exclusive trading
  partnerships with key UK travel organisations and provides travel agents with integrated access into the ticketing systems of major
  global theme parks;
- CHS Engineering Services, a leading provider of condition monitoring and maintenance services for domestic and international airport terminal operators and major clients in the distribution and materials handling sector; and
- John McGavigan, a manufacturer and supplier of decorative assemblies and interior parts to global automotive manufacturers, with
  a significant share of the Western European market and a strategy to establish a low cost manufacturing operation in China, where
  it can leverage the overseas experience of its management team to serve the wider Asian markets.

Disposals during the year, including repayments of loan stock received from some of the investee companies, are shown in the table below:

							Gain/(ioss)
			Cost of	Value at			over
				28 February	Sales	Realised	28 February
	Date first	Complete/	disposed of	2010	•	gain/(loss)	2010 value
Disposal	invested	partial exit	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Unlisted							
Ailsa Craig Capital Limited	2009	Partial	179	179	179	-	-
CHS Engineering Services Limited	2010	Partial	19	19	19	-	-
Cyclotech Limited	2007	Complete	-	-	15	15	15
Driver Hire Investments							
Group Limited	2004	Partial	21	7	1	(20)	(6)
House of Dorchester Limited	2002	Partial	151	151	151	-	-
PLM Dollar Group Limited	1999	Partial	259	259	259	-	-
Torridon Capital Limited	2010	Partial	505	505	505	-	-
Westway Services Limited	2009	Partial	73	73	73	-	-
Others			-	-	9	9	9
Total unlisted disposals			1,207	1,193	1,211	4	18
A11.4/D1.110							
AIM/PLUS					0.40		(10)
Animalcare PLC	2008	Complete	126	252	240	114	(12)
Avanti Communications	0004	0 1 1	70	470	015	4.40	40
Group PLC	2004	Complete	73	172	215	142	43
Melorio PLC	2007	Complete	99	148	152	53	4
Mount Engineering PLC	2007	Complete	35	24	41	6	17
Neuropharm PLC	2007	Complete	100	8	11	(89)	3
Neutrahealth PLC	2005	Complete	91	33	56	(35)	23
OPG Power Ventures PLC	2008	Complete	78	98	113	35	15
SDI Group PLC	2007	Complete	95	4	4	(91)	
Total AIM/PLUS disposals			697	739	832	135	93
Total disposals			1,904	1,932	2,043	139	111

Previously recognised losses of £950,000 (unlisted: £750,000 and AIM: £200,000) were realised on two legacy holdings struck off during the year and are not included in the figures above. SDI Group was sold as part of a compulsory purchase transaction.

Gain/(loss)

In respect of AIM/PLUS quoted holdings the Manager has continued its policy of structured exits from this part of the portfolio. Four AIM securities were purchased by a close ended investment company established to acquire investments which were underperforming or trading below entry price. These transactions incurred realised losses of £505,000 (cost £593,000) during the year.

An overall net loss was realised after including the impact of disposals arising where an investee company had been written off the register or where Maven had lost confidence in a specific holding or a mandatory sale process or bid event was in evidence. However, there was no impact on the NAV as realisations were achieved close to carrying values.

Investments in the private equity portfolio are generally trading well and increased valuations have been adopted where appropriate.

#### Outlook

The underlying investment portfolio has seen a significant diversification and improvement over the past two years, with an emphasis on identifying and investing in later stage private companies with attractive yield characteristics. There is significant demand for this type of asset by providers of alternative capital and the market for private equity transactions has become more competitive, notwithstanding the shortage of capital available from more traditional sources. In this operating environment Maven will leverage its UK network and experience to continue to construct a high quality and income producing portfolio of assets, diversified across a range of sectors on behalf of its VCT client investors.

Maven Capital Partners UK LLP Manager

17 June 2011

# Summary of Investment Changes

For the year ended 28 February 2011

	١	/aluation	Net investment/	Appreciation/	Valuation		
	28 Febru	ary 2010	(disinvestment)	(depreciation)	28 February 201		
	£'000	%	£'000	£'000	£'000	%	
Unlisted investments							
Equities	4,516	20.7	390	2,009	6,915	27.7	
Preference shares	1,062	4.9	(124)	(11)	927	3.7	
Loan stocks	10,203	46.8	2,023	379	12,605	50.5	
	15,781	72.4	2,289	2,377	20,447	81.9	
AIM/PLUS investments	1,565	7.2	(851)	234	948	3.8	
Listed fixed income investments	1,218	5.6	(1,206)	(12)	-	-	
Total investments	18,564	85.2	232	2,599	21,395	85.7	
Other net assets	3,233	14.8	336	-	3,569	14.3	
Total assets	21,797	100.0	568	2,599	24,964	100.0	

# **Investment Portfolio Summary**

# As at 28 February 2011

					% of
Investment	Valuation £'000	Cost £'000	% of total assets	% of equity held	equity held by other clients <sup>1</sup>
Unlisted					
TPL (Midlands) Limited	1,600	2,771	6.4	31.7	40.1
House of Dorchester Limited	1,422	607	5.6	44.2	-
Homelux Nenplas Limited	1,306	391	5.1	7.9	32.1
Dalglen 1150 Limited (trading as Walker Technical Resources)	1,189	527	4.8	11.3	51.7
Westway Services Limited	1,167	450	4.7	4.9	17.0
Oliver Kay Holdings Limited	1,092	771	4.4	4.9	15.1
Camwatch Limited	1,028	965	4.1	14.4	28.5
Martel Instruments Holdings Limited	965	807	3.9	14.9	29.3
Torridon Capital Limited	948	341	3.8	4.5	35.5
ELE Advanced Technologies Limited	942	192	3.8	11.3	-
Adler & Allan Holdings Limited	868	623	3.5	2.2	4.8
Lawrence Recycling & Waste Management Limited	802	802	3.2	10.4	51.6
Atlantic Foods Group Limited	677	522	2.7	2.9	5.9
Steminic Limited	656	656	2.7	8.8	42.8
Beckford Capital Limited	640	640	2.6	46.1	53.9
Nessco Group Holdings Limited	472	472	1.9	6.2	31.6
Flexlife Group Limited	448	448	1.8	1.5	10.4
PLM Dollar Group Limited	432	455	1.8	5.9	6.9
Intercede (Scotland) 1 Limited (trading as Electro-Flow Controls)	428	428	1.7	4.7	23.8
Attraction World Holdings Limited	413	413	1.7	6.2	32.2
Tosca Penta Investments Limited (trading as esure)	364	250	1.5	0.1	0.2
CHS Engineering Services Limited	360	360	1.4	4.0	19.4
Venmar Limited (trading as XPD8 Solutions)	358	358	1.4	5.4	29.6
Training for Travel Group Limited	341	446	1.4	5.1	24.9
ATR Holdings Limited	306	184	1.2	13.8	39.3
TC Communications Holdings Limited	256	248	1.0	8.4	53.0
Claven Holdings Limited	230	74	0.9	15.6	34.4
Driver Hire Investments Group Limited	182	182	0.7	1.1	44.0
PSCA International Limited	154	154	0.6	-	-
Lemac No. 1 Limited (trading as John McGavigan)	130	130	0.5	9.8	27.8
Enpure Holdings Limited	100	100	0.4	0.4	2.2
ID Support Services Group Limited	68	89	0.3	0.6	1.6
Other unlisted investments	103	5,229	0.4		
Total unlisted	20,447	21,085	81.9		

					% of
	Valuation	Cost	% of	% of	equity held by
Investment	£'000	£'000	total assets	equity held	other clients <sup>1</sup>
AIM/PLUS					
System C Healthcare PLC	259	311	1.0	0.5	0.5
Plastics Capital PLC	225	281	0.9	1.0	2.7
Cello Group PLC	181	310	0.7	0.8	0.3
Hasgrove PLC	65	168	0.3	0.6	1.1
Brookwell Limited	55	61	0.2	-	-
Tangent Communications PLC	45	98	0.2	0.4	0.8
Chime Communications PLC	36	26	0.1	-	0.3
Brulines Group PLC	30	37	0.1	0.1	0.3
Spectrum Interactive PLC	16	209	0.1	0.7	0.9
Praesepe PLC	15	49	0.1	0.1	0.6
Individual Restaurant Company PLC	12	133	0.1	0.2	0.5
Other AIM/PLUS investments	9	1,870	-		
Total AIM/PLUS	948	3,553	3.8		
Total	21,395	24,638	85.7		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Other clients of Maven Capital Partners UK LLP.

# Largest Unlisted and AIM/PLUS Investments

# As at 28 February 2011

TPL (Midlands) Li	mited		Birmingham	www	w.transysprojed	cts.ltd.uk
	Cost (£'000)	2,771	Year ended	31 December	2009	2008
	Valuation (£'000)	1,600			£'000	£'000
	Basis of valuation	Earnings	Sales		6,394	13,790
	Equity held	31.7%	Profit/(loss) be	efore tax	(1,323)	319
	Income received (£'000	235	Retained profi	t/(loss)	(1,012)	189
T R A N S Y S PROJECTS LTD	First invested	December 2007	Net assets		764	1,775
PROJECTS LID	Provider of engineering s	ervices to the rail ind	ustry.			
		en Income and Growt Maven Income and G			owth VCT 3 PLC	
House of Dorches	ster Limited		Dorchester		www.hodc	hoc.com
	Cost (£'000)	607	Year ended	31 December	2009	2008
	Valuation (£'000)	1,422			£'000	£'000
	Basis of valuation	Earnings	Sales		5,994	5,311
rouse of	Equity held	44.2%	Profit/(loss) be	efore tax	202	299
the home of great	Income received (£'000	483	Retained profi	t/(loss)	125	221
the home of great BRITISH CHOCOLATES	First invested	September 2002	Net assets		1,134	1,009
	Chocolate manufacturer.  Other Maven None clients invested:					
Homelux Nenplas			Ashbourne, D	erhyshire www	.homeluxnenpl	las co uk
Tiomolax Honpiae	Cost (£'000)	391	Year ended	31 May	2009	2008
	Valuation (£'000)	1,306	roal ondoa	o. may	£'000	£'000
	Basis of valuation	Earnings	Sales <sup>1</sup>		2000	2000
	Equity held	7.9%	Profit/(loss) be	efore tax	624	995
HOMELUX NENPLAS	Income received (£'000		Retained profi		492	729
	First invested	May 2006	Net assets	()	2,611	2,119
	Manufacturer of plastic ti	-	products.		,	,
	Other Maven Mave	en Income and Growtlen Income and Growtl	h VCT 2 PLC, Ma			
Dalglen (1150) Lim	ited (trading as Walker Ted	chnical Resources)	Aberdeen		www.wt	r.uk.com
	Cost (£'000)	527	Year ended	31 May	2010	2009
	Valuation (£'000)	1,189			£'000	£'000
	Basis of valuation	Earnings	Sales <sup>2</sup>			
WALKER	Equity held	11.3%	Profit/(loss) be	efore tax2		
TECHNICAL	Income received (£'000	76	Retained profi	t/(loss) <sup>2</sup>		
	First invested	June 2009	Net assets		1,524	1,282
		siness specialising in Income and Growth ne and Growth VCT 4	VCT 2 PLC, Mav			
Westway Services			Middlesex		v.westwayservi	
	Cost (£'000)	450	Year ended	28 February	2010	2009
	Valuation (£'000)	1,167		-	£'000	£'000
•	Basis of valuation	Market value assessment	Sales		17,369	9,648
	Equity held	4.9%	Profit/(loss) be	efore tax	2,797	2,005
	Income received (£'000		Retained profi		2,255	1,436
WESTWAY	First invested	June 2009	Net assets		4,401	2,942
	Provider of design, installa	tion and maintenance	services on air-co	nditioning and associa	ated building serv	rices plant

Other Maven clients Maven Income and Growth VCT 2 PLC, Maven Income and Growth VCT 3 PLC, Maven invested: Income and Growth VCT 4 PLC, Talisman First Venture Capital Trust PLC and Ortus VCT PLC.

Oliver Kay Holdin	gs Limited			Bolton, Lancas	shire	www.oliverka	produc	e.co.uk
	Cost (£'000)		771	Year ended	30 Septe	mber 2	009	2008
	Valuation (£'000)		1,092			£'	000	£'000
	Basis of valuation	E	Earnings	Sales		16,	994	16,867
OLIVER KAY	Equity held		4.9%	Profit/(loss) be	efore tax		661	711
	Income received (£'0	)00)	330	Retained profi	t/(loss)		251	257
	First invested	Janua	ary 2007	Net assets		4,	810	4,436
	Supplier of fresh prod	uce to the on-	trade cate	ering industry in th	ne UK.			
				owth VCT 2 PLC, owth VCT 4 PLC a				
Camwatch Limite	d			Sheffield, Sout	th Yorkshire	www.	camwa	tch.co.u
	Cost (£'000)		965	Year ended	31 March		009	200
	Valuation (£'000)		1,028	rour orrada	or maror		000	£'00
	Basis of valuation	F	Earnings	Sales			895	3,74
	Equity held		14.4%	Profit/(loss) be	efore tax		776)	(327
	Income received (£'0	)00)	221	Retained profi			776)	(327
Camwatch PREVENTING CRIME 24/7	First invested	•	ch 2007	Net assets	4 (1000)		200	3,98
	Provider of CCTV mor					• ,	_00	0,00
	Other Maven	Maven Income	e and Gro	owth VCT 2 PLC, owth VCT 4 PLC a				
Martel Instrument	s Holdings Limited			Stanley, Count	y Durham	www.martelin	strume	nts.com
	Cost (£'000)		807	Year ended	31 Decen	nber 2	009	2008
	Valuation (£'000)		965			£'	000	£'000
MARTEL	Basis of valuation	E	Earnings	Sales <sup>2</sup>				
	Equity held		14.9%	Profit/(loss) be	efore tax2			
<i>Enstruments</i>	Income received (£'0	)00)	28	Retained profi	t/(loss) <sup>2</sup>			
	First invested	Janua	ary 2007	Net assets		1,	242	1,340
		Maven Income	e and Gro	and display device bwth VCT 2 PLC, bwth VCT 4 PLC a	Maven Incor			
Forridan Canital I		Waverr income	J di la Circ	Grantham, Lin		www.elite		
Torridon Capital L	Cost (£'000)		341	Year ended <sup>3</sup>	Comstille	www.ente	·IIISUI ai	ice.co.u
	, ,		948	rear ended				
	Valuation (£'000)  Basis of valuation	_		Sales				
			Earnings		fore toy			
elite insurance	Equity held	200)	4.5%	Profit/(loss) be				
	Income received (£'0	•	44	Retained profi	t/(ioss)			
	First invested		ary 2010	Net assets	do 1 1940 .			
	National supplier of sp		_		•			
				owth VCT 2 PLC, owth VCT 4 PLC,				
	Other Maven	Capital Trust F						
ELE Advanced Te	Other Maven			Colne, Lancas	shire	W	ww.ele	at.co.uk
ELE Advanced Te	other Maven clients invested:			Colne, Lancas Year ended	shire 31 May		/ww.ele	at.co.uk 200

ELE Advanced Technologies Limited		Colne, Lancashire		www.e	www.eleat.co.uk	
	Cost (£'000)	192	Year ended	31 May	2010	2009
ELE Advanced Technologies	Valuation (£'000)	942			£'000	£'000
	Basis of valuation	Earnings	Sales		11,371	11,637
	Equity held	11.3%	Profit/(loss) b	efore tax	828	447
	Income received (£')	<b>000)</b> 581	Retained prof	fit/(loss)	782	179
	First invested	May 2002	Net assets		3,889	3,165
	Manufacturer of preci Other Maven clients invested:	sion components for jet None.	engines and gas	s turbines.		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This company did not reveal its turnover, as permitted under the Companies Act for medium-sized companies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> These companies only produce abridged accounts, as permitted under the Companies Act relating to small companies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> This company has not yet produced its first report and accounts.

