# MAVEN INCOME AND GROWTH VCT 5 PLC

Annual Report for the year ended 30 November 2021



## CORPORATE SUMMARY

#### THE COMPANY

Maven Income and Growth VCT 5 PLC (the Company) is a public limited company limited by shares. It was incorporated in England and Wales on 3 October 2000 with company registration number 4084875. Its registered office is at Fifth Floor, 1–2 Royal Exchange Buildings, London EC3V 3LF.

The Company is a venture capital trust (VCT) and its shares are listed on the premium segment of the Official List and traded on the Main Market of the London Stock Exchange.

#### **MANAGEMENT**

The Company is a small registered, internally managed alternative investment fund under the Alternative Investment Fund Managers Directive (AIFMD).

#### **INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE**

The Company aims to achieve long-term capital appreciation and generate income for Shareholders.

#### **CONTINUATION DATE**

The Articles of Association (the Articles) require the Directors to put a proposal for the continuation of the Company, in its then form, to Shareholders at the Company's Annual General Meeting to be held in 2027 or, if later, at the Annual General Meeting following the fifth anniversary of the latest allotment of new shares.

#### SHARE DEALING

Shares in the Company can be purchased and sold in the market through a stockbroker. For qualifying investors buying shares on the open market:

- · dividends are free of income tax;
- no capital gains tax is payable on a disposal of shares;
- there is no minimum holding period;
- the value of shares, and income from them, can fall as well as rise;
- tax regulations and rates of tax may be subject to change;
- VCTs tend to be invested in smaller, unlisted companies with a higher risk profile; and
- the market for VCT shares can be illiquid.

The Stockbroker to the Company is Shore Capital Stockbrokers (020 7647 8132).



# RECOMMENDATION OF NON-MAINSTREAM INVESTMENT PRODUCTS

The Company currently conducts its affairs so that the shares issued by it can be recommended by authorised financial advisers to ordinary retail investors in accordance with the rules of the Financial Conduct Authority (FCA) in relation to non-mainstream investment products, and intends to continue to do so for the foreseeable future. The Company's shares are excluded from the FCA's restrictions that apply to non-mainstream investment products because they are shares in a VCT and the returns to investors are based predominantly on investments in private companies or publicly quoted securities.

# UNSOLICITED OFFERS FOR SHARES (BOILER ROOM SCAMS)

Shareholders in a number of UK registered companies have received unsolicited calls from organisations, usually based overseas or using false UK addresses or phone lines routed abroad, offering to buy shares at prices much higher than their current market values or to sell non-tradeable, overpriced, high risk or even non-existent securities. Whilst the callers may sound credible and professional, Shareholders should be aware that their intentions are often fraudulent and high-pressure sales techniques may be applied, often involving a request for an indemnity or a payment to be provided in advance.

If you receive such a call, you should exercise caution and, based on advice from the FCA, the following precautions are suggested:

- obtain the name of the individual or organisation calling;
- check the FCA register to confirm if the caller is authorised;
- call back using the details on the FCA register to verify the caller's identity;
- discontinue the call if you are in any doubt about the intentions of the caller, or if calls persist; and
- report any individual or organisation that makes unsolicited calls with an offer to buy or sell shares to the FCA and the City of London Police.

#### **USEFUL CONTACT DETAILS:**

Action Fraud

Telephone: 0300 123 2040

Website: www.actionfraud.police.uk

-CA

Telephone: 0800 111 6768 (freephone) Website: www.fca.org.uk/scamsmart

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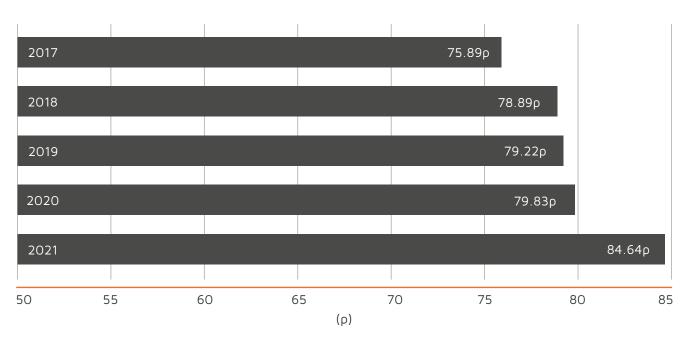
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## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

#### AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2021

Net asset value NAV NAV total return1\* (NAV) per Ordinary Share per Ordinary Share £68.76m 38.99p 84.64p Proposed final dividend Dividends paid to date\* Annual yield2\* per Ordinary Share per Ordinary Share 1.00p 45.65p 5.77%

#### NAV Total Return Performance



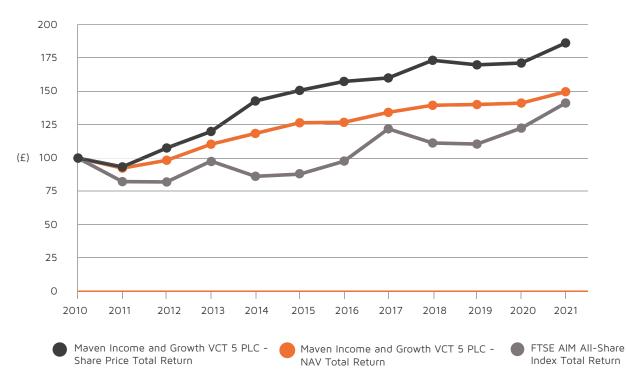
The above chart shows the NAV total return per Ordinary Share as at the end of November in each year. Dividends that have been declared but not yet paid are included in the NAV at the balance sheet date. The policy for valuing investments is disclosed in Note 1 to the Financial Statements.

#### FINANCIAL HISTORY

|   | 30 November<br>2021 | 30 November<br>2020 | 30 November<br>2019 |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| NAV   | £68,763,000         | £45,136,000         | £47,124,000         |
| NAV per Ordinary Share  | 38.99р              | 36.38р              | 37.37ρ              |
| Dividends paid or proposed per<br>Ordinary Share for the year | 2.10р               | 1.60р               | 1.60р               |
| Dividends paid per Ordinary Share to date*                    | 45.65р              | 43.45ρ              | 41.85ρ              |
| NAV total return per Ordinary Share <sup>1*</sup>             | 84.64p              | 79.83p              | 79.22p              |
| Share price <sup>3</sup>                                      | 36.00р              | 31.60р              | 32.60р              |
| Discount to NAV*  | 7.67%               | 13.14%              | 12.76%              |
| Annual yield <sup>2*</sup>                                    | 5.77%               | 4.28%               | 4.26%               |
| Ordinary Shares in issue                                      | 176,361,696         | 124,055,920         | 126,086,158         |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sum of current NAV per Ordinary Share and dividends paid per Ordinary Share to date (excluding initial tax relief).

#### Comparative Performance



The graph above compares the total returns on an investment of £100 in the Ordinary Shares of the Company, for each annual accounting period from 30 November 2010 to 30 November 2021 and assuming all dividends are reinvested, with the total shareholder return on a notional investment of £100 made up of shares of a similar class and number as those by reference to which the FTSE AIM All-Share index is calculated. This index was chosen for comparison purposes as it is the most relevant to the Company's investment portfolio, with the commencement date being the closest financial reporting period end to the appointment of the Manager.

Source: Maven Capital Partners UK LLP (Maven or the Manager)/London Stock Exchange/IRESS. Please note that past performance is not a guide to future performance.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> In line with the dividend policy outlined on page 11 of this Annual Report, this is based on dividends paid or proposed per Ordinary Share for the financial year and the NAV per Ordinary Share at the immediately preceding year end. The change to the basis of calculation from the prior year was highlighted in the Interim Report for the six months to 31 May 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Closing mid-market price at the year end (Source: IRESS).

<sup>\*</sup>Definitions of these Alternative Performance Measures (APMs) can be found in the Glossary on pages 103 and 104 of this Annual Report. The principal Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) can be found in the Business Report on page 18 of this Annual Report.

## **DIVIDENDS**

| Year ended 30 November                           | Payment<br>date   | Interim/<br>final | Payment (p) | Annual<br>payment (p) |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| 2001 - 2016                                      |                   |                   | 34.45       |                       |
| 2017   | 15 September 2017 | Interim           | 2.00        |                       |
|  | 30 November 2017  | Second interim    | 1.20        | 3.20                  |
| 2018   | 13 April 2018     | Interim           | 3.70        | 3.70                  |
| 2019   | 30 August 2019    | Interim           | 0.50        |                       |
|  | 1 May 2020        | Final             | 1.10        | 1.60                  |
| 2020   | 28 August 2020    | Interim           | 0.50        |                       |
|  | 7 May 2021        | Final             | 1.10        | 1.60                  |
| 2021   | 10 September 2021 | Interim           | 0.60        |                       |
|  | 26 November 2021  | Second interim    | 0.50        |                       |
| Total dividends paid since inception             |                   |                   | 45.65       |                       |
| 2021   | 4 May 2022        | Proposed final    | 1.00        | 2.10                  |
| Total dividends paid or proposed since inception |                   |                   | 46.65       |                       |

## YOUR BOARD

The Board of three Directors, all of whom are non-executive and considered by the Board to be independent of the Manager, supervises the management of Maven Income and Growth VCT 5 PLC and looks after the interests of its Shareholders. The Board is responsible for setting and monitoring the Company's strategy, and the biographies set out below indicate the Directors' range of investment, commercial and professional experience. Further details are also provided in the Directors' Report and in the Statement of Corporate Governance.

Relevant experience and other directorships: Graham began his career with Murray Johnstone Private Equity in 1987, becoming a director in 1994. He was corporate development director of Avon Rubber PLC from 1998 to 2001 before returning to private equity with 3i plc. Since 2008, he has operated as an independent director and private investor. Graham is a non-executive director and chairman of the audit committee of AIM listed Sutton Harbour Group PLC and is a non-executive director of Fidelius Financial Holdings Limited, a privately owned wealth management group.

Length of service: He was appointed as a Director on 2 July 2019.

Last elected to the Board: 27 April 2021

**Committee membership**: Audit, Management Engagement (Chairman), Nomination (Chairman), Remuneration and Risk.

Employment by the Manager: None

Shared directorships with other Directors: None Shareholding in the Company: 141,601 Ordinary Shares

Relevant experience and other directorships: Gordon has over 30 years' experience in financial services, particularly with regard to investment trusts. He was an investment director and the head of investment companies at Standard Life Investments, and prior to that was joint head of investment trusts at F&C Asset Management. Gordon has an MA (Hons) in Economics and Accountancy from the University of Edinburgh and joined Ivory & Sime plc in 1988 after qualifying as a chartered accountant with Deloitte Haskins & Sells (now PwC). He is a director of Foresight VCT plc and JPMorgan UK Smaller Companies Investment Trust plc and was appointed recently to the Board of the Association of Investment Companies (the AIC). He was a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Scotland Audit and Assurance Committee for the period 2005 to 2015.

Length of service: He was appointed as a Director on 7 February 2006.