# Your Board

The Board of four Directors, all of whom are non-executive and are considered by the Board to be independent of the Manager, supervises the management of Maven Income and Growth VCT PLC and looks after the interests of its Shareholders.

## John Pocock Chairman and Independent Non-executive Director

Relevant experience and other directorships: John has extensive experience in the information technology and financial sectors and was formerly a director and chief executive of Druid Group plc, a FTSE 250 Company that was acquired by Xansa plc in March 2000. Currently non-executive chairman of Cognito Limited and senior independent non-executive director of Electric & General Investment Trust plc, he is also a founding director of Young British Entrepreneur Limited and a director of Synergie Business Limited.

Length of service: He was appointed a Director on 1 March 2007 and as Chairman on 8 July 2010.

Last re-elected to the Board: 7 July 2009

Age: 51

Committee membership: Audit, Management Engagement (Chairman), Nomination (Chairman) and Remuneration.

Employment by the Manager: None

Other connections with Manager: None

Shared directorships with other Directors: None Shareholding in Company: 40,000 Ordinary Shares

#### Arthur MacMillan Independent Non-executive Director

Relevant experience and other directorships: For over 10 years prior to December 2005, Arthur was chief executive of Clyde Marine plc, a group which manufactures deck equipment for sail and power boats under the Lewmar and Navtec brands. Prior to that, he was a corporate financier with West Merchant Bank and Samuel Montagu & Co Limited in London. He is also a director of a number of other smaller businesses and is a former non-executive chairman of Dalglen 1148 Limited, the holding company for a debt counselling business in which he and the Company both have an investment.

Length of service: He was appointed a Director on 19 January 2000.

Last re-elected to the Board: 8 July 2010

**Age:** 48

Committee membership: Audit (Chairman), Management Engagement, Nomination and Remuneration.

Employment by the Manager: None

Other connections with Manager: None

Shared directorships with other Directors: None

Shareholding in Company: 50,000 Ordinary Shares

# Sir Charles Stuart-Menteth Bt Independent Non-executive Director

Relevant experience and other directorships: Charles was founder and chief executive of Datavault plc, the largest independent records management company in the UK until it was sold in February 1999. Prior to that he was managing director of a venture capital company and has also worked in the engineering and banking sectors. He is now a business angel investing in, and assisting, early stage businesses.

Length of service: He was appointed a Director on 19 January 2000.

Last re-elected to the Board: 7 July 2009

**Age:** 60

Committee membership: Audit, Management Engagement, Nomination and Remuneration (Chairman).

Employment by the Manager: None

Other connections with Manager: None

Shared directorships with other Directors: None

Shareholding in Company: 100,000 Ordinary Shares

## Fiona Wollocombe Independent Non-executive Director

Relevant experience and other directorships: Fiona spent eighteen years in the City providing market related advice on corporate finance, specifically for UK small cap companies. From 1997 to 2003, she was managing director responsible for the European mid and small cap equities team at Deutsche Bank (formerly Natwest Markets), which involved overseeing the marketing of smaller companies, including unquoted investments. She was also an active member of the corporate finance team. She is chairman of Artemis VCT plc.

Length of service: She was appointed a Director on 20 May 2004 and served as Chairman from 7 July 2005 to 8 July 2010.

Last re-elected to the Board: 8 July 2010

**Age:** 47

Committee membership: Audit, Management Engagement, Nomination and Remuneration.

Employment by the Manager: None

Other connections with Manager: None

Shared directorships with other Directors: None

Shareholding in Company: 50,000 Ordinary Shares

# Directors' Report

The Directors submit their Annual Report together with the Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended 28 February 2011.

#### Results and dividends

The NAV per share at 28 February 2011 was 65.3p (2010: 62.3p). The NAV per share has been calculated using the number of shares in issue at 28 February 2011 of 38,249,033 (2010: 34,976,983).

For the year ended 28 February 2011, the revenue profit on ordinary activities after taxation amounted to £351,000 (2010: £563,000). The total gain on ordinary activities after taxation for the year was £2,659,000 (2010: £646,000). During the year, an amount of £1,519,000 (2010: £1,060,000) was recognised in respect of distributions made to Equity Shareholders. The Directors recommend a final dividend for the year ended 28 February 2011 of 3.5p per share (2010: 3.0p), payable on 22 July 2011 to Shareholders on the register at close of business on 24 June 2011 and a Resolution to this effect will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

#### Business review

A full review of the Company's activities is given in the Chairman's Statement and in the Investment Manager's Review. In addition, this Directors' Report includes a summary of the business objectives, the Board's strategy for achieving them, the key performance indicators and the principal risks and uncertainties faced by the Company.

#### Investment objective

The Company aims to achieve long term capital appreciation and generate maintainable levels of income for Shareholders.

#### Statement of investment policy

The Company intends to achieve its objective by:

- investing the majority of its funds in a diversified portfolio of shares and securities of smaller, unquoted UK companies and in AIM/PLUS companies which meet the criteria for VCT qualifying investments and have strong growth potential;
- investing in line with VCT regulations, no more than £1 million in any company in one year and no more than 15% of the Company's assets by cost in one business at any time;
- maintaining a qualifying investment level of at least 70% according to VCT regulations;
- borrowing up to 10% of NAV, on a selective basis, in pursuit of its investment strategy; and
- retaining the services of a Manager that can provide the breadth and depth of resources required to achieve the investment objective.

The Company manages and minimises investment risk by:

- diversifying across a large number of companies;
- diversifying across a range of economic sectors;
- actively and closely monitoring the progress of investee companies;
- seeking to appoint a non-executive director to the board of each private investee company, provided from the Manager's investment management team or from its pool of experienced independent directors;
- co-investing with other funds run by the Manager in larger deals, which tend to carry less risk;
- not investing in hostile public to private transactions; and
- retaining the services of a Manager that can provide the breadth and depth of resources required to meet the criteria stated above.

Other risks are managed as follows:

- VCT qualifying status is monitored continuously and risk is minimised by retaining the services of a Manager that has the
  resources to provide sufficient flow of investment opportunities and integrated administrative and management systems to
  ensure continuing compliance with regulations; and
- risks of political change, exchange controls, taxation or other regulations that might affect investee companies, are monitored and taken account of before investments are made and when determining the valuations of unlisted investments.

### Statement of compliance with investment policy

The Company is adhering to its stated investment policy and managing the risks arising from it, and this can be seen in various tables and charts throughout the Annual Report, from figures provided in the Chairman's Statement and the Investment Manager's Review.

The management of the investment portfolio has been delegated to Maven Capital Partners UK LLP (the Manager), which also provides company secretarial, administrative and financial management services to the Company. The Board is satisfied with the depth and breadth of the Manager's resources and its network of offices, which supply new deals and enable it to monitor the geographically widespread portfolio companies effectively.

The Investment Portfolio Summary shows the number of investments in the portfolio and the degree of co-investment with other clients of the Manager. The tabular analyses of unlisted and AIM/PLUS portfolio by industrial sector and deal type show that the portfolio is diversified across a variety of sectors and deal types. The level of qualifying investments is monitored by the Manager on a daily basis and reported to the Board quarterly.

## Key performance indicators

At each Board Meeting, the Directors consider a number of performance measures to assess the Company's success in achieving its objectives. The key performance indicators are as follows:

- NAV total return; and
- dividends per share.

The NAV total return is a measure of Shareholder value that includes both the current NAV per share and the sum of dividends paid to date. The dividends per share measure shows how much of that Shareholder value has been returned to original investors in the form of dividends. A historical record of these measures is shown in the Financial Highlights.

The Board also considers peer group comparative performance and the Company has continued its membership of the Association of Investment Companies (AIC).

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

The principal risks facing the Company relate to its investment activities and include market price, interest rate and liquidity risk. An explanation of these risks and how they are managed is contained in Note 18 to the Financial Statements.

Additional risks faced by the Company, and the mitigation approach adopted by the Board, are as follows:

- investment objective: the Board's aim is to maximise absolute returns to Shareholders while managing risk by ensuring an appropriate diversification of investments;
- investment policy: inappropriate stock selection leading to underperformance in absolute and relative terms is a risk which the Manager mitigates by operating within investment guidelines and regularly monitoring performance against the peer group. The regulations affecting Venture Capital Trusts are central to the Company's investment policy;
- discount volatility: due to the lack of liquidity in the secondary market, venture capital trust shares tend to trade at discounts to net asset values; and
- regulatory risk: the Company operates in a complex regulatory environment and faces a number of related risks. A breach of Section 274 of the Income Tax Act 2007 could result in the Company being subject to capital gains tax on the sale of its investments. A breach of the VCT Regulations could result in the loss of VCT status and consequent loss of tax reliefs currently available to Shareholders. A serious breach of other regulations, such as the UKLA Listing Rules or the Companies Act, would lead to suspension of its shares from the Stock Exchange, loss of VCT status and reputational damage. The Board receives quarterly reports from the Manager in order to monitor compliance with regulations.

At least twice each year the Board considers all of the above risks and the measures in place to manage them.

#### **Directors**

Biographies of the Directors who held office at the year end are shown in the Your Board section of the Annual Report along with their interests in the shares of the Company, which are also shown below. No contract or arrangement significant to the Company's business and in which any of the Directors is interested has subsisted during the year.

In accordance with the Articles of Association, Directors must offer themselves for re-election at the first Annual General Meeting following appointment and at least once every three years thereafter. Accordingly, Mr Pocock and Sir Charles Stuart-Menteth Bt retire by rotation at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

The interests of the Directors in the share capital of the Company are as follows:

	28 February 2011	28 February 2010
	Ordinary Shares of 10p each	Ordinary Shares of 10p each
John D W Pocock (Chairman)	40,000	40,000
Arthur G MacMillan	50,000	30,000
Sir Charles G Stuart-Menteth Bt	100,000	100,000
Fiona E Wollocombe	50,000	50,000

All of the interests shown above are beneficial and there have been no further changes to the above share interests since the end of the Company's financial year.

## Manager and Company Secretary

During the year ended 28 February 2011, investment management, company secretarial, accounting and administration services have been provided to the Company by Maven Capital Partners UK LLP. The management and secretarial fees payable to Maven Capital Partners UK LLP in respect of the year ended 28 February 2011 have been calculated and charged on the following basis:

- (a) a performance related investment management fee calculated as 27.5% of the increase in net asset value of the Company over the six month periods ending 28 February and 31 August in each year, before taking into consideration the effects of distributions and purchases of the Company's own shares made during each period and subject to a minimum amount equivalent to 1.4% per annum of the net asset value of the Company as at 28 February in each year and a maximum amount of £1.25 million in any year ending 28 February; and
- (b) a fixed secretarial fee of £50,000 (2010: £50,000) per annum, which is subject to VAT.

The effects of the investment management and secretarial fees for the year ended 28 February 2011 are detailed in Notes 3 and 4 to the Financial Statements respectively.

The principal terms of the Management and Administration Deed and the separate Co-investment Agreement include:

- the Company will pay to the Manager a performance related management fee calculated as 27.5% of the increase in the net asset value of the Company, over the six-month periods to 28 February and 31 August in each year, before taking into account the effects of distributions and purchases of the Company's own shares effected during that period. The fee is subject to a maximum amount payable of £1.25 million in any year to 28 February and a minimum of 1.4% per annum of the net asset value of the Company. The net asset value from which the fee is measured is rebased to a higher level whenever a performance fee becomes payable;
- in order to ensure that the Manager's staff are appropriately incentivised in relation to the management of the portfolio, a co-investment scheme allows individuals to participate in investment in portfolio companies alongside the Company. All such investments are made through a nominee and under terms previously agreed by the Board. The terms of the scheme ensure that all investments are made on identical terms to those of the Company and that no selection of investments will be allowed. Total investment by participants in the co-investment scheme is set at 5% of the aggregate amount of ordinary shares subscribed for by the Company and the co-investing executives, except where the only securities to be acquired by the Company are ordinary shares or are securities quoted on AIM, in which case the co-investment percentage will be 1.5%. Any dilution of the Company's interests is, therefore, minimal and the Directors believe that the scheme provides a useful incentive which closely aligns the interests of key individuals within the Manager's staff with those of the Shareholders; and

the investment management agreement is terminable, by either party, on the expiry of six months' notice. The appointment
may be terminated without compensation if, inter alia, a receiver, liquidator or administrator of the Manager or the Company
is appointed, or if the Manager or the Company commits a material breach of the relevant Management Agreement (and if
such a breach is capable of remedy and is not remedied within 28 days), or if the Manager ceases to be authorised to carry on
investment business under the Financial Services Act 1986.

In light of investment performance achieved by the Manager, together with the standard of company secretarial and administrative services provided, the Board considers that the continued appointment of the Manager on the stated terms is in the best interests of the Company and its Shareholders.

It should be noted that, as at 17 June 2011, Maven Capital Partners and certain of its executives hold, in aggregate, 616,591 of the Company's Ordinary Shares of 10p each, representing 1.6% of the issued share capital at that date.

#### VAT on investment management fees

Following the statement by the Chancellor of the Exchequer in the March 2008 Budget, Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs (HMRC) announced that, from 1 October 2008, all VCTs would be exempt from VAT on management fees and, in addition, VCTs would be able to be able to claim back VAT paid in the previous three years. Following negotiations between HMRC and Aberdeen Asset Management PLC (Aberdeen), the parent company of the former Manager, the Company received an offer from Aberdeen to refund all VAT charged on investment management fees for the period from 1 October 2005 to 31 August 2008. As stated in last year's Annual Report, this offer was accepted by the Directors, subject to reservation of the Company's rights in respect of sums not repaid for earlier periods, and the amount received of £256,926 received during the year under review was recognised within the Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2010 and allocated to revenue and capital in accordance with the underlying accounting policy. The Board will continue its dialogue with Aberdeen with a view to making further recovery of any amounts due to the Company.

#### **Auditor**

So far as the Directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the Company's Auditor is unaware, and each of the Directors has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a Director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's Auditor is aware of that information.

Resolution 6, to re-appoint Deloitte LLP as Auditor, will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting, along with Resolution 7, to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration.

# Purchase of Ordinary Shares

During the year ended 28 February 2011, the Company bought back 211,467 of its own shares (2010: 378,088), representing 0.60% of the issued share capital at 28 February 2010 (2009: 1.07%), at a weighted average price of 48.9p per share and an aggregate cost, including expenses, of £103,889 (2010: £159,836). These shares have been cancelled and removed from the register.

A Special Resolution, numbered 10 in the Notice of Meeting, will be put to Shareholders at the Annual General Meeting for their approval to renew the Company's authority to purchase in the market a maximum of 14.99% of the shares in issue (5,960,168 Ordinary Shares) at 3 May 2011. Such authority will expire on the date of the next Annual General Meeting or after a period of 15 months from the date of the passing of the Resolution, whichever is the earlier. This means, in effect, that the authority will have to be renewed at the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held in 2012.

Purchases of shares will be made within guidelines established from time to time by the Board, but only if it is considered that such purchases would be to the advantage of the Company and its Shareholders when taken as a whole. Purchases will be made in the market at prices below the prevailing NAV per share. Under the Listing Rules of the UK Listing Authority, the maximum price that may be paid on the exercise of this authority must not exceed 105% of the average of the middle-market quotations for the shares over the five business days immediately preceding the date of purchase. The minimum price that may be paid is 10p per share. In making purchases, the Company will deal only with member firms of the London Stock Exchange. Shares which are purchased will be held in Treasury until either being re-issued or cancelled.

Purchases of shares by the Company will be made from distributable reserves and will normally be paid out of cash balances held by the Company from time to time. As any purchases will be made at a discount to NAV at the time of purchase, the NAV of the remaining Ordinary Shares in issue should increase as a result of any such purchase.

Shares will not be purchased by the Company in the period of 60 days immediately preceding the notification of the Company's Interim Report and the 60 days immediately preceding the announcement of the Annual Report or, if shorter, the period from the end of the Company's relevant financial period up to and including the time of the relevant announcement.

# Issue of new Ordinary Shares

Resolution numbered 8 in the Notice of Meeting will be put to Shareholders at the Annual General Meeting for their approval for the Company to issue up to an aggregate nominal amount of £397,609 (equivalent to 3,976,090 Ordinary Shares or 10% of the total issued share capital at 3 May 2011). Further issues of new Ordinary Shares may only be made at, or at a premium to, Net Asset Value per share, thus ensuring existing investors will not be disadvantaged by such issues. The proceeds of any issue may be used to purchase the Company's shares in the market or to fund further investments in accordance with the Company's investment policy. This authority shall expire either at the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company or on the expiry of 15 months from the passing of the Resolution, whichever is the first to occur. This means, in effect, that the authority will have to be renewed at the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held in 2012.

When shares are to be allotted for cash, Section 561(1) of the Companies Act 2006 provides that existing Shareholders have preemption rights and that the new shares are offered first to such Shareholders in proportion to their existing shareholdings. However, Shareholders can, by special resolution, authorise the Directors to allot shares otherwise than by a pro-rata issue to existing Shareholders. Resolution 9 will, if passed, give the Directors power to allot for cash, Ordinary Shares up to an aggregate nominal amount of £397,609 (equivalent to 3,976,090 Ordinary Shares or 10% of the total issued share capital at 3 May 2011) as if Section 561(1) does not apply. This is the same amount of share capital that the Directors are seeking the authority to allot pursuant to Resolution 8. The authority will also expire either at the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company or on the expiry of 15 months from the passing of the Resolution, whichever is the first to occur. This means, in effect, that the authority will have to be renewed at the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held in 2012. The Company will not use this authority in connection with a rights issue.

## Share capital

As at 28 February 2011 the Company's share capital amounted to 38,249,033 Ordinary Shares of 10p each.

Subsequent to the year end, the Company issued a further 1,511,929 shares at an issue price of 63.4p in pursuant to the Linked VCT Top-up Offer and, as at 3 May 2011, the Company's share capital amounted to 39,760,962 Ordinary Shares of 10p each.

Further details are included in Note 12 to the Financial Statements.

## Principal activity and status

The Company's affairs have been conducted, and will continue to be conducted, in a manner to satisfy the conditions to enable it to continue to obtain approval as a Venture Capital Trust under Section 274 of the Income Tax Act 2007. HM Revenue and Customs will grant Section 274 status, if requested, provided that the Company's affairs have been conducted in such a manner as to satisfy the conditions of that Section of the Act. Such approval was last granted in respect of the year ended 28 February 2010.

#### Corporate governance

The Statement of Corporate Governance is shown on pages 28 to 32.

#### Political and charitable donations

The Company did not make any political or charitable donations during the year ended 28 February 2011 (2010: nil).

#### Creditor payment policy

The Company's creditor payment policy is to agree terms of payment before business is transacted, to ensure suppliers are aware of these terms and to settle bills in accordance with them. The Company did not have any material trade creditors at the year end.

#### Financial instruments

The Company's financial instruments comprise its investment portfolio, cash balances and debtors and creditors that arise directly from its operations, including accrued income and purchases and sales awaiting settlement. The main risks that the Company faces arising from its financial instruments are disclosed in Note 18 to the Financial Statements.

#### Share premium account and capital redemption reserve

In a Circular to Shareholders dated 19 February 2010, the Board set out proposals for the cancellation of the share premium account and the capital redemption reserve of the Company and these proposals were approved by Shareholders at a General Meeting held on 17 March 2010. The Companies Court sanctioned the cancellation of the share premium account and the capital redemption reserve on 21 April 2010 and the special distributable reserve has been increased accordingly.

## Going concern

The Company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development and performance, are set out in this Directors' Report, and the financial position of the Company is described in the Chairman's Statement. In addition, Note 18 to the Financial Statements includes: the Company's objectives, policies and processes for managing its financial risks; details of its financial instruments; and its exposures to market price risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. The Directors believe that the Company is well placed to manage its business risks.

Having made suitable enquiries, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate financial resources to enable it to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and, accordingly, they have continued to adopt the going concern basis when preparing the Annual Report and Financial Statements.

## **Annual General Meeting**

The Annual General Meeting will be held on 20 July 2011, and the Notice of Meeting is contained on pages 51 to 56.

By order of the Board

Maven Capital Partners UK LLP Secretary

17 June 2011

# **Directors' Remuneration Report**

The Board has prepared this report, in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006. An Ordinary Resolution for the approval of this report will be put to the Members of the Company at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

The law requires the Company's Auditor to audit certain of the disclosures provided. Where disclosures have been audited, they are indicated as such. The Auditor's opinion is included in their report on pages 34 and 35.

#### Remuneration Committee

At 28 February 2011, the Company had four non-executive Directors and their biographies are shown in the Your Board section of the Annual Report. The whole Board fulfils the function of a Remuneration Committee, which is chaired by Sir Charles Stuart-Menteth Bt. The names of the Directors who served during the year together with the fees paid during the year are shown in the table opposite.

During the year ended 28 February 2011, the Board was not provided with advice or services by any person in respect of its consideration of the Directors' remuneration. However, in the application of the Board's policy on Directors' remuneration, as defined below, the Committee expects, from time to time, to review the fees paid to the directors of other venture capital trust companies.

## Policy on Directors' remuneration

The Board's policy is that the remuneration of the Directors, all of whom are non-executive, should reflect the experience of the Board as a whole and be fair and comparable to that of other venture capital trusts with a similar capital structure and similar investment objectives. It is intended that this policy will continue for the year ended 29 February 2012 and subsequent years.

The Company's policy is for the Directors to be remunerated in the form of fees, payable quarterly in arrears, to the Director personally or to a third party specified by him or her. The fees for the Directors are determined within the limits set out in the Company's Articles of Association, which limit the aggregate of the fees payable to the Directors to £100,000 per annum. The Company's policy is that fees payable to the Directors should reflect the time spent by them on the Company's affairs and should be sufficient to enable candidates of a high quality to be recruited and retained. Non-executive Directors do not receive bonuses, pension benefits, share options, long-term incentive schemes or other benefits.

During the year ended 28 February 2010, the Remuneration Committee carried out a review of the remuneration policy and the level of Directors' fees and concluded that, no change should be made to the base level of Directors' remuneration at that stage, but that the additional amount payable to the Chairman should be increased by £1,000 per annum with effect from 1 March 2010. During the year ended 28 February 2011, the Remuneration Committee carried out a further review of the remuneration policy and the level of Directors' fees and, once again, concluded that no change should be made to the level of Directors' remuneration. It was also agreed that the policy would be to continue to review these rates from time to time.

#### Directors' and Officers' liability insurance

The Company purchases and maintains liability insurance covering the Directors and Officers of the Company. This insurance is not a benefit in kind, nor does it form part of the Directors' remuneration.

#### Directors' service contracts

None of the Directors has a contract of service or contract for services and a Director may resign by giving notice in writing to the Board at any time; there are no set notice periods. All Directors are appointed for an initial period of three years and this period may be varied by mutual consent.

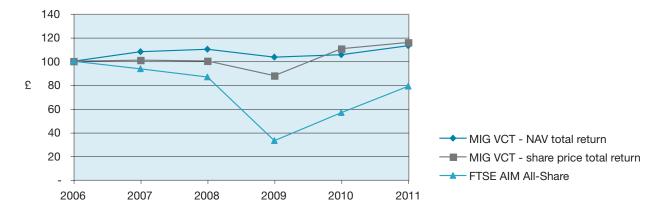
The Articles of Association provide that, at the Annual General Meeting each year, one third of the Directors for the time being (or if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to one third) shall be subject to retirement by rotation. Directors, therefore, shall retire and be subject to re-election at the first Annual General Meeting following their appointment and, thereafter, shall be obliged to retire by rotation, with the option to offer themselves for re-election, at least once every three years.

No compensation is payable for loss of office, save any arrears of fees which may be due.

# Company performance

The graph opposite compares the total return on an investment of £100 in the Ordinary Shares of the Company, for each annual accounting period for the five years to 28 February 2011, assuming all dividends are reinvested, with the total shareholder return on a notional investment of £100 made up of shares of the same kinds and number as those by reference to which the FTSE AIM All-share index is calculated. This index was chosen for comparison purposes as it is the most relevant to the Company's investment portfolio.

# Total return performance



Source: Maven Capital Partners UK LLP/Factset

Please note that past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance.

# Directors' emoluments for the year (audited)

The Directors who served during the year received the following emoluments in the form of fees:

	Year ended 28 February 2011 £	Year ended 28 February 2010 £
Chairman:		
John D W Pocock (appointed Chairman on 8 July 201	0) 16,575	14,000
Directors:		
Arthur G MacMillan	15,000	15,000
Sir Charles G Stuart-Menteth Bt	14,000	14,000
Fiona E Wollocombe (Chairman until 8 July 2010)	15,425	17,000
Total	61,000	60,000

No Director has received any taxable expenses, compensation for loss of office or non-cash benefit for the year ended 28 February 2011 (2010: £nil).

# Approval

The Directors' Remuneration Report was approved by the Board of Directors and signed on its behalf by:

John D W Pocock Director 17 June 2011

# Statement of Corporate Governance

The Company is committed to a high standard of corporate governance. The Board has put in place a framework for corporate governance that it believes is appropriate for a venture capital trust and which enables it to comply with the Combined Code, published in June 2008. The new UK Code of Corporate Governance will apply for the financial year beginning on 1 March 2011. The Listing Rules of the UK Listing Authority require the Board to report on compliance with the provisions of the Combined Code and this statement describes how the principles and supporting principles identified in the Combined Code have been applied by the Company during the year ended 28 February 2011, except where disclosed below.

The exceptions to Compliance with the Combined Code, which are explained below, were as follows:

- a senior non-executive Director has not been appointed (Code requirement A3.3) as the Board considers that each of the
  Directors has different qualities and areas of expertise on which they may lead and consequently, no individual has unfettered
  powers of decision; and
- Mr MacMillan and Sir Charles Stuart-Menteth Bt have both served as Directors for a period in excess of the recommended limit
  of nine years (Code provision A.3.1). The Board's view on whether length of service is a factor in determining if a Director may
  continue to serve is set out under "Policy on tenure".