Last re-elected to the Board: 27 April 2021

**Committee membership:** Audit (Chairman), Management Engagement, Nomination, Remuneration and Risk (Chairman).

Employment by the Manager: None

Shared directorships with other Directors: None Shareholding in the Company: 93,470 Ordinary Shares

#### GRAHAM MILLER

Chairman and Independent Non-executive Director

## GORDON HUMPHRIES

Independent Non-executive Director

### **CHARLES YOUNG**

Independent Non-executive Director Relevant experience and other directorships: Charles is chairman of EG Thomson (Holdings) Limited, a private investment company, and a non-executive director of Ben Line Agencies Limited. Charles is a Bachelor of Laws and is a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Scotland, having trained with Arthur Young McClelland Moores & Co. (now part of EY). He was employed by The British Linen Bank Limited between 1979 and 1997, serving as a main board director from 1991 until 1997, as a director of its corporate finance division from 1986 to 1992 and as managing director of its private equity operations from 1992 to 1997.

Length of service: He was appointed as a Director on 1 June 2013.

Last re-elected to the Board: 27 April 2021

Committee membership: Audit, Management Engagement,

Nomination, Remuneration (Chairman) and Risk.

Employment by the Manager: None

Shared directorships with other Directors: None

Shareholding in the Company: 89,443 Ordinary Shares

## **CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT**

#### **HIGHLIGHTS**

NAV total return at the year end of 84.64p per share (2020: 79.83p)

NAV at the year end of 38.99p per share (2020: 36.38p), after total dividend payments of 2.20p per share during the year

Interim dividend of 0.60p per share paid on 10 September 2021

Second interim dividend of 0.50p per share paid on 26 November 2021

Final dividend of 1.00p per share proposed for payment on 4 May 2022

Offer for Subscription fully subscribed, raising £20 million

On behalf of your Board, I am pleased to report on the progress that has been achieved during the year to 30 November 2021. Despite the ongoing uncertainty in relation to the pandemic, your Company has continued to deliver its investment objective and is reporting an increase in NAV total return to 84.64p per share and a higher level of Shareholder distributions. The Directors are encouraged by the progress that has been achieved across the portfolio, with several private companies achieving good commercial traction, resulting in uplifts to valuations, whilst the AIM quoted portfolio delivered another strong performance. In addition to three profitable private company realisations, GENinCode was successfully floated on AIM, achieving a 2.7x uplift in value at the time of listing. Shortly after the period end, your Company completed its most significant exit to date from the growth portfolio with the sale of Quorum Cyber, which generated a total return on cost of 6.5x, inclusive of a retained minority interest.

#### Overview

During the financial year, the economy continued to be impacted by the pandemic as a second wave of the virus resulted in the re-introduction of protective measures in January 2021. Whilst the success of the UK wide vaccination programme facilitated the gradual easing of lockdown restrictions from late spring onwards, and there was a resurgence in economic activity, the more recent emergence of the Omicron variant has demonstrated that the virus has the potential to destabilise the economy during the year ahead.

It is, however, encouraging to report on the progress that has been achieved during the period under review. A notable highlight was the completion of the £20 million fundraising, which closed early fully subscribed. This new capital provides your Company with sufficient liquidity to continue to carefully expand and develop the portfolio in line with the strategic objective of building a large and diversified portfolio of private and AIM quoted companies that are capable of achieving scale and generating a capital gain on exit. During the year, the Manager continued to see good levels of demand for capital from ambitious younger companies and added 22 new private companies and AIM quoted holdings to the portfolio. It is anticipated that further new investments will be made during the year ahead, alongside the provision of follow-on funding to support existing portfolio companies that are making commercial progress and require additional capital to achieve their business plan and maximise value.

Since the VCT rules changed in 2015, the Manager has been carefully constructing a diverse portfolio of high growth private and AIM quoted companies that meet the revised VCT qualification criteria. The Directors are pleased to note that many of these earlier stage companies are now achieving scale and delivering their strategic and commercial growth objectives. In certain cases, this has required the business model to pivot in response to a fundamental shift in market dynamics, or to meet an emerging opportunity. Across the portfolio, there are examples of investee companies that have delivered an improvement in performance, often measured in terms of growth in contracted recurring revenue, and this has resulted in uplifts to several valuations to reflect the growth achieved. Your Company also benefits from a portfolio of later stage investments, completed prior to the change in VCT rules, and these more mature holdings remain a core component of the portfolio, helping to counterbalance the increased level of risk associated with investment in earlier stage companies.

The AIM quoted portfolio delivered another positive performance during the year, recording a total gain of £4.26 million. The Directors continue to believe that investments in AIM offer exposure to a wider range of growth companies, often with more favourable liquidity characteristics, and it is anticipated that further selective new investments will be made during the coming year. The Directors will also seek, where possible, to partially realise some of the larger holdings that have grown significantly in value over recent years, and where it is appropriate to reduce the overall exposure. During the period, private company **GENinCode** successfully floated on AIM, generating an uplift in value of 2.7x cost at the time of IPO, over a holding period of approximately one year. The objective to achieve a market listing was quickly identified as a key target for GENinCode that would help accelerate the future growth and development of the business. Maven's AIM team played a key role in completing this transaction and that capability provides an alternative exit strategy for certain private companies.

In line with the increase in market activity across the UK, there has also been a resurgence in exit activity, which has resulted in profitable realisations of the holdings in **Curo Compensation**, **eSafe** and **Mojo Mortgages**, generating total returns on cost of 1.1x, 1.4x and up to 1.8x respectively. Post the period end, your Company achieved its most significant return to date from the growth portfolio with the realisation of the holding in **Quorum Cyber**, which achieved a total return of 6.5x cost inclusive of a retained minority holding in the business. This successful realisation demonstrates the ability of certain early stage companies to generate meaningful growth in Shareholder value over a relatively short period of time. Although the timing of exits is often hard to predict, based on the progress achieved across the portfolio the Directors are optimistic that further profitable exits can be achieved in the coming years to help support dividend payments.

Full details of the portfolio developments, including new investments and realisations, can be found in the Investment Manager's Review on pages 23 to 36 of this Annual Report.

#### COVID-19

The pandemic has remained a dominant feature of the financial year, and, whilst the success of the vaccination programme has enabled most restrictions to be lifted, the emergence of the Omicron variant in late 2021 was a timely reminder that the virus has the potential to cause further disruption during the year ahead.

Historically, your Company has maintained a relatively low level of direct exposure to consumer facing sectors, such as retail, leisure, travel, hospitality and entertainment, which were most severely impacted by the pandemic. The Manager's focus on investing in dynamic businesses with strong, often counter-cyclical, growth characteristics has proven to be a sound strategy, that has helped partially to insulate the portfolio from the disruption caused by the pandemic. It is also encouraging that several investee companies, specifically those that are active in the biotech or medtech space, have contributed towards the UK's efforts to tackle COVID-19, including developing testing and therapeutics, or manufacturing medical products or devices.

Throughout the period, the Manager has adhered to all Government and local guidelines, with its regional offices and administration hub moving to a remote working model in March 2020. During this period, full operational capability has been maintained and there has been no impact on the management or running of your Company. The Maven offices have now fully re-opened and it is anticipated that 2022 will see a return to a normalised office based working pattern.

Until recently, all Board Meetings were conducted via Microsoft Teams, which has proven to be an effective medium. However, face to face Meetings have now resumed and, subject to any changes in Government guidance, will continue to follow the traditional in person format. It is also intended that the 2022 AGM will take place in person, full details of which can be found in the Notice of Annual General Meeting on pages 95 to 100 of this Annual Report.

#### **Brexit**

The UK formally left the EU on 31 January 2020 and entered into an eleven-month transition period that ended on 31 December 2020, with the EU (Future Relationship) Act 2020 coming into effect on 1 January 2021.

The Manager had been working closely with portfolio companies, both prior to and during the transition period, in order to help identify any potential issues and to put in place contingency measures to mitigate against perceived problems, such as supply chain disruption or staffing shortages. Furthermore, whilst the majority of the investee companies have limited direct exposure to the EU, there have been no significant indirect issues of note beyond the general market uncertainty that have affected the wider UK economy.

There is now greater clarity on the impact of Brexit and, whilst it is likely that there will be issues that affect the economy in general, the Directors are comfortable that the sectoral diversity of the portfolio, as well as its UK focus, should ensure that your Company is well positioned to benefit from future investment in the economy.

#### **Registration Services**

Following a review of registration and receiving agency services provided by a number of suppliers and after undertaking extensive due diligence on its service features and operations, The City Partnership (UK) Limited (City Partnership) has been appointed as the Registrar to your Company and the other Maven managed VCTs and is also acting as Receiving Agent for the current joint Offers for Subscription by Maven Income and Growth VCT 3 PLC and Maven Income and Growth VCT 4 PLC.

City Partnership's appointment became effective on 25 October 2021 and Shareholders should have received a welcome letter from the new Registrar, including an invitation to register for its investor hub at **maven-cp.cityhub.uk.com/login**. A separate enclosure from City Partnership, detailing the benefits of using the investor hub and how to register, is included with this Annual Report.

To date, the Board and the Manager are encouraged by the performance and service provided by City Partnership, both in terms of the management of the share register and activities relating to the current Offers.

#### **Dividend Policy**

Decisions on distributions take into consideration a number of factors, including the realisation of capital gains, the adequacy of distributable reserves, the availability of surplus revenue and the VCT qualifying level, all of which are kept under close and regular review.

The Board and the Manager recognise the importance of tax-free distributions to Shareholders and, subject to the considerations outlined above, will seek, as a guide, to pay an annual dividend which represents 5% of the NAV per share at the immediately preceding year end. It should be noted that the effect of paying a dividend is to reduce the NAV of the Company by the total cost of the distribution.

The Directors would like to remind Shareholders that, as the portfolio continues to expand and a greater proportion of holdings are invested in early stage companies, the timing of distributions will be more closely linked to realisation activity, whilst also reflecting the Company's requirement to maintain its VCT qualifying level. If larger distributions are required as a consequence of significant exits, this will result in a corresponding reduction in NAV per share. However, your Board considers this to be a tax efficient means of returning value to Shareholders, whilst ensuring ongoing compliance with the requirements of the VCT legislation.

#### Proposed Final Dividend

In light of the recent realisation activity, your Board was pleased to declare a second interim dividend of 0.50p per Ordinary Share in respect of the year ended 30 November 2021, which was paid on 26 November 2021.

Furthermore, your Board is proposing a final dividend of 1.00p per Ordinary Share in respect of the year ended 30 November 2021, which will be paid on 4 May 2022 to Shareholders on the register at 1 April 2022. This will bring total distributions for the financial year to 2.10p per Ordinary Share, representing a yield of 5.77% based on the NAV at the preceding year end of 36.38p per share. Since the Company's launch, and after receipt of the proposed final dividend, Shareholders will have received 46.65p per share in tax-free distributions.

#### Dividend Investment Scheme (DIS)

The Directors would like to remind Shareholders that your Company operates a DIS, through which dividend payments can be utilised to subscribe for new Ordinary Shares issued by the Company under the standing authority requested from Shareholders at Annual General Meetings. Shares issued under the DIS should qualify for VCT tax relief applicable for the tax year in which they are allotted, subject to an individual Shareholder's particular circumstances.

Shareholders can elect to participate in the DIS in respect of future dividends, including the payment of the proposed final dividend, to be paid on 4 May 2022, by completing a DIS mandate, which must be received by the new Registrar (City Partnership) before 19 April 2022, this being the next dividend election date. The mandate form, terms & conditions and full details of the scheme (including further details about tax considerations) are available from the Company's website at <a href="https://www.mavencp.com/migvct5">www.mavencp.com/migvct5</a>. Election to participate in the DIS can also be made through the Registrar's investor hub at <a href="maven-cp.cityhub.uk.com/login">maven-cp.cityhub.uk.com/login</a>.