In addition, it should be noted that Mr MacMillan declared an interest as a former non-executive Chairman of Dalglen 1148 Limited, a business in which both he and the Company have an investment, a position which he held until December 2010.

#### The Board

The Board currently consists of four Directors, all of whom are considered to be independent of the investment manager (Maven Capital Partners UK LLP, or the Manager) and free of any relationship which could materially interfere with the exercise of their independent judgement. The biographies of the Directors appear in the Your Board section of this report and indicate their high level and range of investment, industrial, commercial and professional experience.

The Board sets the Company's values and objectives and ensures that its obligations to Shareholders are met. It has formally adopted a schedule of matters which are required to be brought to it for decision, thus ensuring that it maintains full and effective control over appropriate strategic, financial, operational and compliance issues. These matters include:

- the appointment and removal of the Manager and the terms and conditions of any management and administration agreements;
- the maintenance of clear investment objectives and risk management policies;
- the monitoring of the business activities of the Company;
- Companies Act requirements such as the approval of the Interim and Annual Financial Statements and the approval and recommendation of interim and final dividends;
- major changes relating to the Company's structure, including share buy-backs and share issues;
- Board appointments and related matters;
- terms of reference and membership of Board Committees; and
- Stock Exchange, UK Listing Authority and Financial Services Authority matters, such as approval of all circulars, listing particulars and releases concerning matters decided by the Board.

As required by the Companies Act 2006 and permitted by the Articles of Association, Directors notify the Company of any situation which might give rise to the potential for a conflict of interest, so that the Board may consider and, if appropriate, approve such situations. A register of potential conflicts of interest for Directors is reviewed regularly by the Board and the Directors notify the Company whenever there is a change in the nature of a registered conflict, or whenever a new conflict situation arises.

There is an agreed procedure for Directors to take independent professional advice, if necessary, at the Company's expense.

The Directors have access to the advice and services of the corporate Company Secretary through its appointed representatives who are responsible to the Board for:

- ensuring that Board procedures are complied with;
- · under the direction of the Chairman, ensuring good information flows within the Board and its Committees; and
- advising on corporate governance matters.

An induction meeting will be arranged by the Manager on the appointment of any new Director, covering details about the Company, the Manager, legal responsibilities and venture capital industry matters. Directors are provided, on a regular basis, with key information on the Company's policies, regulatory and statutory requirements and internal controls. Changes affecting Directors' responsibilities are advised to the Board as they arise.

The Chairman of the Company is a non-executive Director and is Chairman of the Management Engagement and Nomination Committees as the other Directors considers that he has the skills and experience relevant to these roles.

The Board meets at least four times each year and, between Meetings, maintains regular contact with the Manager. The primary focus of quarterly Board Meetings is a review of investment performance and related matters including asset allocation, peer group information and industry issues. During the year ended 28 February 2011, the Board held four quarterly Board Meetings and seven Meetings by telephone to discuss specific matters. In addition, there were two Meetings of the Audit Committee and one each of the Management Engagement, Nomination and Remuneration Committees.

Directors have attended Board and Committee Meetings during the year ended 28 February 2011 as follows:

Director	Board	Telephone	Audit Committee	Management Engagement Committee	Nomination Committee	Remuneration Committee
John D W Pocock (Chairman from 8 July 2010)	4	6	2	1	1	1
Arthur G MacMillan	4	6	2	1	1	1
Sir Charles G Stuart-Menteth Bt	4	5	2	1	1	1
Fiona E Wollocombe (Chairman until 8 July 2010)	4	5	2	1	1	1

Meetings of the Management Engagement, Nomination and Remuneration Committees were held in January 2011 to review, among other things, the performance of the Manager, the appointment and re-election of Directors, the effectiveness of the Board and its Committees and the remuneration policy.

To enable the Board to function effectively and allow Directors to discharge their responsibilities, full and timely access is given to all relevant information. In the case of Board meetings, this consists of a comprehensive set of papers, including the Manager's review and discussion documents regarding specific matters. The Directors make further enquiries when necessary.

The Board and its Committees have undertaken a process for their annual performance evaluation, using questionnaires and discussion to ensure that Directors have devoted a sufficient time and contribute adequately to the work of the Board and its Committees. The Chairman is subject to evaluation by his fellow Directors.

#### Directors' terms of appointment

All non-executive Directors are appointed for an initial term of three years, subject to re-election and Companies Act provisions, and in accordance with the Articles of Association stand for election at the first Annual General Meeting following their appointment. The Articles of Association also state that Directors must offer themselves for re-election at least once every three years.

#### Policy on tenure

The Board's policy on tenure is that Directors need not serve on the Board for a limited period of time only. The Board does not consider that the length of service of a Director is as important as the contribution he or she has to make and, therefore, the length of service will be determined on a case by case basis.

#### Committees

Each of the Committees has been established with written terms of reference and comprises the full Board, the members of which are all independent and free from any relationship that would interfere with important judgement in carrying out their responsibilities. The terms of reference of each of the Committees, which are available on request from the Registered Office of the Company, are reviewed and re-assessed for their adequacy at each Meeting.

#### **Audit Committee**

The Audit Committee, chaired by Mr MacMillan, held two Meetings during the year ended 28 February 2011. The Board is satisfied that at least one member of the Committee has recent and relevant financial experience.

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee include:

- the review of the effectiveness of the internal control environment of the Company, including the receipt of reports from internal and external auditors on a regular basis;
- the review of the Interim and Annual Reports and Financial Statements;
- the review of the terms of appointment of the Auditor, together with their remuneration, including any non-audit services provided by the Auditor;
- the review of the scope and results of the audit and the independence and objectivity of the Auditor;
- the review of the Auditor's Board Report and any required response;
- meetings with representatives of the Manager; and
- making appropriate recommendations to the Board.

At each Meeting, the Audit Committee examined the Annual or Interim Report and Financial Statements, reviewed the Company's internal controls and, when considering the Annual Report, reviewed the scope of the audit and the Auditor's management report to the Board. No significant weaknesses in the control environment were identified.

The Company has in place a policy governing and controlling the provision of non-audit services by the external Auditor, so as to safeguard their independence and objectivity. Shareholders are asked to approve the re-appointment, and the Directors' responsibility for the remuneration, of the Auditor at each Annual General Meeting. Any non-audit work, other than interim reviews, requires the specific approval of the Audit Committee in each case. Non-audit work, where independence may be compromised or conflicts arise, is prohibited and the Audit Committee considers the external Auditor, Deloitte LLP which also provides tax services to the Company, to be independent.

Details of the amounts paid to the Auditor during the year for audit and other services are set out in Note 4 to the Financial Statements.

#### **Management Engagement Committee**

The Management Engagement Committee is chaired by the Chairman of the Company and annually reviews the management contract with the Manager, details of which are shown in the Directors' Report. There was one Meeting held during the year ended 28 February 2011, at which the Committee considered the management contract and recommended the continued appointment of the Manager.

#### **Nomination Committee**

The Chairman of the Company is Chairman of the Nomination Committee and one Meeting was held during the year ended 28 February 2011.

The Committee makes recommendations to the Board on the following matters:

- the evaluation of the performance of the Board and its Committees;
- succession planning;
- the identification and nomination of candidates to fill Board vacancies, as and when they arise, for the approval of the Board;
- the re-appointment of any non-executive Director at the conclusion of their specified term of office;
- the re-election by Shareholders of any Director under the retirement by rotation provisions in the Company's Articles of Association;
- · the continuation in office of any Director at any time; and
- the appointment of any Director to another office, such as Chairman of the Audit Committee, other than to the position of Chairman.

At its Meeting in January 2011, the Nomination Committee recommended to the Board the re-election of Mr Pocock and Sir Charles Stuart-Menteth Bt at the Annual General Meeting on the following basis:

- Mr Pocock has extensive experience in the information technology, financial services and investment trust sectors, and displays
  a committed and independent approach to the business of the Company; and
- Sir Charles Stuart-Menteth Bt has considerable knowledge of corporate finance and also displays a committed and independent approach to the business of the Company.

The Board has endorsed these recommendations and, accordingly, Resolutions 4 and 5 will be put to the Annual General Meeting.

#### Remuneration Committee and Directors' Remuneration

Where a venture capital trust has only non-executive directors, the Combined Code principles relating to directors' remuneration do not apply. However, the Company does have a Remuneration Committee, comprising the full Board and which is chaired by Sir Charles G Stuart-Menteth Bt. The Committee held one Meeting during the year ended 28 February 2011 to review the policy for, and the level of, Directors' Remuneration.

The level of remuneration for the Directors has been set in order to attract and retain individuals of a calibre appropriate to the future development of the Company. The Company's policy on Directors' Remuneration, together with details of the remuneration of each Director, is detailed in the Directors' Remuneration Report.

#### Internal control

The Board of Directors of Maven Income and Growth VCT PLC has overall responsibility for the Company's system of internal control and for reviewing its effectiveness. As the Directors have delegated the investment management, company secretarial and administrative functions of the Company to the Manager, the Board considers that it is appropriate for the Company's internal controls to be monitored by the Manager, rather than by the Company itself. The Directors confirm that there is an ongoing process for identifying, evaluating and managing the significant risks faced by the Company, which has been in place for the full year under review and up to the date of approval of the Annual Report and Financial Statements. This process is regularly reviewed by the Board and accords with the guidance for directors on internal control: "Internal Control: Guidance for Directors on the Combined Code" (the Turnbull Guidance).

The Board has reviewed the effectiveness of the system of internal control and, in particular, it has reviewed the process for identifying and evaluating the significant risks affecting the Company and the policies and procedures by which these risks are managed. The Directors have delegated the management of the Company's assets to the Manager and this embraces implementation of the system of internal control, including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management. Internal control systems are monitored and supported by the internal audit function of the Manager, which undertakes periodic examination of business processes, including compliance with the terms of the Management and Administration Deed, and ensures that recommendations to improve controls are implemented.

Risks are identified through a risk management framework by each function within the Manager's activities. Risk is considered in the context of the Turnbull Guidance and includes financial, regulatory, market, operational and reputational risk. This helps the internal audit risk model identify those functions most appropriate for review. Any errors or weaknesses identified are reported to the Company and timetables are agreed for implementing improvements to systems. The implementation of any remedial action required is monitored and feedback provided to the Board.

The key components designed to provide effective internal control for the year under review and up to the date of this report are:

- the Manager prepares forecasts and management accounts which allow the Board to assess the Company's activities and review its investment performance;
- the Board and Manager have agreed clearly defined investment criteria, specified levels of authority and exposure limits. Reports on these issues, including performance statistics and investment valuations, are submitted regularly to the Board;
- the Manager's evaluation procedure and financial analysis of the companies concerned include detailed appraisal and due diligence;
- the compliance team of the Manager continually review the Manager's operations;
- written agreements are in place which specifically define the roles and responsibilities of the Manager and other third party service providers;
- clearly documented contractual arrangements exist in respect of any activities that have been delegated to external professional organisations;
- the Board carries out a six-monthly assessment of internal controls by considering reports from the Manager including its internal control and compliance functions, and taking account of events since the relevant period end; and
- the internal audit function of the Manager reports annually to the Audit Committee and has direct access to the Directors at any time.

The internal control systems are intended to meet the Company's particular needs and the risks to which it is exposed. Accordingly, these systems are designed to manage, rather than eliminate, the risk of failure to achieve business goals and, by their nature, can provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement of loss.

## External agencies

The Board has contractually delegated to external agencies, including the Manager, certain services: the management of the investment portfolio, the custodial services (which include the safeguarding of assets), the registration services and the day to day accounting and company secretarial requirements. Each of these contracts was entered into after full and proper consideration by the Board of the quality and cost of services offered. The Board receives and considers reports from the Manager and other external agencies on a regular basis. In addition, ad hoc reports and information are supplied to the Board as requested.

# Accountability and audit

The Statement of Directors' Responsibilities in Relation to the Financial Statements is on page 33 and a statement of going concern is included in the Directors' Report on page 25. The Independent Auditor's Report is on pages 34 and 35 and it should be noted that the Auditor, Deloitte LLP, rotates the partner responsible for the Company's audit every five years.

# Exercise of voting powers

The Directors believe that the exercise of voting rights lies at the heart of regulation and the promotion of good corporate governance and, therefore, the Board has given discretionary powers to the Manager to vote in respect of the holdings in the Company's investment portfolio.

#### Socially responsible investment policy

The Directors and the Manager are aware of their duty to act in the interests of the Company. They acknowledge that there are risks associated with investment in companies which fail to conduct business in a socially responsible manner and the Directors, therefore, ensure that the Manager takes regular account of the social environment and ethical factors that may affect the performance or value of the Company's investments.

#### Communication with Shareholders

The Company places a great deal of importance on communication with its Shareholders. The Annual General Meeting is an event that all Shareholders are welcome to attend and participate in. The Notice of Meeting sets out the business of the Annual General Meeting and the Resolutions are explained more fully in the Directors' Report and in the Directors' Remuneration Report. Separate Resolutions are proposed for each substantive issue and Shareholders have the opportunity to put questions to the Board and to the Manager. The results of proxy voting are relayed to Shareholders after each Resolution has been voted on by a show of hands. Nominated persons, often the beneficial owners of shares held for them by nominee companies, may attend Shareholder Meetings and are invited to contact the registered shareholder, normally a nominee company, in the first instance in order to be nominated to attend the Meeting and to vote in respect of the shares held for them. It is in the nature of a venture capital trust that it generally has few major shareholders.

As required under the Combined Code, the Annual Report is posted to Shareholders at least twenty business days before the Annual General Meeting. Annual and Interim Reports and Financial Statements are distributed to Shareholders and other parties who have an interest in the Company's performance. Shareholders and potential investors may obtain up-to-date information on the Company through the Manager and the Secretary, and the Company responds to letters from Shareholders on a wide range of issues. In order to ensure that the Directors develop an understanding of the views of Shareholders, correspondence between Shareholders and the Manager or the Chairman is copied to the Board. The Company's web pages are hosted on the Manager's website, and can be visited at www.mavencp.com/migvct from where Annual and Interim Reports, Stock Exchange Announcements and other information can be viewed, printed or downloaded. Access to further information about the Manager can be gained from www.mavencp.com.

# Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report, Directors' Remuneration Report and the Financial Statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare Financial Statements for each financial year. Under that law, the Directors have elected to prepare the Financial Statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The Financial Statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the net return of the Company for that period. In preparing these Financial Statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the Financial Statements; and
- prepare the Financial Statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the Financial Statements comply with the Companies Act. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of Financial Statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

## Responsibility Statement of the Directors in respect of the Annual Report and Financial Statements

The Directors believe that, to the best of their knowledge:

- the Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the applicable accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the Company as at 28 February 2011 and for the year to that date; and
- the Directors' Report includes a fair review of the development and performance of the Company, together with a description of the principal risks and uncertainties that it faces.

By order of the Board

Maven Capital Partners UK LLP Secretary

17 June 2011

# Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Maven Income and Growth VCT PLC

We have audited the Financial Statements of Maven Income and Growth VCT PLC for the year ended 28 February 2011 which comprise the Income Statement, the Reconciliation of Movements in Shareholders' Funds, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement and the related Notes 1 to 18. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

## Respective responsibilities of Directors and Auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the Financial Statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the Financial Statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

## Scope of the audit of the Financial Statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the Financial Statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the Financial Statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the Directors; and the overall presentation of the Financial Statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited Financial Statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

#### **Opinion on Financial Statements**

In our opinion the Financial Statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 28 February 2011 and of its return for the year then ended;
- · have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

# Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion:

- the part of the Directors' Remuneration Report to be audited has been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006; and
- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the Financial Statements are prepared is consistent
  with the Financial Statements. The information given in the Directors' Report includes the specific information presented in the
  Chairman's Statement and in the Investment Manager's Review that is cross-referenced from the Business Review section of the
  Directors' Report.

# Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following:

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the Financial Statements and the part of the Directors' Remuneration Report to be audited are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Under the Listing Rules we are required to review:

- the Directors' statement contained within the Directors' Report in relation to going concern;
- the part of the Corporate Governance Statement relating to the Company's compliance with the nine provisions of the June 2008 Combined Code specified for our review; and
- certain elements of the report to Shareholders by the Board on Directors' remuneration.

David Claxton ACA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors Glasgow, United Kingdom

17 June 2011

# **Income Statement**

# For the year ended 28 February 2011

		Year ended 28 February 2011			Year ended 28 February 2010		
	Notes	Revenue £'000	Capital £'000	Total £'000	Revenue £'000	Capital £'000	Total £'000
Investment income and deposit interest	2	864	-	864	1,047	-	1,047
Investment management fees	3	(92)	(367)	(459)	(11)	(42)	(53)
Other expenses	4	(345)	-	(345)	(287)	-	(287)
Gains on investments	8	-	2,599	2,599	-	114	114
Net return on ordinary activities before tax	xation	427	2,232	2,659	749	72	821
Tax on ordinary activities	5	(76)	76	-	(186)	11	(175)
Return attributable to Equity Shareholders		351	2,308	2,659	563	83	646
Earnings per share (pence)		0.9	6.1	7.0	1.6	0.2	1.8

A Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses has not been prepared, as all gains and losses are recognised in the Income Statement.

All items in the above statement are derived from continuing operations. The Company has only one class of business and derives its income from investments made in shares, securities and bank deposits.

The total column of this Statement is the Profit and Loss Account of the Company.

# Reconciliation of Movements in Shareholders' Funds

# For the year ended 28 February 2011

		Year ended	Year ended
	28 February 2011		28 February 2010
	Notes	£'000	£'000
Opening Shareholders' funds		21,797	22,371
Net return for year		2,659	646
Proceeds of 2010 share issue		1,864	-
Proceeds of 2011 share issue		267	-
Repurchase and cancellation of shares	13	(104)	(160)
Dividends paid - revenue	6	(228)	(1,060)
Dividends paid - capital	6	(1,291)	-
Closing Shareholders' funds		24,964	21,797

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

## **Balance Sheet**

## As at 28 February 2011

		28 February 2011		28 Feb	oruary 2010
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	8		21,395		18,564
Current assets					
Debtors	10	590		765	
Cash and overnight deposits		3,166		2,775	
		3,756		3,540	
Creditors					
Amounts falling due within one year	11	187		307	
Net current assets			3,569		3,233
Net assets			24,964		21,797
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	12		3,825		3,497
Share premium account	13		381		17,235
Capital reserve - realised	13		(4,733)		(1,835)
Capital reserve - unrealised	13		(2,568)		(6,483)
Special distributable reserve	13		27,697		8,777
Capital redemption reserve	13		21		388
Revenue reserve	13		341		218
Net assets attributable to Equity Shareholders			24,964		21,797
Net asset value per Ordinary Share (pence)	14		65.3		62.3

The Financial Statements of Maven Income and Growth VCT PLC, registered number 03908220 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 17 June 2011 on its behalf by:

## John D W Pocock Director

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

# Cash Flow Statement

## For the year ended 28 February 2011

		28 Feb	ruary 2011	28 Feb	ruary 2010
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Operating activities					
Investment income received		773		1,347	
Deposit interest received		14		25	
Investment management fees paid		(65)		(390)	
Secretarial fees paid		(59)		(72)	
Directors expenses paid		(61)		(60)	
Other cash payments		(214)		(178)	
Net cash inflow from operating activities	15		388		672
Taxation					
Corporation tax paid		(174)		(232)	
			(174)		(232)
Financial investment					
Purchase of investments		(3,662)		(3,288)	
Sale of investments		3,331		5,733	
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from financial investment			(331)		2,445
Equity dividends paid			(1,519)		(1,060)
Net cash (outflow)/inflow before financing			(1,636)		1,825
Financing					
Issue of Ordinary Shares		2,131		-	
Repurchase of Ordinary Shares		(104)		(160)	
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing			2,027		(160)
Increase in cash	16		391		1,665

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

## For the year ended 28 February 2011

## 1 Accounting Policies - UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice

### (a) Basis of preparation

The Financial Statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of investments, and in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice 'Financial Statements of Investment Trust Companies and Venture Capital Trusts' (the SORP) issued in January 2009. The disclosures on going concern in the Directors' Report on page 25 form part of these Financial Statements.

#### (b) Income

Dividends receivable on equity shares and unit trusts are treated as revenue for the period on an ex-dividend basis. Where no ex-dividend date is available dividends receivable on or before the year end are treated as revenue for the period. Provision is made for any dividends not expected to be received. The fixed returns on debt securities and non-equity shares are recognised on a time apportionment basis so as to reflect the effective interest rate on the debt securities and shares. Provision is made for any fixed income not expected to be received. Interest receivable from cash and short term deposits and interest payable are accrued to the end of the year.

#### (c) Expenses

All expenses are accounted for on an accruals basis and charged to the income statement. Expenses are charged through the revenue account except as follows:

- · expenses which are incidental to the acquisition and disposal of an investment are charged to capital; and
- expenses are charged to realised capital reserves where a connection with the maintenance or enhancement of the
  value of the investments can be demonstrated. In this respect the investment management fee has been allocated 20%
  to revenue and 80% to realised capital reserves to reflect the Company's investment policy and prospective income and
  capital growth.

## (d) Taxation

Deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date, where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. This is subject to deferred tax assets only being recognised if it is considered more likely than not that there will be suitable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Timing differences are differences arising between the Company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the Financial Statements which are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods.

Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. The tax effect of different items of income/gain and expenditure/loss is allocated between capital reserves and revenue account on the same basis as the particular item to which it relates using the Company's effective rate of tax for the period.

## (e) Investments

In valuing unlisted investments the Directors follow the criteria set out below. These procedures comply with the revised International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuation Guidelines (IPEVCV) for the valuation of private equity and venture capital investments. Investments are recognised at their trade date and are designated by the Directors as fair value through profit and loss. At subsequent reporting dates, investments are valued at fair value, which represents the Directors' view of the amount for which an asset could be exchanged between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction. This does not assume that the underlying business is saleable at the reporting date or that its current shareholders have an intention to sell their holding in the near future.

A financial asset or liability is generally derecognised when the contract that gives rise to it is settled, sold, cancelled or expires.

- For Investments completed within the 12 months prior to the reporting date and those at an early stage in their development, fair value is determined using the Price of Recent Investment Method, except that adjustments are made when there has been a material change in the trading circumstances of the company or a substantial movement in the relevant sector of the stock market.
- 2. Whenever practical, recent investments will be valued by reference to a material arm's length transaction or a quoted price.
- 3. Mature companies are valued by applying a multiple to their fully taxed prospective earnings to determine the enterprise value of the company.
  - 3.1 To obtain a valuation of the total ordinary share capital held by management and the institutional investors, the value of third party debt, institutional loan stock, debentures and preference share capital is deducted from the enterprise value. The effect of any performance related mechanisms is taken into account when determining the value of the ordinary share capital.
  - 3.2 Preference shares, debentures and loan stock are valued using the Price of Recent Investment Method. When a redemption premium has accrued, this will only be valued if there is a reasonable prospect of it being paid. Preference shares which carry a right to convert into ordinary share capital are valued at the higher of the Price of Recent Investment Method basis and the price/earnings basis, both described above.
- 4. Where there is evidence of impairment, a provision may be taken against the previous valuation of the investment.
- 5. In the absence of evidence of a deterioration, or strong defensible evidence of an increase in value, the fair value is determined to be that reported at the previous balance sheet date.
- 6. All unlisted investments are valued individually by the portfolio management team of Maven Capital Partners UK LLP. The resultant valuations are subject to detailed scrutiny and approval by the Directors of the Company.
- 7. In accordance with normal market practice, investments listed on AIM or a recognised stock exchange are valued at their bid market price.

#### (f) Fair value measurement

Fair value is defined as the price that the Company would receive upon selling an investment in a timely transaction to an independent buyer in the principal or the most advantageous market of the investment. A three-tier hierarchy has been established to maximise the use of observable market data and minimise the use of unobservable inputs and to establish classification of fair value measurements for disclosure purposes. Inputs refer broadly to the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risk, for example, the risk inherent in a particular valuation technique used to measure fair value including such a pricing model and/or the risk inherent in the inputs to the valuation technique. Inputs may be observable or unobservable.

Observable inputs are inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on best information available in the circumstances.

The three-tier hierarchy of inputs is summarised in the three broad levels listed below:

- Level 1 quoted prices in active markets for identical investments;
- Level 2 other significant observable inputs (included quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk etc); and
- Level 3 significant unobservable inputs (including the Company's own assumptions in determining the fair value of investments).

### (g) Gains and losses on investments

When the Company sells or revalues its investments during the year, any gains or losses arising are credited/charged to the Income Statement.

Investment income and deposit interest	Year ended 28 February 2011 £'000	Year ended 28 February 2010 £'000
Income from investments:		
UK franked investment income	65	40
UK unfranked investment income	736	910
Income from unlisted participating interests	49	75
	850	1,025
Interest receivable and similar income:		
Deposit interest	14	20
Other income	-	2
	14	22
Total income	864	1,047

3	Investment management fees	Ye	ar ended 28 Feb	ruary 2011	Year ended 28 February 2010			
		Revenue £'000	Capital £'000	Total £'000	Revenue £'000	Capital £'000	Total £'000	
	Minimum investment management							
	fees	65	257	322	62	248	310	
	Performance based investment							
	management fees	27	110	137	-	-	-	
		92	367	459	62	248	310	
	VAT reclaim*	-	-	-	(51)	(206)	(257)	
		92	367	459	11	42	53	

Details of the fee basis are contained in the Directors' Report.

<sup>\*</sup>During the year under review the Company received the sum of £256,926 in respect of a refund of VAT on management fees, which had been recognised in the year ending 28 February 2010.

Other expenses	Year ende	Year ended 28 February 2011			Year ended 28 February 2010		
	Revenue £'000	Capital £'000	Total £'000	Revenue £'000	Capital £'000	Total £'000	
Secretarial fees	59	-	59	58	-	58	
Directors' remuneration	61	-	61	60	-	60	
Fees to Auditors - audit services	15	-	15	14	-	14	
Fees to Auditors - tax services	4	-	4	4	-	4	
Miscellaneous expenses	206	-	206	151	-	151	
	345	-	345	287	-	287	

#### 5 Tax on ordinary activities Year ended 28 February 2011 Year ended 28 February 2010 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 Revenue Capital Total Revenue Capital Total Corporation tax (76) 76 \_ (186)11 (175)

## Factors affecting the tax charge for the year

The tax charge for the year shown in the Income Statement is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28%. (2009: 28%). The differences are explained below:

	Year ended 28 February 2011		11	Year ended 28 February 20		10
	Revenue	Capital	Total	Revenue	Capital	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Return on ordinary activities						
before tax	427	2,232	2,659	749	72	821
Revenue return on ordinary						
activities multiplied by standard						
rate of corporation tax	120	625	745	210	20	230
Non-taxable UK dividend						
income	(18)	-	(18)	(11)	-	(11)
Gains on investments	-	(728)	(728)	-	(32)	(32)
Adjustment from 2009	-	-	-	-	1	1
Smaller Companies Relief	(26)	27	1	(13)	-	(13)
	76	(76)	-	186	(11)	175

No provision for deferred tax has been made in the current or prior accounting period.