If a Shareholder is in any doubt about the merits of participating in the DIS, or their own tax status, they should seek advice from a suitably qualified adviser.

#### Fund Raising and Allotment

On 23 October 2020, your Company, together with Maven Income and Growth VCT PLC, launched joint Offers for Subscription in new Ordinary Shares for up to £20 million in aggregate (£10 million for each company), with a combined over-allotment facility of up to £20 million (£10 million for each company). On 30 March 2021, the Directors were pleased to announce that your Company's Offer was fully subscribed, including full utilisation of the over-allotment facility.

An allotment of 24,921,994 new Ordinary Shares in respect of the 2020/21 tax year completed on 2 March 2021, with a further 26,817,537 new Ordinary Shares allotted on 1 April 2021. The allotment of 2,071,074 Ordinary Shares for the 2021/22 tax year took place on 4 May 2021.

This additional liquidity will enable your Company to continue to expand the portfolio by investing in ambitious, growth focused private and AIM quoted companies that operate across a broad range of market sectors, and are capable of generating capital gains. It will also ensure that existing portfolio companies can continue to be supported through follow-on funding where there is an ongoing business case which merits support. Furthermore, the funds raised will allow your Company to maintain its share buy-back policy, whilst also spreading costs over a wider asset base in line with the objective of maintaining a competitive total expense ratio for the benefit of all Shareholders.

#### Share Buy-backs

Shareholders will be aware that a primary objective for the Board is to ensure that the Company retains sufficient liquidity for making investments in line with its stated policy, and for the continued payment of dividends. However, the Directors also acknowledge the need to maintain an orderly market in the Company's shares and have, therefore, delegated authority to the Manager to buy back shares in the market for cancellation or to be held in treasury, subject always to such transactions being in the best interests of Shareholders.

As announced on 9 February 2022, the Directors reviewed the Company's share buy-back policy and the discount range of between 10% to 15% to the prevailing NAV per share at which shares would be bought back. Following that review, and subject to market conditions, available liquidity and the maintenance of the Company's VCT status, it is now intended that shares will be bought back at prices that will maintain a discount of between 5% and 10% to the prevailing NAV per share.

#### Investment Management Agreement (IMA)

Following the recent growth in the size of the Company, from an NAV of £30 million in 2015 to over £68 million at the current year end, and given the increased level of complexity across the portfolio, the Board has agreed a modest adjustment to the annual administration and performance related incentive fees payable to the Manager. The Board is satisfied that these new fee arrangements remain competitive and provide a more suitable incentive structure for the Manager of a hybrid private equity and AIM VCT, whilst remaining closely aligned with Shareholders' interests. Further details on the fee arrangements can be found in the Directors' Report on pages 49 to 51 of this Annual Report.

#### VCT Regulatory Developments

During the period under review, there have been no further amendments to the rules governing VCTs. The Autumn Budget was delivered on 27 October 2021 and did not propose any changes to the legislation governing VCTs.

The Directors and the Manager continue to apply the International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuation (IPEV) Guidelines as the central methodology for all private company valuations. The IPEV Guidelines are the prevailing framework for fair value information in the private equity and venture capital industry.

#### Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG)

The Board is cognisant of the importance of ESG principles, and believes that each portfolio company should behave responsibly towards the environment and society, whilst operating in line with governance best practice. The Directors are pleased to report that the Manager has increased its focus on ESG and has integrated these criteria into its investment appraisal process. Additionally, a robust framework has been developed to ensure that ESG considerations are monitored and managed carefully throughout the period of investment.

In May 2021, the Manager became a signatory to the internationally recognised Principles for Responsible Investment, demonstrating its commitment to include ESG as an integral part of its investment decision making and ownership. The Manager has also become a signatory to the Investing in Women Code, which aims to improve female entrepreneurs' access to tools, resources and finance, supporting diversity and inclusion in access to finance.

While neither the Company nor the Manager are currently required to disclose climate related financial information in line with the Task Force on Climate related Financial Disclosures (TCFD), they recognise the aim and importance of the TCFD recommendations to provide a foundation to improve investors' ability to appropriately assess climate-related risk and opportunities. Disclosing information against the TCFD recommendations remains an objective of the Manager as part of their ESG initiatives and progress will be monitored by the Directors.

#### Maven Capital Partners LLP (Maven)

As noted in the 2021 Interim Report, Mattioli Woods plc formally completed the acquisition of Maven on 1 July 2021. The Directors are pleased to confirm that, following this strategic development, there has been no material change to the management of your Company. As previously outlined, Maven now operates as an independently managed subsidiary of Mattioli Woods, retaining its regional business model, people and brand in entirety, with no direct impact for Maven's VCT clients, Shareholders or investee companies. Your Board considers this to be a positive step in the evolution of Maven and does not anticipate any significant operational changes. Bill Nixon remains Managing Partner and lead VCT fund manager, and the investment team and support staff providing company secretarial, accounting and administrative services, are all continuing to operate as before.

Mattioli Woods is one of the UK's leading providers of wealth management and financial planning services and Maven offers a highly complementary fit with its existing operations. Maven and Mattioli Woods share a common objective of continuing to expand the enlarged business under PLC ownership. Both businesses are well known to each other, and there is strong cultural alignment, as well as a common focus on providing clients with the best possible service. Further details on Mattioli Woods can be found at www.mattioliwoods.com.

#### Annual General Meeting (AGM)

The Directors are pleased to confirm that, subject to no variation in the guidelines in relation to the pandemic, the 2022 AGM will be held in the London office of Maven Capital Partners UK LLP on 26 April 2022, commencing at 11:30am. The Notice of Annual General Meeting can be found on pages 95 to 100 of this Annual Report.

#### Ukraine

As at the date of the publication of this Annual Report, global attention has become focused on the evolving situation in Ukraine and the significant humanitarian issues that are unfolding. Whilst the economic impact of these developments is not yet fully known, it is likely that financial markets and commodity prices will experience some volatility over the coming period. The Board and the Manager will continue to monitor the situation closely and remain hopeful that a swift and peaceful resolution can be achieved.

#### The Future

At the time of writing, the UK is beginning to see a reduction in the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. Assuming this trend in public health is maintained, it is anticipated that, notwithstanding the unfolding issues in Ukraine, strong economic growth will feature during 2022, although this may be tempered in part by inflationary pressures. Following the uncertainty associated with Brexit there are positive trends evident around M&A activity, which is expected to see a latent demand for high growth UK companies, similar to those held by your Company. These market trends augur well for the immediate future.

Graham Miller Chairman 10 March 2022

# **SUMMARY OF INVESTMENT CHANGES**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2021

|                          | Valuation<br>30 November 2020<br>£'000 % |        | Net investment/ Appreciation/ (disinvestment) (depreciation) £'000 £'000 |       | 30 November 2021 |         |  |
|--------------------------|--|--------|--|-------|------------------|---------|--|
| Legacy portfolio         |  |        |  |       |                  |         |  |
| Unlisted investments     |  |        |  |       |                  |         |  |
| Equities                 | 821                                      | 1.8    | (339)  | (3)   | 479              | 0.7     |  |
|                          | 821                                      | 1.8    | (339)  | (3)   | 479              | 0.7     |  |
|                          |  |        |  |       |                  |         |  |
| AIM/AQSE*                | 9,221                                    | 20.4   | (2,925)  | 3,775 | 10,071           | 14.6    |  |
| Total legacy portfolio   | 10,042                                   | 22.2   | (3,264)  | 3,772 | 10,550           | 15.3    |  |
| Total legacy portions    | 10,042                                   | 22.2   | (3,204)  | 3,772 | 10,330           |         |  |
| Maven portfolio          |  |        |  |       |                  |         |  |
| Unlisted investments     |  |        |  |       |                  |         |  |
| Equities                 | 15,544                                   | 34.4   | 4,568  | 3,342 | 23,454           | 34.1    |  |
| Loan stocks              | 4,557                                    | 10.1   | (479)  | 1,082 | 5,160            | 7.5     |  |
|                          | 20,101                                   | 44.5   | 4,089  | 4,424 | 28,614           | 41.6    |  |
|                          |  |        |  |       |                  |         |  |
| AIM/AQSE*                | 1,030                                    | 2.3    | 2,043  | 485   | 3,558            | 5.2     |  |
|                          |  |        |  |       |                  |         |  |
| Investment trusts        | 2,648                                    | 5.9    | -  | 943   | 3,591            | 5.2     |  |
| Total Maven portfolio    | 23,779                                   | 52.7   | 6,132  | 5,852 | 35,763           | 52.0    |  |
|                          |  |        |  |       |                  |         |  |
| Total portfolio          | 33,821                                   | 74.9   | 2,868  | 9,624 | 46,313           | 67.3    |  |
| Cash                     | 11,543                                   | 25.6   | 10,891   | _     | 22,434           | 32.6    |  |
| Other assets             | (228)                                    | (0.5)  | 244  | _     | 16               | 0.1     |  |
| Net assets               | 45,136                                   | 100.0  | 14,003   | 9,624 | 68,763           | 100.0   |  |
|                          |  |        |  |       |                  |         |  |
| Ordinary Shares in issue | 124,055,920                              |        |  |       | 176,3            | 361,696 |  |
| NAV per Ordinary Share   |  | 36.38p |  |       |                  | 38.99р  |  |
| Mid-market share price   |  | 31.60p |  |       | 36.00р           |         |  |
| Discount to NAV          |  | 13.14% |  |       |                  | 7.67%   |  |

<sup>\*</sup>Shares traded on the Alternative Investment Market (AIM) or the Aquis Stock Exchange (AQSE).

This Business Report is intended to provide an overview of the strategy and business model of the Company, as well as the key measures used by the Directors in overseeing its management. The Company is a venture capital trust and invests in accordance with the investment objective set out below.

#### **Investment Objective**

The Company aims to achieve long-term capital appreciation and generate income for Shareholders. Maven Capital Partners UK LLP (Maven or the Manager) was appointed in February 2011 with a view to applying a new investment policy, as set out below.

#### Business Model and Investment Policy

Under an investment policy approved by the Directors, the Company intends to achieve its objective by:

- investing the majority of its funds in a diversified portfolio of shares and securities in smaller, unquoted UK companies and AIM/AQSE quoted companies which meet the criteria for VCT qualifying investments and have strong growth potential;
- investing no more than £1.25 million in any company in one year and no more than 15% of the Company's assets by cost in one business at any time; and
- borrowing up to 15% of net asset value, if required and only on a selective basis, in pursuit of its investment strategy. The Board has no intention of approving any borrowing at this time.

# Principal and Emerging Risks and Uncertainties

The Board and the Risk Committee have an ongoing process for identifying, evaluating and monitoring the principal and emerging risks and uncertainties facing the Company. The risk register and risk dashboard form key parts of the Company's risk management framework used to carry out a robust assessment of the risks, including a significant focus on the controls in place to mitigate them.

The current principal and emerging risks and uncertainties facing the Company are considered to be as follows:

#### Investment Risk

The majority of the Company's investments are in early stage, small and medium sized unquoted UK companies and AIM/AQSE quoted companies which, by their nature, carry a higher level of risk and lower liquidity than investments in large quoted companies. The Board aims to limit the risk attached to the investment portfolio as a whole by ensuring that a robust and structured selection, monitoring and realisation process is applied. The Board reviews the investment portfolio with the Manager on a regular basis.

The Company manages and minimises investment risk by:

- · diversifying across a large number of companies;
- · diversifying across a range of economic sectors;
- actively and closely monitoring the progress of investee companies;
- co-investing with other clients of Maven, other VCT managers, and/or other co-investor partners;
- ensuring valuations of underlying investments are made fairly and reasonably (see Notes to the Financial Statements 1(e), 1(f) and 16 for further details);
- taking steps to ensure that the share price discount is managed appropriately; and
- choosing and appointing an FCA authorised investment manager with the appropriate skills, experience and resources required to achieve the Investment Objective above, with ongoing monitoring to ensure the Manager is performing in line with expectations.

#### Operational Risk

The Board has been aware of the heightened cyber security risk and potential consequences of IT failure during the pandemic, particularly in relation to the reliance on remote working practices by the Manager and key third parties during this period. The Board has closely monitored the systems and controls in place to prevent or mitigate against a systems or data security failure and the overall effectiveness of business continuity arrangements of the Manager and third parties. The failure of a significant outsourcer resulting in an inability to provide services to the Company or Shareholders and the risk of misappropriation of funds or assets belonging to the Company are considered to be ongoing operational risks. These are mitigated by robust systems and controls, which include close and careful oversight by the Manager and the Board.

#### VCT Qualifying Status Risk

The Company operates in a complex regulatory environment and faces a number of related risks, including:

- becoming subject to capital gains tax on the sale of its investments as a result of a breach of Section 274 of the Income Tax Act 2007;
- loss of VCT status and the consequential loss of tax reliefs available to Shareholders as a result of a breach of the VCT regulations;
- loss of VCT status and reputational damage as a result of a serious breach of other regulations such as the FCA Listing Rules and the Companies Act 2006; and
- increased investment restrictions resulting from the EU State Aid Rules incorporated by the Finance (No. 2) Act 2015 and the Finance Act 2018.

The Board works closely with the Manager to ensure compliance with all applicable and upcoming legislation such that VCT qualifying status is maintained. Further information on the management of this risk is detailed under other headings in this Business Report.

#### Legislative and Regulatory Risk

The Directors strive to maintain a good understanding of the changing regulatory agenda and consider emerging issues so that appropriate changes can be implemented and developed in good time.

In order to maintain its approval as a VCT, the Company is required to comply with current VCT legislation in the UK as well as the EU State Aid Rules. Changes to either legislation could have an adverse impact on Shareholder investment returns, whilst maintaining the Company's VCT status. The Board and the Manager continue to make representations where appropriate, either directly or through relevant industry bodies such as the Association of Investment Companies (AIC), the British Venture Capital Association (BVCA) and the Venture Capital Trust Association (VCTA).

The Company has retained Philip Hare & Associates LLP as its principal VCT adviser and also uses the services of a number of other VCT advisers on a transactional basis.

Breaches of other regulations, including, but not limited to, the Companies Act 2006, the FCA Listing Rules, the FCA Disclosure Guidance and Transparency Rules, the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR), and the Alternative Investment Fund Managers Directive (the AIFMD), could lead to a number of detrimental outcomes and reputational damage.

The AIFMD, which regulates the management of alternative investment funds, including VCTs, introduced a new authorisation and supervisory regime for all investment companies in the EU. The Company is a small registered, internally managed alternative investment fund under the AIFMD, and its status as such is unchanged as a result of the UK's departure from the EU.

The Company is also required to comply with tax legislation under the Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act and the Common Reporting Standard. The Company has appointed City Partnership to act on its behalf to report annually to HM Revenue & Customs (HMRC) and ensure compliance with this legislation.

#### Climate Change and Social Responsibility Risk

The Board recognises that climate change is an important emerging risk that all companies should take into consideration within their strategic planning.

As referred to elsewhere in this Strategic Report and in the Statement of Corporate Governance in this Annual Report, the Company has little direct impact on environmental issues. However, the Company has introduced measures to reduce the cost and environmental impact of the production and circulation of Shareholder documentation such as the Annual and Interim Reports. This has resulted in a significant reduction in the number of paper copies being printed and posted, with only 21% of Shareholders now receiving printed reports.

The Board is aware that the Manager is increasing efforts in relation to the identification of environmental risks and opportunities and is developing its ESG policy accordingly. Environmental risk is a fundamental aspect of due diligence and industry specialists are assigned where there may be specific concerns in relation to a potential business or sector. The results are then factored into the decision making process for new investments. VCTs in general are regarded as supporting small and medium sized enterprises which, in turn, helps create local employment opportunities across a range of geographical areas in the UK.

#### Ukraine

Another emerging risk is the ongoing situation in Ukraine, which the Board is monitoring closely. Whilst the impact on the Company is unknown, it is acknowledged that there is an increased cyber security risk. The Manager is taking steps to mitigate this risk, including the oversight of third parties.

#### Other Key Risks

#### Governance Risk

The Directors are aware that an ineffective Board could have a negative impact on the Company and its Shareholders. The Board recognises the importance of effective leadership and board composition, and this is ensured by completing an annual evaluation process. If required, additional training is then arranged.

#### Management Risk

The Directors are aware of the risk that investment opportunities could fail or the management of the VCT could breach the Management and Administration Deed or regulatory parameters, due to lack of knowledge and/or experience of the investment professionals acting on behalf of the Company. To manage this risk, the Board has appointed Maven as investment manager, as it employs skilled professionals with the required VCT knowledge and experience. In addition, the Board takes comfort from the Manager's controls that have been updated to ensure compliance with the Senior Managers and Certification Regime.

The Directors are also mindful of the impact that the loss of the Manager's key employees could have on both investment opportunities that may be lost or existing investments that may fail. The Board takes reassurance from the Manager's approach to incentivising staff and ensuring that adequate notice periods are included in all contracts of employment.

#### Financial and Liquidity Risk

As most of the investments require a mid to long-term commitment and are relatively illiquid, the Company retains a portion of the portfolio in cash and listed investment trusts in order to finance any new or followon investment opportunities. The Company has only limited direct exposure to currency risk and does not enter into any derivative transactions.

#### Political Risk

The EU (Future Relationship) Act 2020 came into effect on 1 January 2021 and the full political, economic and legal consequences of the UK leaving the EU are not yet known. It is possible that investments in the UK may be more difficult to value and assess for suitability of risk, harder to buy or sell and may be subject to greater or more frequent rises and falls in value. In the longer term, there is likely to be a period of uncertainty as the UK seeks to negotiate its ongoing relationship with the EU and other global trade partners. The UK's laws and regulations, including those relating to investment companies, may, in the future, diverge from those of the EU. This may lead to changes in the operation of the Company or the rights of investors in the territories in which the shares of the Company may be promoted and sold.

The Board reviews regularly the political situation, together with any associated changes to the economic, regulatory and legislative environment, to ensure that any risks arising are mitigated as effectively as possible.

#### Economic Risk

The valuation of investment companies may be affected by underlying economic conditions such as fluctuating interest rates and the availability of bank finance, which can be impacted during times of geopolitical uncertainty and fluctuating markets, including during the coronavirus pandemic. Investee companies may also be directly impacted by the economic effects of the pandemic, such as insufficient funds to carry the business through the crisis, market conditions affecting their valuations, or the risk of lockdown restrictions limiting the ability to conduct new business or recruitment. The Manager has provided enhanced support and oversight to investee companies where needed and in some cases can consider followon funding. The diverse portfolio of the Company has limited the overall impact of the economic effects of the pandemic. The economic and market environment is kept under constant review and the investment strategy of the Company is adapted so far as possible to mitigate emerging risks.

#### Credit Risk

The Company may hold financial instruments and cash deposits and is dependent on counterparties discharging their agreed responsibilities. The Directors consider the creditworthiness of the counterparties to such instruments and seek to ensure that there is no undue concentration of exposure to any one party.

An explanation of certain economic and financial risks and how they are managed is contained in Note 16 to the Financial Statements.

# Statement of Compliance with Investment Policy

The Company is adhering to its stated investment policy and managing the risks arising from it. This can be seen in various tables and charts throughout this Annual Report, and in the Chairman's Statement and the Investment Manager's Review. A review of the Company's business, its financial position as at 30 November 2021 and its performance during the year then ended is included in the Chairman's Statement, which also includes an overview of the Company's business model and strategy.

The management of the investment portfolio has been delegated to Maven, which also provides company secretarial, administrative and financial management services to the Company. The Board is satisfied with the depth and breadth of the Manager's resources and its nationwide network of offices, which supply new deals and enable it to monitor the geographically widespread portfolio of companies effectively.

The Investment Portfolio Summary on pages 43 to 46 discloses the investments in the portfolio and the degree of co-investment with other clients of the Manager. The charts in the Portfolio Analysis on pages 21 and 22 shows the profile of the portfolio by industry sector and by value. These charts also show the hybrid composition of the portfolio and the balance between growth capital investments, more mature private company investments, and AIM/AQSE quoted investments. The level of VCT qualifying investment is monitored continually by the Manager and reported to the Risk Committee quarterly or as required.

#### Key Performance Indicators (KPIs)

During the year, the net return on ordinary activities before taxation was £8,432,000 (2020: £656,000), gains on investments were £9,624,000 (2020: £1,442,000) and earnings per share were 5.31p (2020: 0.52p). The Directors also consider a number of Alternative Performance Measures (APMs) in order to assess the Company's success in achieving its objectives, and these also enable Shareholders and prospective investors to gain an understanding of its business. The APMs are shown in the Financial History table on page 5. In addition, the Board considers the following to be KPIs:

- NAV total return;
- cumulative dividends paid;
- · share price discount to NAV;
- share price total return; and
- · operational expenses.

The NAV total return is the principal measure of Shareholder value as it includes both the current NAV per share and the sum of dividends paid to date. Cumulative dividends paid is the total amount of both capital and income distributions paid since the launch of the Company. The Directors seek to pay dividends to provide a yield and comply with the VCT rules, taking account of the level of distributable reserves, profitable realisations in each accounting period and the Company's future cash flow projections. The share price discount to NAV is the percentage by which the mid-market share price of an investment is lower than the NAV per share. Share price total return is the percentage movement in the share price over a period of time including any re-invested dividends paid over that timeframe. A historical record of these measures is shown in the Financial Highlights on pages 4 to 6, and the profile of the portfolio is reflected in the Summary of Investment Changes on page 14. Definitions of the APMs can be found in the Glossary on pages 103 and 104. The Board also reviews the Company's operational expenses on a quarterly basis as the Directors consider that this element is an important component in the generation of Shareholder returns. Further information can be found in Notes 2 and 4 to the Financial Statements on page 83.

The introduction of the Finance (No.2) Act 2015 altered the type of investments VCTs can make, and also changed the transaction structure to be more heavily weighted to equity investment. The proportion of loan notes has reduced as a result and, accordingly, the Directors agreed that investment income is not considered to be a KPI. The Directors have also agreed that the rebalancing of the legacy AIM portfolio should no longer be considered a KPI. In recent years, AIM has matured and has offered increasingly good investment opportunities, and your Board has been pleased with the positive contribution that the AIM portfolio has delivered. Whilst the majority of new investments will continue to be made in unlisted companies, given the positive performance, your Company will continue to make selective new AIM investments.

There is no VCT index against which to compare the financial performance of the Company. However, for reporting to the Board and Shareholders, the Manager uses comparisons with the most appropriate index, being the FTSE AIM All-Share Index. The Directors also consider non-financial performance measures such as the flow of investment proposals and the Company's ranking within the VCT sector.

In addition, the Directors consider economic, regulatory and political trends and factors that may impact on the Company's future development and performance.