Dividends	Year ended	Year ended
Amounts recognised as distributions to equity Shareholders in	28 February 2011	28 February 2010
the year:	£'000	£'000
Revenue dividends		
Final revenue dividend for the year ended 28 February 2010 of		
0.5p (2009: 2.0p) paid on 23 July 2010	190	707
Special dividend for the year ended 28 February 2010 of 0.1p		
(2009: Nil) paid on 23 July 2010	38	-
Interim revenue dividend for the year ended 28 February 2011		
of nil (2010: 1.0p)	-	353
	228	1,060
Capital dividends		
Final capital dividend for the year ended 28 February 2010 of		
2.0p (2009: Nil) paid on 23 July 2010	761	-
Special dividend for the year ended 28 February 2010 of 0.4p		
(2009: Nil) paid on 23 July 2010	152	-
Interim Capital dividend for the year ended 28 February 2011	378	_
of 1.0p (2010: Nil) paid on 10 December 2010	010	
	1,291	-
Set out below are the total revenue dividends paid and proposed in requirements of Section 274 of the Income Tax Act 2007 are consider	•	is the basis on which the
Revenue dividends		
Revenue available for distribution by way of dividends		
for the year	351	563
Final revenue dividend for the year ended 28 February 2011		
of 1.0p (2010: 0.5p) payable on 22 July 2011	377	175
Canital dividends		

6

7

Revenue return

Capital return

Total return

Revenue dividends		
Revenue available for distribution by way of dividends		
for the year	351	563
Final revenue dividend for the year ended 28 February 2011		
of 1.0p (2010: 0.5p) payable on 22 July 2011	377	175
Capital dividends		
Final Capital dividend for the year ended 28 February 2011		
of 2.5p (2010: 2.0p) payable on 22 July 2011	942	700
Special dividend		
Special dividend for the year ended 28 February 2011		
of nil (2010: 0.5p)	-	175
Earnings per share	Year ended	Year ended
	28 February 2011	28 February 2010
The returns per share have been based on the following figures:		
Weighted average number of Ordinary Shares	37,682,987	35,008,842

£563,000

£83,000

£646,000

£351,000

£2,308,000

£2,659,000

## 8 Investments

## Year ended 28 February 2011

AIM/PLUS

Unlisted

(1,236)

1,350

114

	(quoted prices) £'000	(quoted prices) £'000	(unobservable inputs) £'000	(unobservable inputs) £'000	Total £'000
Valuation at 1 March 2010	1,218	1,524	41	15,781	18,564
Unrealised (gains)/losses	(12)	3,199	210	3,761	7,158
Cost at 1 March 2010	1,206	4,723	251	19,542	25,722
Purchases	-	69	-	3,500	3,569
Sales	(1,200)	(920)	-	(1,211)	(3,331)
Realised losses	-	(570)	-	(746)	(1,316)
Amortisation of book cost	(6)	-	-	-	(6)
Cost at 28 February 2011	-	3,302	251	21,085	24,638
Unrealised losses	-	(2,354)	(251)	(638)	(3,243)
Valuation at 28 February 2011	-	948	-	20,447	21,395
	28 Feb	oruary 2011 £'000		28 Fe	ebruary 2010 £'000

AIM/PLUS

Listed

The sale of certain investments has given rise to deferred considerations. The amounts to be recovered cannot yet be measured accurately, therefore no asset has been recognised in the Financial Statements.

(1,316)

3,915

2,599

Realised losses on historical basis

Net movement in unrealised losses

Gains on investments

## 9 Participating Interests

The principal activity of the Company is to select and hold a portfolio of investments in unlisted securities. Although the Company will, in some cases, be represented on the board of the investee company, it will not take a controlling interest or become involved in the management. The size and structure of the companies with unlisted securities may result in certain holdings in the portfolio representing a participating interest without there being any partnership, joint venture or management consortium agreement.

At 28 February 2011 the Company held shares amounting to 20% or more of the nominal value of the equity capital of the following undertakings:

## 28 February 2011

						Aggregate	Profit/(loss)
	%	%	Total	Carrying	Latest	capital and	after tax
	of class	of equity	cost	value	accounts	reserves	for period
Investment	held	held	£'000	£'000	period end	£'000	£'000
Beckford Capital Limited							
64,000 B ordinary shares	46.1	46.1	640	640	N/A	N/A	N/A
£576,000 loan stock	48.5						
House of Dorchester Holdings Limited							
975 A ordinary shares	32.5	44.2	607	1,422	31/12/09	1,134	125
1,235 B ordinary shares	61.8						
650 preference shares	65.0						
£151,450 secured loan stock 2009	21.7						
£260,000 secured loan stock 2012	65.0						
TPL Midlands Limited							
27,205,705 B ordinary shares	44.1	31.7	2,771	1,600	N/A	N/A	N/A
4,487 preference shares	44.9						
1,361,443 redeemable preference shares	100.0						
£1,132,874 loan stock	26.4						

The results of the above companies have not been incorporated in the income statement except to the extent of any income received and receivable. Other funds managed by Maven Capital Partners UK LLP are also invested in the above companies.

No audited accounts are available in respect of TPL Midlands Limited as the company was only incorporated in August 2009. No audited accounts are available in respect of Beckford Capital Limited.

The Company also holds shares or units amounting to 3% or more of the nominal value of the allotted shares or units of any class of certain investee companies. Details of the equity percentages held are shown in the Investment Portfolio Summary.

D Debtors	28 February 2011	28 February 2010	
	£'000	£'000	
Current taxation	4	7	
Prepayments and accrued income	586	501	
Sundry debtors	-	257	
	590	765	

11 Creditors	28 February 2011	28 February 2010	
	£'000	£'000	
Amounts falling due within one year:			
Accruals	187	40	
Corporation tax payable	-	173	
Sundry creditors	-	94	
	187	307	

12 Share capital	28	28 February 2010		
	Number	£'000	Number	£'000
At end February the authorised share capital comprised: allotted, issued and fully paid:				
Ordinary Shares of 10p each				
Balance brought forward	34,976,983	3,497	35,355,071	3,535
Issued during year	3,483,517	349	-	-
Repurchased and cancelled in year	(211,467)	(21)	(378,088)	(38)
Balance carried forward	38,249,033	3,825	34,976,983	3,497

During the year, 211,467 Ordinary Shares (2010: 378,088) of 10p each were repurchased by the Company at a total cost of £103,989 (2010: £159,836) and cancelled.

Movement in reserves	Year ended 28 February 2011						
	Share premium account £'000	Capital reserve - realised £'000	Capital reserve - unrealised £'000	Special distributable reserve £'000	Capital redemption reserve £'000	Revenue reserve £'000	
At 1 March 2010	17,235	(1,835)	(6,483)	8,777	388	218	
Losses on sales of investments	-	(1,316)	-	-	-	-	
Net increase in value of investments	-	-	3,915	-	-	-	
Investment management fees	-	(367)	-	-	-	-	
Dividends paid	-	(1,291)	-	-	-	(228)	
Tax effect of capital items	-	76	-	-	-	-	
Repurchase and cancellation of shares	-	-	-	(104)	21	-	
Share issue - 1 April 2010	1,154	-	-	-	-	-	
Share issue - 5 April 2010	247	-	-	-	-	-	
Cancellation of share premium account	(18,636)	-	-	18,636	-	-	
Cancellation of capital redemption reserve	-	-	-	388	(388)	-	
Share issue - 30 April 2010	159	-	-	-	-	-	
Share issue - 1 February 2011	222	-	-	-	-	-	
Net return on ordinary activities after taxation	-	-	-	-	-	351	
At 28 February 2011	381	(4,733)	(2,568)	27,697	21	341	

Net asset value per Ordinary Share	28 February 2011		28 February 2010	
	Net asset	Net asset	Net asset	Net asset
The net asset value per Ordinary share and the net asset value	value per	value	value per	value
attributable to the Ordinary Shares at the year end calculated in	share	attributable	share a	attributable
accordance with the Articles of Association were as follows:	р	£'000	р	£'000
Ordinary Shares	65.3	24,964	62.3	21,797

The number of Ordinary Shares used in this calculation is set out in Note 12.

15 Reconciliation of net return before taxation to net cash inflow from operating activities	Ye 28 Febru	ar ended ary 2011 £'000	Year ended 28 February 2010 £'000
Net gain before taxation		2,659	821
Gains on investments		(2,599)	(114)
Increase in debtors and accrued income		172	42
Decrease/(increase) in prepayments		1	(1)
Increase/(decrease) in accruals		147	(102)
Amortisation of fixed income investment book cost		5	31
Tax on unfranked income		3	(5)
Net cash inflow from operating activities		388	672
16 Analysis of changes in net funds	At		At
	1 March	Cash	28 February
	2010	flows	2011
	£'000	£,000	£'000
Cash and overnight deposits	2,775	391	3,166
	At		At
	1 March	Cash	28 February
	2009	flows	2010
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cash and overnight deposits	1,110	1,665	2,775
17 Capital commitments, contingencies and financial	guarantees	28 February	28 February
		2011	2010
		£'000	£'000
Financial guarantees		980	828

These financial guarantees represent potential further investment in unlisted securities.

#### 18 Derivatives and other financial instruments

The Company's financial instruments comprise equity and fixed interest investments, cash balances, overnight deposits and debtors and creditors that arise directly from its operations, for example, in respect of sales and purchases awaiting settlement, and debtors for accrued income. The Company holds financial assets in accordance with its investment policy of investing mainly in a portfolio of VCT qualifying unquoted and AIM/PLUS quoted securities. The Company may not enter into derivative transactions in the form of forward foreign currency contracts, futures and options without the written permission of the Directors. It is not the Company's policy to enter into derivatives transactions. The purpose of these financial instruments is efficient portfolio management.

The main risks the Company faces from its financial instruments are (i) market price risk; being the risk that the value of investment holdings will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices caused by factors other than interest rate or currency movement; (ii) interest rate risk; and (iii) liquidity risk. In line with the Company's investment objective, the portfolio comprises UK securities and therefore has no exposure to foreign currency risk.

The Manager's policies for managing these risks are summarised below and have been applied throughout the year. The numerical disclosures below exclude short-term debtors and creditors which are included in the Balance Sheet at fair value.

#### (i) Market price risk

The Company's investment portfolio is exposed to market price fluctuations, which are monitored by the Manager in pursuance of the investment objective as set out on page 20. Adherence to investment guidelines and to investment and borrowing powers set out in the Management Agreement mitigates the risk of excessive exposure to any particular type of security or issuer and, in particular, no purchase can be made in any one company where this would result in a holding that would exceed 7.5% of the Company's investments. at the time the investment is made.

These powers and guidelines include the requirement to invest in a number of companies across a range of industrial and service sectors at varying stages of development but with the emphasis on well established businesses. The Company complied with the stated investment guidelines and borrowing powers throughout the year ended 28 February 2011.

Further information on the investment portfolio (including sector analysis, concentration and deal type analysis) is set out in the Analysis of Unlisted and AIM/PLUS Portfolio, the Investment Manager's Review, the Summary of Investment Changes, the Investment Portfolio Summary and the Largest Unlisted and AIM/PLUS Investments.

## (ii) Interest rate risk

	28 February 2011				
	Fixed interest £'000	Floating rate £'000	Non-interest bearing £'000		
Sterling					
Listed	-	-	-		
Unlisted and AIM/PLUS	13,532	-	7,863		
Cash	-	3,166	-		
	13,532	3,166	7,863		

	28 February 2010		
	Fixed interest £'000	Floating rate £'000	Non-interest bearing £'000
Sterling			
Listed	1,218	-	-
Unlisted and AIM/PLUS	11,265	-	6,081
Cash	-	2,775	-
	12,483	2,775	6,081

The listed fixed interest assets have a weighted average life of nil years (2010: 0.27 years) and weighted average interest rate of nil% (2010: 4.75%) per annum. These assets are held to provide liquidity for the unlisted investments. The floating rate assets consist of cash deposits on call. These assets are earning interest at prevailing money market rates. The unlisted assets have a weighted average life of 2.7 years (2010: 3.3 years) and a weighted average interest rate of 10.1% (2010: 10.5%). The non-interest bearing assets represent the equity element of the portfolio. All assets and liabilities of the Company are included in the Balance Sheet at fair value.

### Maturity profile

The maturity profile of the Company's financial assets at the balance sheet date was as follows:

	Within	Within	Within	Within	Within	More than	
	1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	3-4 years	4-5 years	5 years	Total
At 28 February 2011	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Fixed interest							
Listed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unlisted	3,388	1,729	3,307	3,679	444	985	13,532
	3,388	1,729	3,307	3,679	444	985	13,532

Within "more than 5 years" there is a figure of £927,000 in respect of preference shares which have no redemption date.

It is the Directors' opinion that the carrying amounts of these financial assets represent the maximum credit risk exposure at the balance sheet date.

At 28 February 2010	Within 1 year £'000	Within 1-2 years £'000	Within 2-3 years £'000	Within 3-4 years £'000	Within 4-5 years £'000	More than 5 years £'000	Total £'000
Fixed interest							
Listed	1,218	-	-	-	-	-	1,218
Unlisted	699	2,862	1,395	2,894	2,353	1,062	11,265
	1,917	2,862	1,395	2,894	2,353	1,062	12,483

Within "more than 5 years" there is a figure of £1,062,000 in respect of preference shares which have no redemption date.

It is the Directors' opinion that the carrying amounts of these financial assets represent the maximum credit risk exposure at the balance sheet date.

#### (iii) Liquidity risk

Due to their nature, unlisted investments may not be readily realisable and, therefore, a portfolio of listed assets and cash is held to offset this liquidity risk. Note 8 details the three-tier hierarchy of inputs used as at 28 February 2011 in valuing the Company's investments carried at fair value.

Credit risk and interest rate risk are minimised by acquiring high quality government treasury stocks or other bonds which have a relatively short time to maturity.

The Company, generally, does not hold significant cash balances and any cash held is with reputable banks with high quality external credit ratings.

#### (iv) Credit risk

This is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Company.

The Company's financial assets exposed to credit risk amounted to the following:

	28 February 2011	28 February 2010
	Total	Total
	£'000	£'000
Investments in fixed interest instruments	-	1,218
Investments in unlisted debt securities	13,532	11,265
Cash and cash equivalents	3,166	2,775
	16,698	15,258

Credit risk arising on fixed interest instruments is mitigated by investing in UK Government Stock.