#### **Valuation Process**

Investments held by Maven Income and Growth VCT 5 PLC in unquoted companies are valued in accordance with the International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuation (IPEV) Guidelines. Investments quoted or traded on a recognised stock exchange, including AIM, are valued at their bid prices.

#### Share Buy-backs

At the forthcoming AGM, the Board will seek the necessary Shareholder authority to continue to conduct share buy-backs under appropriate circumstances.

#### The Board's Duty and Stakeholder Engagement

The Directors recognise the importance of an effective Board and its ability to discuss, review and make decisions to promote the long-term success of the Company and protect the interests of its key stakeholders. As required by Provision 5 of the AIC Code (and in line with the UK Code), the Board has discussed the Directors' duty under Section 172 of the Companies Act and how the interests of key stakeholders have been considered in the Board discussions and decision making during the year.

#### Form of engagement

#### Influence on Board decision making

#### Shareholders

AGM - Shareholders are encouraged to attend the AGM and are provided with the opportunity to ask questions and engage with the Directors and the Manager. Shareholders are also encouraged to exercise their right to vote on the resolutions proposed at the AGM.

Shareholder documents – the Company reports formally to Shareholders by publishing Annual and Interim Reports, normally in March and July each year. In the instance of a corporate action taking place, the Board will communicate with Shareholders through the issue of a Circular and, if required, a Prospectus.

In addition, significant matters or reporting obligations are disseminated to Shareholders by way of Stock Exchange Announcements.

The Secretary acts as a key point of contact for the Board and communications received from Shareholders are circulated to the whole Board.

Dividend declarations – the Board recognises the importance of tax-free dividends to Shareholders and takes this into consideration when making decisions to pay interim and propose final dividends for each year. Further details regarding dividends for the year under review can be found in the Chairman's Statement on pages 9 to 13.

Share buy-back policy – the Directors recognise the importance to Shareholders of the Company maintaining an active buy-back policy and considered this when establishing the current programme. Further details can be found in the Chairman's Statement on page 12 and in the Directors' Report on pages 51 and 52.

Offer for Subscription – in making a decision to launch an Offer for Subscription, the Directors considered that it would be in the interest of Shareholders to continue to grow the portfolio and make investments across a diverse range of sectors. By growing the Company, costs are spread over a wider asset base, which helps to promote a competitive total expense ratio, which is in the interests of Shareholders. In addition, the increased liquidity helps support the buy-back policy referred to above.

Liquidity management – in order to generate income and add value for Shareholders, the Board has an active liquidity management policy, which has the objective of generating income from the cash held prior to investment. Further details regarding the liquidity management policy can be found in the Investment Manager's Review on page 28.

#### **Environment and society**

The Directors and the Manager take account of the social, environmental and ethical factors impacted by the Company and the investments that it makes.

The Directors and the Manager are aware of their duty to act in the interests of the Company and acknowledge that there are risks associated with investment in companies that fail to conduct business in a socially responsible manner. The Manager's ESG assessment of investee companies focuses heavily on their impact on the environment, challenging fundamental aspects such as energy and emissions usage, and targets an approach to waste and recycling as well as broader social themes such as the companies' approach to diversity and inclusion in the workplace and their work with charities. Further details can be found in the Chairman's Statement on pages 12 and 13 and in the Statement of Corporate Governance on page 62.

#### Portfolio companies

Quarterly Board Meetings – the Manager reports to the Board on the portfolio companies, in particular, on the private investee companies, and the Directors challenge the Manager if they feel it is appropriate. The Manager then communicates directly with each private investee company, normally through the Maven representative who sits on the board of the private investee company.

The Directors are aware that the exercise of voting rights is key to promoting good corporate governance and, through the Manager, ensures that the portfolio companies are encouraged to adopt best practice corporate governance. The Board has delegated the responsibility for monitoring the portfolio companies to the Manager and has given it discretion to vote in respect of the Company's holdings in the investment portfolio, in a way that reflects the concerns and key governance matters discussed by the Board. From time to time, the management teams of the private investee companies give presentations to the Board.

The Board is also mindful that, as the portfolio expands and the proportion of early stage investment increases, follow-on funding will represent an important part of the Company's investment strategy and this forms a key part of the Directors' discussions on valuations, risk management and fundraising.

| Form of engagement  | Influence on Board decision making   |
|---|--|
| Manager Quarterly Board Meetings – the Manager attends every Board Meeting and presents a detailed portfolio analysis and reports on key issues such as VCT compliance, investment pipeline and utilisation of any new monies raised. | The Manager is responsible for implementing the investment objective and the strategy agreed by the Board. In making a decision to launch any Offer for Subscription, the Board needs to consider that the Company requires to have sufficient liquidity to continue to expand and broaden the investment portfolio in line with the strategy, including the provision of follow-on funding, as referred to above. |
| Registrar Annual review meetings and control reports.   | The Directors review the performance of all third party service providers on an annual basis, including ensuring compliance with GDPR. During the year the decision was made to change registrar and City Partnership was appointed on 25 October 2021.  |
| Custodian  Regular statements and control reports received, with all holdings and balances reconciled.  | The Directors review the performance of all third party providers on an annual basis, including oversight of securing the Company's assets.  |

# Employee, Environmental and Human Rights Policy

The Company has no direct employee or environmental responsibilities, nor is it directly responsible for the emission of greenhouse gases. The Board's principal responsibility to Shareholders is to ensure that the investment portfolio is managed and invested properly. The Company has no employees and, accordingly, has no requirement to report separately on employment matters. The Board comprises three male Directors and delegates responsibility for diversity to the Nomination Committee, as explained in the Statement of Corporate Governance on page 61. The management of the portfolio is undertaken by the Manager through members of its portfolio management team.

The Manager engages with the Company's underlying investee companies in relation to their corporate governance practices and in developing their policies on social, community and environmental matters and further information can be found in the Statement of Corporate Governance on page 62. Additional work is being carried out by the Manager to establish a framework for the effective capture of ESG information, consistently across all investee companies. The Manager will be overseeing the collation of this information for the benefit of the Board but will also be supporting individual companies to identify ESG risks and opportunities and, where potential improvements are identified, will work jointly with investee businesses to make positive changes.

In light of the nature of the Company's business, there are no relevant human rights issues and, therefore, the Company does not have a human rights policy.

#### **Auditor**

The Company's Auditor is required to report if there are any material inconsistencies between the content of the Strategic Report and the Financial Statements. The Independent Auditor's Report can be found on pages 69 to 76.

#### **Future Strategy**

The Board and Manager intend to maintain the policies set out above for the year ending 30 November 2022, as it is believed that these are in the best interests of Shareholders.

#### Approval

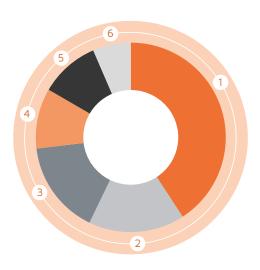
The Business Report, and the Strategic Report as a whole, was approved by the Board of Directors and signed on its behalf by:

Graham Miller Director

10 March 2022

#### AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2021

The charts below show the profile of the portfolio by industry sector and by value, which help to demonstrate the broadly spread end-market exposures and that over 90% of the portfolio is valued at or above cost. This analysis excludes cash balances and liquidity management holdings.



#### Sector analysis by value

1. Software - 42%

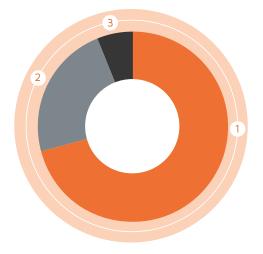
2. Industrials & engineering - 16%

3. Business services - 16%

4. Pharmaceuticals, biotechnology & healthcare - 10%

5. Marketing & advertising technology - 10%

6. Data analytics - 6%



#### Portfolio value compared to cost

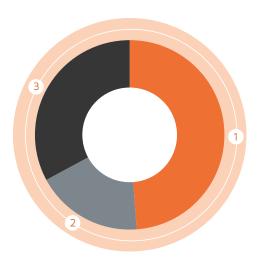
1. Valued above cost - 71%

2. Valued at cost - 23%

3. Valued below cost - 6%

## **PORTFOLIO ANALYSIS**

The charts below show the changing composition of the portfolio, which is balanced between growth capital investments (completed post 2015), more mature private company holdings (completed pre 2015) and AIM/AQSE quoted investments. This analysis excludes cash balances and liquidity management holdings.



#### Portfolio composition - 30 November 2020

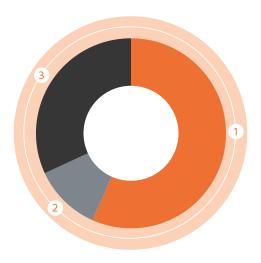




2. Later stage investments (completed pre 2015) - 18%



3. AIM/AQSE quoted investments - 33%



#### Portfolio composition - 30 November 2021





2. Later stage investments (completed pre 2015) - 11%



3. AIM/AQSE quoted investments - 32%

## **INVESTMENT MANAGER'S REVIEW**

#### **HIGHLIGHTS**

22 new private and AIM quoted company holdings added to the portfolio, with four private company investments completed post the period end

Realisations of the private company holdings in Curo Compensation, eSafe and Mojo Mortgages for total returns of 1.1x, 1.4x and up to 1.8x cost respectively

Flotation on AIM of GENinCode, generating a 2.7x uplift in value at the time of listing

Realised gain of £2.46 million generated from disposals of AIM quoted holdings

Post the period end, the realisation of Quorum Cyber for an overall money multiple return of 6.5x, inclusive of a retained minority holding It is encouraging to report on positive progress that has been achieved across the portfolio during the financial year. Your Company has maintained a steady rate of new investment, further expanding and diversifying the portfolio and gaining exposure to a number of interesting growth markets. Many of the earlier stage private companies have made tangible commercial progress, which has resulted in uplifts to certain valuations. The AIM quoted portfolio performed well, allowing for gains to be realised in several holdings when liquidity permitted. In July, your Company completed its first flotation of a private company through the IPO on AIM of GENinCode, which generated an uplift in value of 2.7x cost, at the time of listing, over a one year holding period. In December 2021, your Company achieved a high value exit with the sale of Quorum Cyber to a UK private equity buyer, generating a money multiple return of 6.5x, inclusive of a retained minority holding. These positive developments have enabled the Board to propose an increased total annual dividend of 2.10p per share, which represents a yield of 5.77%.

#### Overview

Throughout the year, the Manager has continued to see good levels of demand for equity investment from growth focused smaller companies across the UK. Maven's regional office network and local presence in the key corporate finance territories has provided access to a wide range of opportunities. Whilst the Manager has maintained a cautious approach to certain sectors, 22 new private and AIM quoted companies were added to the portfolio during the year, with a further four completed after the period end. The majority of these businesses are active in some of the most dynamic markets across the UK, such as cyber security, data analytics, e-commerce, medtech, satellite monitoring technology and software, and provide further breadth and diversity to the portfolio, which now incorporates a number of high growth sectors.

Whilst a growing number of investee companies operate in the technology sector, this is generally consistent with the evolution of the wider VCT market, where many earlier stage companies offer some form of technology application or functionality as part of their core product or service. These companies often aim to disrupt an existing market and can offer the potential for scalable growth. The Manager retains a preference for investing in companies with defensive characteristics and limited direct consumer exposure, and in some cases will invest alongside another VCT house or equity partner as a means of mitigating the risks associated with earlier stage investment. This is particularly important when further funding rounds are anticipated, as it enables your Company to continue to support portfolio companies as they grow prior to seeking an exit.

During the year, the Manager has also worked with existing portfolio companies, recognising that each management team has been navigating a complex and rapidly changing economic environment since early 2020. Maven maintains a close relationship with each portfolio company and, in most cases, will take a board seat, which ensures that the investment team are actively involved in key strategic and operational decision making. Despite the challenges associated with the pandemic, it is pleasing to report that most investee companies have continued to make commercial progress during the year. In certain cases, this has resulted in uplifts to valuations, and for others the protective provisions that were taken at the outset of the pandemic have now been reversed.

A number of new AIM quoted holdings were added to the portfolio during the year. These companies operate across a wide variety of sectors where the Manager sees good long term growth prospects, including advanced medical imaging, early cancer detection, fuel emulsification technology and precision engineering. The Manager believes that a balanced portfolio of private and AIM quoted companies offers the optimal approach to generate long term returns across two separate asset classes. Private company investments are generally held over the longer term in order to maximise value, whilst AIM quoted holdings can provide the opportunity either to hold for long term growth or to generate early liquidity if the share price performs well. During the period, the Maven AIM team played a key role in assisting private company **GENinCode**, a developer of patented risk assessment products for the prevention of cardiovascular disease, to successfully float on AIM. Your Company first invested in GENinCode in July 2020 and, after early scientific and clinical success in validating its genomic technology and products, the objective to float on AIM was identified as a strategic target that would enable the business to fulfil its international growth ambition and enhance product development. The flotation raised £17 million, and achieved a post listing market capitalisation of £42 million, delivering a 2.7x uplift in value over cost.

During the second half of the year, there has been an increase in M&A activity, which has resulted in a number of investee companies being approached by potential acquirers. It is encouraging to note the level of interest in the portfolio, which supports the Manager's confidence in the merits of the core investment strategy and the businesses that are being targetted. In addition to the IPO of GENinCode, three profitable exits to trade or private equity buyers were completed during the year, with the realisations of the holdings in education safeguarding software provider **eSafe**, employee compensation and remuneration software specialist **Curo Compensation** and online mortgage comparison platform **Mojo Mortgages**. Post the period end, your Company completed its most significant exit to date from the early stage portfolio, with the sale of **Quorum Cyber** to a UK private equity buyer. The exit delivered an overall money multiple return of 6.5x inclusive of a retained minority holding in the business, which enables your Company to participate in the future growth of Quorum Cyber, with the potential for a further return in the future. This helps to validate the investment strategy that the Manager has been progressing over recent years and demonstrates the ability of high quality growth businesses to generate meaningful returns over a relatively short holding period.

#### Portfolio Developments

#### Private Company Holdings

Integrated drug discovery service provider **BioAscent Discovery** has continued to deliver good growth and make further strategic progress. Over the past two years the business has recorded a compound annualised growth rate of 81% and was recently named top performing outsourcer for the second year running, and second place overall, in the Alantra Pharma Fast 50, which ranks the UK's fastest growing privately owned pharma and pharma service companies. Since the Maven VCTs first invested in 2018, BioAscent has extended its services into complementary chemistry and biology areas, and now provides clients with an integrated product suite, which is a key differentiator within the market. The business is poised to develop internationally and recently appointed a head of business development in the US, which is viewed as a key growth market. BioAscent has also been actively involved in the UK's response to COVID-19 and, in conjunction with the Scottish Government, provided senior staff to help set up a new facility to scale up mass testing. Since investment, BioAscent has demonstrated its ability to deliver growth and to achieve its commercial objectives, and remains well positioned to make further progress in the year ahead.

During the period under review, **Bright Network** has continued to make good commercial progress. The platform, which provides a free membership network that helps UK based university undergraduates and recent graduates to connect with leading employers for graduate roles, internships and work experience, has significantly expanded and currently has over 600,000 members and over 300 partner firms including Accenture, Aldi, Clifford Chance, Deloitte, Goldman Sachs and M&S. During the pandemic, the business successfully pivoted its model from being focused on in-person interactions to one that could operate in a virtual environment. This has enabled Bright Network to grow its market position and, following the removal of remaining COVID-19 restrictions, leaves it well placed to deliver its ambitious growth plan over the coming years.

In July 2019, your Company first invested in **Delio** the Cardiff based designer and developer of a digital private asset infrastructure for global financial institutions, including wealth managers, family offices and angel networks, whose clients include Barclays, ING and UK Business Angels Association. Delio's white label platform provides a secure, compliant and efficient system for connecting investors and capital with private market investment opportunities. During the year, Delio has made good commercial progress adding a number of new clients, which has resulted in a significant increase in contracted recurring revenue. The business now has over 8,600 active users, 1,400 live deals and £26 billion of deals on its platform. Shortly after the period end, Delio secured additional institutional investment from another VCT fund manager, with the Maven VCTs also participating. This funding will be used to build out an international sales team and to finance further product innovation.

Since your Company first invested in 2019, e-commerce analytical software provider **e.fundamentals** has made sustained commercial progress, delivering a fivefold increase in annual recurring revenue (ARR). The business focuses on providing consumer brands with customer information to help them maximise their online listings, and monetises the range of digital touchpoints used by shoppers, which has become increasingly important during the pandemic in line with the shift towards online shopping. During the year, e.fundamentals has continued to grow and secured a number of new high profile clients such as PepsiCo, which complements an existing client base that includes Dairy Crest, Edgewell Personal Care (owner of brands such as Hawaiian Tropic, Wet Ones and Wilkinson Sword), Kellogg's, Mars, Royal Canin and Weetabix.

Horizon Ceremonies continues to make good strategic and operational progress. Trading at the original site in the Clyde Coast and Garnock Valley remains strong and ahead of plan. The second crematorium, in Cannock, Staffordshire, has traded ahead of plan since opening in April 2021 and the management team are working with local funeral directors and undertakers to increase awareness of the facility, its service offerings and Horizon's family orientated approach. Construction of the third crematorium, in the suburbs of Glasgow, progressed to plan during lockdown with minimal disruption and opened in mid-December. There are two further sites in the near term pipeline. The planning appeal process at Oxted in Surrey is currently ongoing and the planning application at Hooton, Cheshire has been submitted, with judgements on both expected early in 2022. The medium-term strategic objective remains to build a portfolio of modern, technologically advanced crematoria that meet the best environmental standards, whilst offering a compassionate service for families, and to sell the business to a trade, private equity or infrastructure acquirer when all sites reach maturity.

In March 2020, your Company completed its investment in marketing technology provider **Nano Interactive**. The business uses proprietary "intent targetting" technology to assess multiple intent signals, such as online search history, to enable clients to place adverts in real time, targetting consumers that have indicated an interest in a product or service. This helps clients enhance the effectiveness of digital advertising campaigns. The business has made significant positive progress over the past year and is building a strong market position, with an extensive client list that includes household names such as Mars, McDonalds, Microsoft, Pets at Home and Vodafone. During 2021, Nano has also helped the UK Government to achieve targetted messaging with its COVID-19 communication strategy. As the economic recovery gathers pace, Nano is well positioned to achieve further scale and is set to exceed its full year sales budget by 30% and deliver almost 50% growth year on year. The near-term strategic objective is to develop a presence in the US, which should help drive further growth and build a stronger market position.

Whilst market conditions within the hospitality industry have remained challenging throughout the year, with COVID-19 restrictions impacting trading hours and customer capacity up until the summer, **QikServe** has made transformational progress, achieving a sixfold increase in recurring revenues since the start of the pandemic. The Edinburgh based business, which has developed a patented self-service platform that enables customers to order and pay for refreshments, either at their table or remotely, and without the need for personal contact or handling menus, has been well placed to assist clients as they digitalise their offering in line with market dynamics. QikServe's position was further strengthened by the 2019 acquisition of Preoday, a provider of order ahead, click & collect solutions, which added a complementary service offering. Throughout the pandemic, the business has expanded its client base and its solution is now live in over 4,500 sites worldwide. QikServe has a strong pipeline of opportunities and is well placed to continue to grow over the coming year, with a strategic focus on the US which is viewed as a key growth market.

Over recent years, the threat of cyber-attacks has become an increasingly significant risk for businesses and during the pandemic was thrust into the spotlight as companies followed Government advice and implemented working from home practices which, in some cases, exposed system weaknesses. Against this backdrop, Edinburgh based **Quorum Cyber** has seen a rapid increase in demand for its services, which in turn has resulted in strong growth in contracted recurring revenues. The business, which provides a fully managed, 24/7 cyber risk mitigation platform for companies of any size, has increased its customer numbers both through organic sources as well as via referrals from partners such as Microsoft, and is building a good position in this expanding market. During the period, an approach to acquire the business was received from a UK private equity house and the transaction completed in December 2021.

Since receiving the first investment from Maven funds, language analytics software specialist **Relative Insight** has expanded its customer base and trebled ARR. The business is establishing a strong presence in the language and text data analytics market, where its advanced linguistics technology helps clients to create content that is designed to appeal to a specific audience and thereby increase the effectiveness of advertising and marketing campaigns. This software solution has been adopted by numerous clients such as HSBC, John Lewis, Nespresso and Sky, alongside large marketing and advertising agencies. The business is delivering on the core objectives set out at the time of original investment and is well positioned to achieve future growth, with a particular focus on building a presence in US.

During the period, **Rockar**, a developer of a disruptive digital platform for buying new and used cars, has continued to grow its online white label software solution and has attracted attention from a number of car manufacturers and national dealership groups that are keen to develop a digital alternative to replace or complement the traditional showroom model. Following the demerger of the retail business in May 2021, Rockar is now focused exclusively on developing and expanding its technology platform and is currently working with manufacturers such as BMW and Jaguar Land Rover. Whilst the automotive market is one of the few remaining major retail sectors to fully embrace a digital solution, there has been encouraging progress across this market, and Rockar remains at the forefront in terms of its technological capabilities.

Conversely, a small number of portfolio companies have failed to deliver their commercial objectives, which is partly attributed to the challenging conditions in the wider economy resulting from the pandemic. Despite making good early progress, online boiler supplier, installer and service provider **Boiler Plan**, has experienced increased levels of competition in its direct-to-consumer business. In response, the management team are gradually pivoting into the business-to-business market and a number of sizeable new contracts have already been secured. **DigitalBridge** is a developer of virtual design and visualisation software that has changed strategic direction following the appointment of a new chief executive. The business has been refocused and is gaining traction in the augmented reality and product configuration markets. In both cases, whilst early progress has been achieved, the Manager has elected to maintain protective provisions and will monitor progress closely. A full provision was also taken against the holding in **Altra Consultants**, which did not achieve sufficient commercial traction, resulting in the sale of the business assets to a trade consolidator.

#### AIM Quoted Holdings

In the year to 30 November 2021, the AIM quoted portfolio delivered another strong performance, recording a 41.7% return and significantly outperforming the FTSE AIM All-Share Index, which increased by 13% over the same period.

This was an active period for the AIM quoted portfolio. During the year, 13 new investments completed in a range of interesting high growth companies, with a focus on green energy and pioneering biotechnology, to complement the wider portfolio which has broad exposure to emerging technologies alongside more traditional end markets. It is encouraging to note that a number of these new investments have appreciated in value following positive announcements and newsflow.