All fixed interest assets which are traded on a recognised exchange and all the Company's cash balances are held by JP Morgan Chase (JPM), the Company's custodian. Should the credit quality or the financial position of JPM deteriorate significantly the Manager will move these assets to another financial institution.

The Manager evaluates credit risk on unlisted debt securities and financial commitments and guarantees prior to investment, and as part of the ongoing monitoring of investments. In doing this, it takes into account the extent and quality of any security held. Typically, unlisted debt securities have a fixed charge over the assets of the investee company in order to mitigate the gross credit risk. The Manager receives management accounts from investee companies, and members of the investment management team sit on the boards of investee companies; this enables the close identification, monitoring and management of investment specific credit risk.

There were no significant concentrations of credit risk to counterparties at 28 February 2011 or 28 February 2010.

## (v) Price risk sensitivity

The following details the Company's sensitivity to a 10% increase or decrease in the market prices of AIM/PLUS quoted securities, with 10% being the Manager's assessment of a reasonable possible change in market prices.

At 28 February 2011, if market prices of listed or AIM/PLUS quoted securities had been 10% higher or lower and with all other variables held constant, the increase or decrease in net assets attributable to Ordinary Shareholders for the year would have been £95,000 (2010: £278,000) due to the change on valuation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

At 28 February 2011, 81.9% of total assets (2010: 72.4%) comprised investments in unquoted companies held at fair value. The valuation methods used by the Company include cost and realisable value. Therefore, it is not considered meaningful to provide a sensitivity analysis on the net asset position and total return for the year due to the fact any such movements would be immaterial to users of the Financial Statements.

## Notice of Annual General Meeting

This document is important and requires your immediate attention. If you are in any doubt as to what action you should take, you are recommended to seek your own financial advice from your stockbroker or other independent adviser authorised under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000. If you have sold or transferred all of your shares in Maven Income and Growth VCT PLC, please forward this document, together with any accompanying documents, as soon as possible to the purchaser or the transferee or to the stockbroker, bank or other agent through whom the sale or transfer was effected for transmission to the purchaser or transferee.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of Maven Income and Growth VCT PLC (registered in England and Wales; company number 3908220) will be held on Wednesday 20 July 2011 at 12.00 noon at Sutherland House, 149 St Vincent Street, Glasgow G2 5NW, to transact the following business.

#### **Ordinary Resolutions**

To consider and, if thought fit, pass the following Resolutions as Ordinary Resolutions:

- 1. To receive the Directors' Report and audited Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2011.
- 2. To approve the Directors' Remuneration Report.
- 3. To declare a final dividend of 3.5p per Ordinary Share for payment on 22 July 2011 to Shareholders on the register at close of business on 24 June 2011.
- 4. To re-elect Mr J D W Pocock as a Director.
- 5. To re-elect Sir Charles Stuart-Menteth Bt as a Director.
- 6. To re-appoint Deloitte LLP as Auditor.
- 7. To authorise the Directors to fix the remuneration of the Auditor.
- 8. THAT the Directors be, and they are hereby, generally and unconditionally authorised under Section 551 of the Companies Act 2006 (the '2006 Act') to exercise all powers of the Company to allot shares in the Company or grant rights to subscribe for or convert any security into shares in the Company up to an aggregate nominal amount of £397,609 (representing 10% of the total Ordinary Share capital in issue on 3 May 2011) provided that this authority shall expire at the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company held after the passing of this Resolution, and so that the Company may, before such expiry, make an offer or agreement which would or might require relevant securities to be allotted after such expiry and the Directors may allot relevant securities in pursuance of such offer or agreement as if the authority conferred hereby had not expired.

## Special Resolutions

To consider and if thought fit pass the following Resolutions as Special Resolutions:

- 9. THAT, subject to the passing of Resolution 8, the Directors be, and they are hereby, empowered under Section 571 of the 2006 Act to allot equity securities (as defined in Section 560 of the 2006 Act) under the authority conferred by Resolution 8 for cash as if Section 561(1) of the 2006 Act did not apply to the allotment, provided that this power shall be limited to the allotment:
  - (a) of equity securities in connection with an offer of such securities by way of rights to holders of Ordinary Shares in proportion (as nearly as practicable) to their respective holdings of such shares but subject to such exclusions or other arrangements as the Directors may deem necessary or expedient in relation to fractional entitlements or any legal or practical problems under the laws of any territory, or the requirements of any regulatory body or stock exchange; and
  - (b) (other than under paragraph (a) above) of equity securities up to an aggregate nominal amount not exceeding £397,609 (representing 10% of the total Ordinary Share capital in issue on 3 May 2011) and shall expire at the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company held after the passing of this Resolution, and so that the Company may, before such expiry, make an offer or agreement which would or might require equity securities to be allotted after such expiry and the Directors may allot equity securities in pursuance of such offer or agreement as if the power conferred hereby had not expired.

- 10. THAT the Company be and is hereby generally and unconditionally authorised in accordance with Section 701 of the 2006 Act to make one or more market purchases (within the meaning of Section 693(4) of the 2006 Act) of Ordinary Shares of 10p each in the capital of the Company provided always that:
  - (a) the maximum number of Ordinary Shares hereby authorised to be purchased is 5,960,168 representing 14.99% of the Company's issued Ordinary Share capital as at 3 May 2011;
  - (b) the minimum price which may be paid for an Ordinary Share shall be 10p per share;
  - (c) the maximum price (exclusive of expenses) which may be paid for an Ordinary Share shall be not more than:
    - (i) an amount equal to 105% of the average of the closing middle market price for the Ordinary Shares as derived from the London Stock Exchange Daily Official List for the five business days immediately preceding the date on which the Ordinary Shares are purchased; and
    - (ii) the price stipulated by Article 5(1) of Commission Regulation (EC) No. 273/2003 (the Buy-back and Stabilisation Regulation);
  - (d) unless previously renewed, varied or revoked, the authority hereby conferred shall expire at the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company or, if earlier, on the expiry of 15 months from the passing of this Resolution, save that the Company may before such expiry enter into a contract to purchase Ordinary Shares which will or may be completed wholly or partly after such expiry.
- 11. THAT a General Meeting other than an Annual General Meeting may be called on not less than 14 clear days' notice.

#### Recommendation

The Directors consider that all the Resolutions to be put to the Annual General Meeting are in the best interests of the Company and its Shareholders as a whole. Your Board will be voting in favour of them and unanimously recommends that you do so as well.

#### By order of the Board

Maven Capital Partners UK LLP Secretary 9-13 St Andrew Street London EC4A 3AF

17 June 2011

## Notes:

### Entitlement to attend and vote

1. Only those members registered on the Company's register of members 48 hours before the date and time set for the Meeting or, if this Meeting is adjourned, 48 hours before the date and time set for the adjourned Meeting, shall be entitled to attend and vote at the Meeting.

## Website giving information regarding the Meeting

2. Information regarding the Meeting, including the information required by section 311A of the Companies Act 2006, is available from www.mavencp.com/migvet.

#### Attending in person

3. If you wish to attend the Meeting in person, please bring some form of identification.

## Appointment of proxies

- 4. If you are a member of the Company at the time set out in Note 1 above, you are entitled to appoint a proxy to exercise all or any of your rights to attend, speak and vote at the Meeting and you should have received a proxy form with this notice of meeting. You can only appoint a proxy using the procedures set out in these notes and the notes to the proxy form.
- 5. If you are not a member of the Company but you have been nominated by a member of the Company to enjoy information rights, you do not have a right to appoint proxies under the procedures set out in this "Appointment of proxies" section. Please read the section "Nominated persons" below.
- 6. A proxy does not need to be a member of the Company but must attend the Meeting to represent you. Details of how to appoint the Chairman of the Meeting or another person as your proxy using the proxy form are set out in the notes to the proxy form. If you wish your proxy to speak on your behalf at the Meeting you will need to appoint your own choice of proxy (not the Chairman) and give your instructions directly to them.
- 7. You may appoint more than one proxy provided each proxy is appointed to exercise rights attached to different shares. You may not appoint more than one proxy to exercise rights attached to any one share. To appoint more than one proxy, please copy the proxy form, indicate on each copy the number of shares that it relates to and attach them together.
- 8. A vote withheld is not a vote in law, which means that the vote will not be counted in the calculation of votes for or against a Resolution. If you either select the "Discretionary" option or if no voting indication is given, your proxy will vote or abstain from voting at his or her discretion. Your proxy will vote (or abstain from voting) as he or she thinks fit in relation to any other matter which is put before the Meeting.

### Appointment of proxy using hard copy proxy form

- 9. The notes to the proxy form explain how to direct your proxy how to vote on each Resolution or withhold their vote.
  - To appoint a proxy using the proxy form, the form must be completed, signed and sent or delivered to Capita Registrars at The Registry, 34 Beckenham Road, Beckenham, Kent, BR3 4TU; and must be received by Capita Registrars no later than 48 hours before the date and time set for the Meeting.
  - In the case of a member which is a company, the proxy form must be executed under its common seal or signed on its behalf by an officer of the company or an attorney for the company. Any power of attorney or any other authority under which the proxy form is signed (or a duly certified copy of such power or authority) must be included with the proxy form.

## Appointment of proxies through CREST

- 10. CREST members who wish to appoint a proxy or proxies by utilising the CREST electronic proxy appointment service may do so for the Meeting and any adjournment(s) of it by using the procedures described in the CREST Manual (available from https://www.euroclear.com/site/public/EUI). CREST Personal Members or other CREST sponsored members, and those CREST members who have appointed a voting service provider(s), should refer to their CREST sponsor or voting service provider(s), who will be able to take the appropriate action on their behalf.
  - In order for a proxy appointment made by means of CREST to be valid, the appropriate CREST message (a CREST Proxy Instruction) must be properly authenticated in accordance with Euroclear UK & Ireland Limited's (EUI) specifications and must contain the information required for such instructions, as described in the CREST Manual. The message must be transmitted so as to be received by the issuer's agent (ID: RA10) by the no later than 48 hours before the date and time set for the Meeting. For this purpose, the time of receipt will be taken to be the time (as determined by the timestamp applied to the message by the CREST Applications Host) from which the issuer's agent is able to retrieve the message by enquiry to CREST in the manner prescribed by CREST.

CREST members and, where applicable, their CREST sponsors or voting service providers should note that EUI does not make available special procedures in CREST for any particular messages. Normal system timings and limitations will therefore apply in relation to the input of CREST Proxy Instructions. It is the responsibility of the CREST member concerned to take (or, if the CREST member is a CREST personal member or sponsored member or has appointed a voting service provider(s), to procure that his CREST sponsor or voting service provider(s) take(s)) such action as shall be necessary to ensure that a message is transmitted by means of the CREST system by any particular time. In this connection, CREST members and, where applicable, their CREST sponsors or voting service providers are referred, in particular, to those sections of the CREST Manual concerning practical limitations of the CREST system and timings.

The Company may treat as invalid a CREST Proxy Instruction in the circumstances set out in Regulation 35(5)(a) of the Uncertificated Securities Regulations 2001.

#### Appointment of proxy by joint members

11. In the case of joint holders, where more than one of the joint holders purports to appoint a proxy, only the appointment submitted by the most senior holder will be accepted. Seniority is determined by the order in which the names of the joint holders appear in the Company's register of members in respect of the joint holding (the first-named being the most senior).

## Changing proxy instructions

12. To change your proxy instructions simply submit a new proxy appointment using the methods set out above. Note that the cut-off time for receipt of proxy appointments (see above) also applies in relation to amended instructions; any amended proxy appointment received after the relevant cut-off time will be disregarded.

Where you have appointed a proxy using the hard-copy proxy form and would like to change the instructions using another hard-copy proxy form, please contact Capita Registrars; contact details are provided in the Corporate Information section of the Annual Report.

If you submit more than one valid proxy appointment, the appointment received last before the latest time for the receipt of proxies will take precedence.

#### Termination of proxy appointments

13. In order to revoke a proxy instruction you will need to inform the Company by sending a signed hard copy notice clearly stating your intention to revoke your proxy appointment to Capita Registrars, The Registry, 34 Beckenham Road, Beckenham, Kent, BR3 4TU. In the case of a member which is a company, the revocation notice must be executed under its common seal or signed on its behalf by an officer of the company or an attorney for the company. Any power of attorney or any other authority under which the revocation notice is signed (or a duly certified copy of such power or authority) must be included with the revocation notice.

The revocation notice must be received by Capita Registrars no later than 48 hours before the date and time set for the Meeting. If you attempt to revoke your proxy appointment but the revocation is received after the time specified then, subject to the paragraph directly below, your proxy appointment will remain valid.

Appointment of a proxy does not preclude you from attending the Meeting and voting in person. If you have appointed a proxy and attend the Meeting in person, your proxy appointment will automatically be terminated.

## Corporate representatives

14. A corporation which is a member can appoint one or more corporate representatives who may exercise, on its behalf, all its powers as a member provided that no more than one corporate representative exercises powers over the same share.

### Issued shares and total voting rights

15. As at 12.00 noon on 17 June 2011 the Company's issued share capital comprised 39,760,962 Ordinary Shares of 10p each. Each Ordinary Share carries the right to one vote at a General Meeting of the Company and, therefore, the total number of voting rights in the Company as at 12.00 noon on 17 June 2011 is 39,760,962.

The website referred to in Note 2 will include information on the number of shares and voting rights.

## Questions at the Meeting

- 16. Under Section 319A of the Companies Act 2006, the Company must answer any question you ask relating to the business being dealt with at the Meeting unless:
  - answering the question would interfere unduly with the preparation for the Meeting or involve the disclosure of confidential information;
  - the answer has already been given on a website in the form of an answer to a question; or
  - it is undesirable in the interests of the Company or the good order of the Meeting that the question be answered.