The Manager was able to take advantage of the positive market dynamics and actively traded a number of holdings, either partially or in full, to crystallise gains and generate total proceeds of £3.2 million, delivering a realised gain of £2.46 million. All partial realisations were executed at levels above entry price following strong investor demand on the back of positive newsflow, including acquisitive and operational success, technological breakthroughs and partnership agreements. Market sentiment also enabled the Manager to realise four holdings in full, including **FireAngel Safety Technology**, which generated a 6.7x money multiple return over the life of the investment, and **Vectura**, which was the subject of a bidding war between Carlyle Europe Partners and Philip Morris International. The market responded positively to the news, and the subsequent share price appreciation allowed the Manager to realise the holding in full, generating a 1.6x money multiple return over the life of the investment. During the period, Maven's AIM team led the flotation on AIM of private company **GENinCode**, a genetics testing business specialising in the risk assessment and prediction of cardiovascular diseases. The company raised £17 million and achieved a market capitalisation on listing of £42.2 million.

Access Intelligence reported positive interim results for the six months to 31 May 2021, with revenue increasing 17% to £11 million and annualised organic growth in annual contract value increasing by 25%, underpinned by a 48% rise in new business activity, and the cash position at the year end was healthy at £8.8 million. In June 2021, Access completed the acquisition of Isentia Group, an Australian media intelligence and insights business headquartered in Sydney and listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX), for a total consideration of AUD\$35.6 million (£19.4 million), which was funded through a successful £50 million market placing and subscription. The acquisition enhances the group's product offering and geographic reach, whilst enabling it to scale up its sales infrastructure into the fast growing Asia Pacific market, and it also opens up cross selling opportunities between the two businesses.

During the period, **Avingtrans'** Metalcraft business expanded its Sellafield contract to £70 million over six years and the business also secured a £4.4 million nuclear contract with Doosan Babcock. The results for the financial year to 31 May 2021 were restated following the disposal of Peter Brotherhood, which was sold to Howden, a leading provider of mission critical gas handling products, for a total consideration of £35 million, representing a 4x return on Avingtrans' initial investment. The financial headlines for the full year included revenue growth from continuing operations of 7.1% to £98.5 million and adjusted EBITDA from continuing operations up 78.5% to £12.5 million. The adjusted net cash position at the year end was £23.3 million and the dividend was re-instated at 4.00p per share. Operationally, the Medical Division is being transformed into a niche MRI player, following the acquisition of a majority stake in Magnetica, an Australian medtech and engineering business which specialises in next-generation MRI technologies. In October 2021, Avingtrans also announced a minority investment in Adaptix, an emerging medtech leader. Adaptix is focussed on transforming radiology by developing low-cost, 3D portable imaging. Adaptix will collaborate with Magnetica to develop a disruptive product offering which will initially target 28,000 minor injury clinics and private orthopaedic practices in the US.

During the reporting period, **Ideagen** made further progress in line with its growth strategy and completed a number of complementary acquisitions including, most recently, data specialist Audit Analytics, Ai XPRT, a provider of end-to-end B2B solutions to the fintech and regtech sectors, CompliancePath, a leader in software validation and assurance, and CompliSpace, a fast-growing SaaS-enabled governance, risk and compliance management solution. The company also invested in various verticals to enter the AI functionality, healthcare and life science, and software assurance markets. The company released a half year trading update for the six months to 31 October 2021, which stated that performance was in line with expectations. For the first half of the year, revenue was forecast to increase by 33% to approximately £38.8 million, with recurring revenue increasing to 88% of total revenues, and EBITDA was also expected to increase by 32% to £13.2 million. Post the period end, on 9 December 2021, Ideagen announced that it had raised £103.5 million from institutional investors, to accelerate product investment and scale global operations through further acquisitions. The business remains committed to delivering its strategic objective of surpassing £200 million ARR by April 2025, and this funding provides capital to support further expansion.

Following the launch of its new Liberty platform in July 2021, **Netcall**, a leading provider of intelligent automation and customer engagement software, announced a global framework deal with a Fortune 500 financial services firm with operations in 120 countries, to use the new platform in August 2021. Liberty, which combines automation and communication technologies, provides a comprehensive toolkit to deliver enterprise grade solutions. The full year results for the 12 months to 30 June 2021, reported an 8% increase in sales to £27.2 million, total annual contract value of £18.5 million and adjusted EBITDA growth of 21% to £5.34 million. Cash generation was strong, with a year end balance of £14.5 million, which more than offset borrowings of £6.86 million. Encouragingly, the final dividend was increased by 48% to 0.37p per share.

Water Intelligence delivered a positive performance during the period, securing a number of national account wins and completing a series of franchise re-acquisitions, delivering on the corporate development pipeline outlined in 2020. In November 2021, the business completed an oversubscribed placing, raising £12.2 million to fund further franchise buy-backs as well as bolt-on acquisitions, with the potential to develop training centres to add technicians and trucks for scalable organic growth in each of its locations. Following the fundraise, the company reacquired its South Oregon franchise for \$1.38 million to add scale to its US regional business hub. The interim results for the six month period to 30 June 2021 reported revenue growth of 44% to \$24.7 million and EBITDA of \$5.6 million, which was 75% ahead of the previous year, and the cash position remained healthy at \$7.16 million. Following the announcement of the interim results, the Q3 trading update, to 30 September 2021, announced that strong trading profits for the full year were expected to be at the upper end of market consensus.

#### **ESG**

The Manager has continued to adapt and enhance its investment process to include ESG as a core part of the investment appraisal criteria as part of a move towards more sustainable and societally conscious investing. During the year, and shortly after the period end, your Company completed a number of investments in companies that have particularly strong ESG credentials and which are delivering good growth. These include Guru Systems, which is focused on providing hardware, software and analytics to help improve the performance of heat networks as part of the drive to decarbonise heat systems, Liftango, which has developed a technology platform to improve the efficiency of on-demand transport such as corporate buses and carpooling in order to reduce carbon footprint and parking congestion, and Pura, which has developed a range of eco-friendly nappies and wipes that are plastic free, biodegradable and compostable as well as being accredited by both the British Skin Foundation and Allergy UK. ESG considerations are becoming an increasingly important feature of investment and they can be key for potential acquirers. The Manager will continue to identify and monitor these metrics and to help portfolio companies by sharing best practice. As part of the environmental considerations, it is also worth noting that your Company's exposure to the energy services sector has been reducing over recent years, and now accounts for 4% of the portfolio by value. Within this sector, most investee companies have, for a number of years, been diversifying away from a reliance on oil & gas and moving into renewable energy or other markets in recognition of the need to realign their longer term growth strategy.

#### Liquidity Management

The Board and the Manager continue to operate an active liquidity management policy, with the objective of generating income from cash resources held prior to investment. The Manager has constructed a focused portfolio of Private Equity Investment Trust investments and will continue to consider any other permitted liquidity management investment options that have the potential to generate income alongside the prospect of capital appreciation.

#### **New Investments**

This has been an active period for new investment, with the addition of nine new private company holdings to the portfolio. These businesses operate in sectors that are among the UK's most dynamic, and which have continued to experience growth despite the challenging conditions in the wider economy.



**Adimo** has developed a marketing technology platform for the fast-moving consumer goods (FMCG) sector, which is the world's largest advertising sector by spend. Adimo's solution gives FMCG advertisers a direct sales capability by connecting an advert or promotion to an online grocery basket and allowing a product to be added either for purchase later or to be bought instantly through Adimo's *Buy Now* functionality. The software also provides brands with important data on customers' buying behaviour, to help support repeat purchases. Adimo has a strong blue chip client list that includes Coca-Cola, Danone and GSK. The VCT funding is being used to grow the revenue base and progress new client opportunities.



Atterley.com is an online fashion marketplace that provides independent fashion retailers and brands with access to a fully integrated e-commerce platform, which offers a full range of services including managing logistics, customer services and marketing support. The platform is aimed at the premium designer end of the market and offers customers an extensive selection of emerging and undiscovered labels curated by high profile fashion buyers. The VCT funding is being used to expand the market presence in the US, make a number of specific hires, and further develop the technology platform.



Cardinality has developed a software platform for high volume data handling and analytics, which enables clients to collate, manage and derive value from very large data sets. The business processes up to 15 billion lines of code per day, which is used to help its clients increase productivity, enhance marketing activities, improve fraud detection and identify customer spending habits or patterns. Activity is currently focused on the telecoms sector and Cardinality's clients include Telefonica, Vodafone and Zain. The VCT funding is being used to expand into new target markets, with an initial focus on the financial services sector.



FODA

guru







**eSales Hub** is the developer of an artificial intelligence (AI) enabled sales analytics platform, which provides clients with real time insight into the sources of all inbound customer phone calls, allowing them to optimise their media spend and strategy. eSales Hub is a Google Premier Partner and has over 200 clients including Barchester, Connells Estate Agents, Dyno (a division of British Gas) and Europear. The VCT funding is being used to accelerate growth by expanding the team, further develop the SaaS model for larger enterprise clients, and provide working capital.

**FodaBox** (formerly BoroughBox) provides an online marketplace for high quality independent food and drink producers operating in the retail, corporate gifting and wholesale markets. The platform provides a comprehensive suite of services, including distribution, order fulfilment, third-party logistics and export, enabling artisan producers to reach more consumers and to establish a reliable and integrated supply chain in a market that is dominated by large corporates. The VCT funding is being used to expand the business, including opening a third warehouse, further developing the software and analytics tools and launching a range of private label products.

**Guru Systems** is a supplier of B2B internet enabled hardware, software and analytics solutions that help to improve the performance and cost-effectiveness of heating systems. Guru's carbon saving monitoring technology is initially focused on heat networks, which generate and supply heat centrally to consumers via a network of underground hot water pipes, avoiding the need for individual boilers or electric heaters in every building. Guru's solutions have the potential to improve each stage of a heat networks project, resulting in significant improvements in performance. This is an attractive growth market, with strong ESG credentials, which is heavily supported by the Government's decarbonisation strategy as part of the Net Zero agenda. The VCT funding is being used to invest in sales and marketing, to launch the latest products and to prepare the business for overseas expansion.

**Horizon Technologies** is a specialist manufacturer and supplier of airborne signals intelligence (SIGINT) systems for use in Intelligence, Surveillance and Reconnaissance applications. The core hardware solution FlyFish is currently in operation on numerous platforms worldwide, including daily search and rescue missions via NATO and FRONTEX in the Mediterranean, as well as counter piracy operations off the coast of East Africa. The VCT funding is being used to support the market launch of  $Amber^{TM}$ , a space-based Maritime Domain Awareness technology that has been developed in conjunction with the UK Government. The technology builds on the capability of FlyFish and will be added to commercial satellites to identify geolocation and classify maritime radars to help detect illegal activity such as piracy, smuggling, illegal fishing and terrorism.

**RwHealth** has developed a proprietary Al and machine learning platform that provides predictive analytics and insights to clients in the healthcare and pharma sectors. Having established a market leading position in the UK, primarily supporting NHS trusts, RwHealth entered the pharma sector in late 2020 and has achieved early success, having secured Pfizer and Amicus Therapeutics as clients. The business has delivered strong growth over the past two years and has a clear roadmap for further expansion. The VCT funding is being used to support the development and working capital requirements of the pharma division as it builds its market presence.