#### Website publication of audit concerns

17. Pursuant to Chapter 5 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 (Sections 527 to 531), where requested by a member or members meeting the qualification criteria set out at Note 18 below, the Company must publish on its website, a statement setting out any matter that such members propose to raise at the Meeting relating to the audit of the Company's accounts (including the Auditor's report and the conduct of the audit) that are to be laid before the Meeting.

Where the Company is required to publish such a statement on its website:

- it may not require the members making the request to pay any expenses incurred by the Company in complying with the request;
- it must forward the statement to the Company's Auditor no later than the time the statement is made available on the Company's website; and
- the statement may be dealt with as part of the business of the Meeting.

#### The request:

- may be in hard copy form or in electronic form (see Note 19 below);
- either set out the statement in full or, if supporting a statement sent by another member, clearly identify the statement which is being supported;
- must be authenticated by the person or persons making it (see Note 18 below); and
- be received by the Company at least one week prior to the Meeting.

## Members' qualification criteria

18. In order to be able to exercise the members' right to require the Company to publish audit concerns (see Note 17).

The relevant request must be made by:

- a member or members having a right to vote at the Meeting and holding at least 5% of total voting rights of the Company; or
- at least 100 members have a right to vote at the Meeting and holding, on average, at least £100 of paid up share capital.

For information on voting rights, including the total number of voting rights, see Note 15 above and the website referred to in Note 2.

## Submission of hard copy and electronic requests and authentication requirements

- 19. Where a member or members wishes to request the Company to publish audit concerns (see Note 17), such request be must be made in accordance with one of the following ways:
  - a hard copy request which is signed by you, states your full name and address and is sent to The Secretary, Maven Income and Growth VCT PLC, 149 St Vincent Street, Glasgow G2 5NW;
  - a request which is signed by you, states your full name and address and is sent by fax to 0141 248 8093 marked for the attention of The Secretary, Maven Income and Growth VCT PLC; or
  - a request which states your full name, address and investor code, and is sent to enquiries@mavencp.com stating "AGM" in the subject line of the e-mail.

### Nominated persons

- 20. If you are a person who has been nominated under Section 146 of the Companies Act 2006 to enjoy information rights (Nominated Person):
  - you may have a right under an agreement between you and the member of the Company who has nominated you to have information rights (Relevant Member) to be appointed or to have someone else appointed as a proxy for the Meeting;
  - if you either do not have such a right or if you have such a right but do not wish to exercise it, you may have a right under an agreement between you and the Relevant Member to give instructions to the Relevant Member as to the exercise of voting rights; and
  - your main point of contact in terms of your investment in the Company remains the Relevant Member (or, perhaps, your
    custodian or broker) and you should continue to contact them (and not the Company) regarding any changes or queries
    relating to your personal details and your interest in the Company (including any administrative matters). The only exception
    to this is where the Company expressly requests a response from you.

## Documents on display

- 21. The following documents will be available for inspection at 9-13 St Andrew Street, London, EC4A 3AF from the date of the Notice of Annual General Meeting until the time of the Meeting and at the Meeting venue itself for at least 15 minutes prior to the Meeting until the end of the Meeting:
  - · copies of the letters of appointment of the Directors of the Company; and
  - a copy of the Articles of Association of the Company.

#### Communication

- 22. Except as provided above, members who have general queries about the Meeting should use the following means of communication (no other methods of communication will be accepted):
  - calling the Manager and Secretary on 0141 306 7400; or
  - e-mailing enquiries@mavencp.com.

You may not use any electronic address provided either in this Notice of Annual General Meeting; or in any related documents (including the Annual Report and proxy form), to communicate with the Company for any purposes other than those expressly stated.

Registered in England and Wales - Company Number 3908220.

## Explanatory Notes to the Notice of Annual General Meeting

The notes on the following pages given an explanation of the proposed Resolutions.

Resolutions 1 to 8 are proposed as Ordinary Resolutions. For each of those Resolutions to be passed, more than half of the votes cast must be in favour of the Resolution. Resolutions 9 to 11 are proposed as Special Resolutions. This means that for each of those Resolutions to be passed, at least three-quarters of the votes cast must be in favour of the Resolution.

#### Resolution 1 – Annual Report and Financial Statements

The Directors of the Company must present to the Meeting the audited annual accounts and the Directors' and Auditors' reports for the financial year ended 28 February 2011.

## Resolution 2 – Directors' Remuneration Report

The Company's Shareholders will be asked to approve the Directors' Remuneration Report contained in the Annual Report and Accounts at the Annual General Meeting.

### Resolution 3 - Final dividend

The Company's Shareholders will be asked to approve the payment of a final dividend.

#### Resolution 4 – Re-election of a Director

Mr Pocock will retire by rotation this year in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company and, being eligible, is proposed for re-election by the Company's Shareholders.

Biographical details for Mr Pocock are set out on page 18 of the Annual Report.

## Resolution 5 - Re-election of a Director

Sir Charles Stuart-Menteth Bt will retire by rotation this year in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company and, being eligible, is proposed for re-election by the Company's Shareholders.

Biographical details for Sir Charles Stuart-Menteth Bt are set out on page 19 of the Annual Report.

## Resolutions 6 and 7 – Appointment and remuneration of Auditor

The Company must appoint an Auditor at each General Meeting at which accounts are presented to Shareholders, to hold office until the conclusion of the next such Meeting. Resolution 6 seeks Shareholder approval to reappoint Deloitte LLP as the Company's Auditor. In accordance with normal practice, Resolution 7 seeks authority for the Directors to determine their remuneration.

## Resolution 8 - Authority to allot shares

Under Section 549 of the Companies Act 2006, the Directors are prevented, subject to certain exceptions, from allotting shares in the Company or rights to subscribe for such shares without the authority of the Shareholders in General Meeting. Resolution 8 is proposed as an Ordinary Resolution to authority the Directors to allot shares or rights to subscribe for them up to an aggregate nominal value of £397,609. This amounts to 3,976,090 Ordinary Shares representing approximately 10 per cent of the share capital of the Company in issue at 3 May 2011. The Directors' authority will expire at the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company following the passing of Resolution 8. At the date of this notice the Company does not hold any Ordinary Shares in the capital of the Company in treasury.

### Resolution 9 – Waiver of statutory pre-emption rights

Under Section 561 of the Companies Act 2006, when new shares are allotted they must first be offered to existing Shareholders pro rata to their holdings. Shareholders are being asked to grant authority to the Directors to: (a) allot shares of the Company on such a pre-emptive basis as far as possible, subject to excluding circumstances where it is impractical to apply the strict pro rating; and (b) otherwise allot shares of the Company or rights to subscribe for shares of the Company up to an aggregate nominal value of £397,609 (representing approximately 10 per cent of the share capital in issue at 3 May 2011) as if the pre-emption rights of Section 561 of the Companies Act 2006 did not apply. This authority will expire at the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company following the passing of Resolution 9.

### Resolution 10 - Purchase of own shares

At the last Annual General Meeting, the Company's Shareholders passed a Resolution granting to the Company authority to make market purchases of the Company's ordinary shares subject to certain specified limits. Shares purchased pursuant to this authority, which expires at the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting to be held in 2011, are disclosed in Note 12 to the Financial Statements. Under Resolution 10, the Company's Shareholders are being asked to renew the Directors' authority to make market purchases of up to 5,960,168 Ordinary Shares of the Company (which represents approximately 14.99 per cent of the issued share capital of the Company at 3 May 2011) and the Resolution sets out the minimum and maximum prices that can be paid, exclusive of expenses. The minimum price is equal to the nominal value of an Ordinary Share from time to time and maximum price is equal to the higher of:

- (i) 105 per cent of the average of the closing middle market price of an Ordinary Share of the Company for the five business days prior to the date of purchase; and
- (ii) the price stipulated by Article 5(1) of Commission Regulation (EC) No. 2273/2003 (the Buy-back and Stabilisation Regulation), being the higher of the last independent trade for an Ordinary Share or the highest current independent bid for an Ordinary Share as derived from the trading venue where the purchase is carried out. Any Ordinary Shares in the Company purchased pursuant to the authority sought under Resolution 10 may either be cancelled (and not be available for reissue) or held in treasury. Once held in treasury, such shares may be cancelled or sold for cash.

### Resolution 11 – Notice of General Meetings

This resolution is required to reflect the implementation in August 2009 of the Shareholder Rights Directive. The regulation implementing this Directive increased the notice period for General Meetings of the Company to 21 days. The Company is currently able to call General Meetings (other than an AGM) on 14 clear days' notice and would like to preserve this ability. In order to be able to do so, Shareholders must have approved the calling of General Meetings on 14 days' notice. Resolution 11 seeks such approval. The approval will be effective until the Company's next Annual General Meeting, when it is intended that a similar Resolution will be proposed. The Company will also need to meet the requirements for electronic voting under the Directive before it can call a General Meeting on 14 days' notice.

## **Corporate Summary**

## Company profile

Maven Income and Growth VCT PLC (formerly known as Aberdeen Income and Growth VCT PLC and Murray VCT 4 PLC) is a venture capital trust (VCT) and a constituent of the FTSE All-Share Index. It has one class of share and was incorporated on 12 January 2000.

## Investment objective

The Company aims to achieve long term capital appreciation and generate maintainable levels of income for Shareholders.

#### **Benchmark**

There is no meaningful venture capital trust index against which to compare the performance of the Company. However, for reporting to the Board and Shareholders, the Manager uses comparisons with appropriate indices and the Company's peer group.

## Capital structure

The Company's issued share capital as at 28 February 2011 consisted of 38,249,033 Ordinary Shares of 10p each.

## Total assets and net asset value per share

At 28 February 2011, the Company had net assets of £24,964,000 and a net asset value per share of 65.3p.

#### Dividend

A final dividend of 3.5p per share has been proposed in respect of the year ended 28 February 2011 to be paid on 22 July 2011 to Shareholders on the register at close of business on 24 June 2011.

## Continuation date

The Articles of Association require the Directors to put a proposal for the continuation of the Company, in its then form, to Shareholders at the Company's Annual General Meeting to be held in 2015, and thereafter at five yearly intervals.

## Risks and uncertainties

Investments in unlisted and AIM or PLUS quoted companies carry substantially greater risk, in terms of price and liquidity, than investments in larger companies or companies listed on the Official List. In addition, many of the businesses in which the Company invests may be exposed to the risk of political change, exchange controls, tax or other regulations that may affect their value and marketability. The levels and bases of tax reliefs may change. As the volume of the Company's shares traded on the market is likely to be small, the shares may trade at a significant discount to net asset value.

In order to qualify as a VCT, the Company has to comply with a number of specific criteria. However, the Company may invest in a number of companies which are not considered to be qualifying investments for a VCT.

Further details of the Company's risk profile are contained in the Directors' Report and Note 18 to the Financial Statements.

## Management agreement

The Company has an agreement with Maven Capital Partners UK LLP for the provision of management, company secretarial and administrative services. Please refer to the Directors' Report and Notes 3 and 4 to the Financial Statements for details of the management and secretarial fees payable.

## Share dealing

Shares in the Company can be purchased and sold in the market through a stockbroker.

For qualifying investors buying shares on the open market:

- dividends are free of income tax;
- no capital gains tax is payable on a disposal of shares;
- there is no minimum holding period;
- the value of shares, and income from them, can fall as well as rise;
- tax regulations and rates of tax may be subject to change;
- · VCTs tend to be invested in smaller, unlisted companies with a higher risk profile; and
- the market for VCT shares can be illiquid.

## Unsolicited offers for shares (boiler room scams)

Shareholders in a number of UK registered companies have received unsolicited calls from organisations, usually based overseas or using false UK addresses or phone lines routed abroad, offering to buy shares at prices much higher than their current market values or to sell non-tradable, overpriced, high risk or even non-existent securities. Whilst the callers may sound credible and professional, Shareholders should be aware that their intentions are often fraudulent and high pressure sales techniques may be applied, often involving a request for an indemnity or a payment to be provided in advance.

If you receive such a call, you should exercise caution and, based on advice from the Financial Services Authority (FSA), the following precautions are suggested:

- obtain the name of the individual or organisation calling;
- check the FSA register to confirm if the caller is authorised;
- call back using the details on the FSA Register to verify the caller's identity;
- discontinue the call if you are in any doubt about the intentions of the caller, or if calls persist; and
- report any individual or organisation that cold calls with an offer to buy or sell shares to the FSA and the City of London Police.

#### Useful contact details:

#### • Consumer Financial Education Body (CFEB)

Website: www.moneymadeclear.fsa.gov.uk

## FSA

Telephone: 0845 606 1234 Website: www.fsa.gov.uk

Register: www.fsa.gov.uk/pages/register

Boiler room warning: www.fsa.gov.uk/pages/consumerinformation

## • City of London Police

Telephone: 0207 601 2222

E-mail: frauddesk@cityoflondon.police.uk

## **Corporate Information**

## **Directors**

John D W Pocock (Chairman)

Arthur G MacMillan

Sir Charles G Stuart-Menteth Bt

Fiona E Wollocombe

## Manager and Secretary

Maven Capital Partners UK LLP

Sutherland House

149 St Vincent Street

Glasgow G2 5NW

Telephone: 0141 306 7400

E-mail: enquiries@mavencp.com

## **Points of Contact**

The Chairman and/or the Company Secretary at:

Sutherland House

149 St Vincent Street

Glasgow G2 5NW

## Registered Office

9-13 St Andrew Street

London EC4A 3AF

Registered in England and Wales

Company Registration Number: 3908220

## Registrars

Capita Registrars

Northern House

Woodsome Park

Fenay Bridge

West Yorkshire HD8 0LA

Shareholder Helpline: 0871 664 0300

(Calls cost 10p per minute plus network extras;

lines are open 8.30am until 5.30pm, Monday to Friday)

## **Auditor**

Deloitte LLP

### Bankers

J P Morgan Chase Bank

## Stockbrokers

Shore Capital Stockbrokers Limited

## Website

www.mavencp.com/migvct



Maven Capital Partners UK LLP Sutherland House 149 St. Vincent Street Glasgow G2 5NW Tel 0141 306 7400

Authorised and Regulated by The Financial Services Authority