**Snappy Shopper** provides local convenience stores with the technology to set up home delivery services at a minimal cost. The key advantage of the proposition is that it delivers to the customer within 30 to 60 minutes, thereby offering true convenience whilst also significantly increasing average basket spend. A large number of convenience stores do not currently have a home delivery service, which presents a significant market opportunity. Snappy has experienced rapid growth over the past year and has ambitious targets to continue its store roll-out programme. The business also includes *Hungrrr*, an online and app food ordering system for the hospitality sector with a client list that includes Brewdog, Hilton, Holiday Inn and UEFA Champions League. The VCT funding is being used to expand market share, support technology development and to scale the team in line with growth.

In addition, 13 new AIM quoted investments were added to the portfolio:

- Abingdon Health is a lateral flow diagnostics company that provides contract service solutions, such as product development, regulatory support, technology transfer and commercial manufacturing, to a global client base in healthcare and other sectors. Abingdon has developed the AbC-19™ Rapid Test for detecting COVID-19 antibodies, and also produces lateral flow tests covering other applications in areas such as infectious disease, oncology, animal health and environmental testing. Your Company participated in the £22 million fund raising, which completed in December 2020. The investment is being used to scale manufacturing to meet demand for AbC-19™ tests and allow Abingdon to establish a global commercial and operational footprint.
- Arecor Therapeutics is a global biopharmaceutical company that is focused on improving patient care by
  bringing innovative medicines to market through the enhancement of existing therapeutic products. Arecor's
  initial focus is on diabetes, with three insulin-based products currently in development. Your Company
  participated in the IPO on AIM, which completed in June 2021, raising £20 million. The investment is being
  used to progress the lead diabetes products, further develop the pipeline of speciality products, enhance the
  team through a number of strategic hires and strengthen the balance sheet.
- Crossword Cybersecurity is focused on the development and commercialisation of cyber security and risk management related software, based on university research, as well as consulting services. The business goal is to build a portfolio of revenue generating cyber security products based on intellectual property. Your Company participated in the £1.6 million fundraising, which completed in February 2021. The investment is being used to increase sales and marketing resource, accelerate product development and provide additional working capital.
- Evgen Pharma is a clinical stage drug development company that is focused on sulforaphane based medicines, which are a novel class of pharmaceuticals for the treatment of multiple diseases. The core technology is *Sulforaedex*®, which is a method for synthesising and stabilising the naturally occurring compound sulforaphane and producing novel proprietary analogues. Your Company participated in the £11 million fundraising, which completed in March 2021. The investment is being used to fund further preclinical work for metastatic breast cancer, to complete formulation and scale up manufacturing of Evgen's lead product *SFX-01* and to fund operations through until mid-2023.
- **Feedback** is a specialist medical imaging technology company that has developed Bleepa, an innovative medical communication app that allows radiologists, clinicians and medical researchers to view and discuss high quality images securely on mobile devices, directly from the hospital source, thereby improving workflow efficiency. Your company participated in the £11.2 million fundraising, which completed in November 2021. The investment is being used to accelerate revenue growth through both private and public healthcare revenue opportunities within the NHS and other healthcare systems in the UK and overseas.
- Gelion is a battery technology company, that has developed a proprietary gel to improve the performance of
  zinc bromine batteries. The company aims to commercialise zinc bromine as an innovative solution within the
  stationary energy storage sector, to assist the transition away from fossil fuels. Your Company participated in
  the IPO on AIM, which completed in November 2021, raising £19 million. The investment is being used to fully
  commercialise the existing technology and to further fund research and development into this rapidly growing
  market.
- **Incanthera** is a specialist oncology company that is focused on innovative technologies in oncology and dermatology. The focus is to transform cancer therapeutics by limiting off-target toxicity (healthy tissue damage) in cancer treatment, which is a known and severe problem in the treatment of cancer. Incanthera identifies and develops innovative solutions where there are current clinical, commercially relevant unmet needs. The lead product is *Sol*, an innovative topical product for the treatment of solar keratosis and the prevention of skin cancers, which has achieved proof of concept. Your Company participated in the £1.1 million fund raising, which completed in March 2021. The investment is being used to progress discussions in respect of a potential commercial deal for *Sol*, and also provides cash runway until the second half of 2022.

- Oncimmune is a leader in the field of early cancer detection. The company has developed a diagnostic test that is based on the presence of blood autoantibodies that work against specific tumours such as lung cancer. The test has the potential to detect cancer up to four years earlier than traditional diagnostics such as X-rays or CT scans. Your Company participated in the £9 million fundraising, which completed in March 2021. The investment is being used to grow the pipeline of commercial prospects and increase operating capacity at the discovery research facility in Dortmund, Germany.
- Polarean Imaging is an innovator in the medical imaging market, having developed equipment that enables
  existing MRI systems to achieve superior lung imaging by using hyperpolarised Xenon gas as an imaging agent.
  This provides a non-invasive and radiation-free functional imaging platform, which is more accurate and less
  harmful than current methods. Your company participated in the £25 million fundraising, which completed
  in April 2021. The investment is being used to support the ongoing clinical trial, build the commercial team,
  finance regulatory and medical costs, and support the continued investment in research and development.
- Saietta Group is an established specialist engineering company that is developing innovative electric propulsion motors for mass market electric vehicles. The core asset is a patent pending axial-flux motor technology (AFT), which delivers class-leading performance whilst being low cost and built for mass market production. The company is initially focusing on the high volume, fast growing Asian light motorbike market, where there is strong demand, and the ultimate objective is to scale the technology towards low cost mass production across multiple vehicle types. Your Company participated in the £37.5 million fundraising, which completed in July 2021. The investment is being used to support growth plans, which include establishing a motor durability facility and a pilot production facility as well as strengthening the balance sheet.
- **SulNOx** is a developer of fuel emulsification technology, for use primarily with diesel fuel and heavy fuel oil, with the resultant fuel emulsions remaining stable for many years. The patent-pending *SulNOxEco*™ works to reduce hydrocarbon emissions, improve longevity of engines and has a proven ability to reduce annual fuel costs by 8%-10%. SulNOx has strong green credentials and is targetting global industries including power generation, road transportation and shipping. Your Company participated in the £2.6 million fundraising, which completed in July 2021. The investment is being used to support research and development to expand the product range, as well as to support sales and marketing capabilities, to make a number of key hires and for general working capital purposes.
- XP Factory (previously Escape Hunt) is one of the UK's leading providers of "escape-the-room" experiences
  delivered through a network of owner-operated sites in the UK, an international network of franchised outlets
  in five continents, and digitally delivered games which can be played remotely. The experiences consistently
  receive premium customer ratings and cater for both the leisure and corporate teambuilding markets. Your
  Company participated in the £17.3 million fundraising, which completed in November 2021. The investment
  is being used to provide working capital to support future growth of the business as it expands its market
  presence.

The table below shows the investments that have been completed during the period:

| Investments                                    | Date                         | Sector                             | Investment<br>cost<br>£'000 |
|--|------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| New unlisted                                   |                              |                                    |                             |
| Atterley.com Holdings Limited                  | March 2021                   | Software                           | 613                         |
| Cardinality Limited                            | March 2021                   | Data analytics                     | 796                         |
| Draper & Dash Limited<br>(trading as RwHealth) | October 2021                 | Data analytics                     | 597                         |
| Enpal Limited (trading as Guru Systems)        | June 2021                    | Software                           | 697                         |
| eSales Hub Limited                             | March 2021                   | Marketing & advertising technology | 150                         |
| FodaBox Limited                                | October 2021                 | Business services                  | 597                         |
| Horizon Technologies Consultants Limited       | May 2021                     | Industrials & engineering          | 796                         |
| Rico Developments Limited (trading as Adimo)   | February 2021                | Marketing & advertising technology | 435                         |
| Rockar Retail Limited <sup>1</sup>             | May 2021                     | Software                           | 10                          |
| Snappy Shopper Limited                         | July 2021                    | Software                           | 298                         |
| Total new unlisted                             |                              |                                    | 4,989                       |
| Follow-on unlisted                             |                              |                                    |                             |
| Boiler Plan (UK) Limited <sup>2</sup>          | October and<br>November 2021 | Business services                  | 62                          |
| GradTouch Limited                              | March 2021                   | Business services                  | 167                         |
| Growth Capital Ventures Limited                | March 2021                   | Software                           | 31                          |
| MirrorWeb Limited                              | June 2021                    | Software                           | 500                         |
| Optoscribe Limited                             | June 2021                    | Industrials & engineering          | 88                          |
| Total follow-on unlisted                       |                              |                                    | 848                         |
| Total unlisted                                 |                              |                                    | 5,837                       |

|  |               |  | Investmen    |
|--|---------------|--|--------------|
| Investments (continued)                      | Date          | Sector   | cos<br>£′000 |
| New quoted                                   |               |  |              |
| Abingdon Health PLC                          | December 2020 | Pharmaceuticals,<br>biotechnology & healthcare | 130          |
| Arecor Therapeutics PLC                      | June 2021     | Pharmaceuticals,<br>biotechnology & healthcare | 16           |
| Crossword Cybersecurity PLC                  | February 2021 | Software                                       | 150          |
| Evgen Pharma PLC                             | March 2021    | Pharmaceuticals, biotechnology & healthcare    | 14(          |
| Feedback PLC                                 | November 2021 | Pharmaceuticals,<br>biotechnology & healthcare | 74           |
| Gelion PLC                                   | November 2021 | Industrials & engineering                      | 148          |
| Incanthera PLC                               | March 2021    | Pharmaceuticals, biotechnology & healthcare    | 49           |
| LungLife Al                                  | July 2021     | Pharmaceuticals, biotechnology & healthcare    | 114          |
| Oncimmune PLC                                | March 2021    | Pharmaceuticals, biotechnology & healthcare    | 250          |
| Polarean Imaging PLC                         | April 2021    | Pharmaceuticals, biotechnology & healthcare    | 246          |
| Saietta Group PLC                            | July 2021     | Software                                       | 11           |
| SulNOx PLC                                   | July 2021     | Business services                              | 130          |
| XP Factory PLC<br>(formerly Escape Hunt PLC) | November 2021 | Business services                              | 7!           |
| Total new quoted                             |               |  | 1,78         |
| Follow-on quoted                             |               |  |              |
| GENinCode PLC <sup>3</sup>                   | July 2021     | Pharmaceuticals, biotechnology & healthcare    | 19           |
| Osirium Technologies PLC                     | April 2021    | Software                                       | 99           |
| Total follow-on quoted                       |               |  | 290          |
| Total quoted                                 |               |  | 2,08         |
| Total investments                            |               |  | 7,91         |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Investment reflects the demerger of the retail business from the core Rockar technology platform.

At the period end, the portfolio stood at 122 unlisted and quoted investments at a total cost of £39.77 million.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Follow-on investment completed in two tranches.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> This company was previously an unlisted portfolio holding that floated on AIM in July 2021.

#### Realisations

In December 2020, the sale of peer-to-peer (P2P) lending platform **Lending Works** completed. Your Company first invested in Lending Works in April 2018, at a time when the P2P market was experiencing significant growth and Lending Works was well positioned to become a credible challenger in this disruptive market. However, the outbreak of COVID-19 had a detrimental impact on consumer appetite for lending, and the Manager made the decision to exit from the investment. Following a formal sales process, an offer for the business was accepted from private asset manager Intriva Capital, generating a total return of 0.92x cost over the life of the investment.

In June 2021, the sale of education safeguarding software provider **eSafe** completed. Since investment in December 2017, eSafe had made steady progress, including expanding its client base and growing its market position. Whilst trading was temporarily impacted by the imposition of lockdown restrictions, notably the closure of schools and colleges, the operational performance subsequently recovered, following the reopening of the education sector for face-to-face learning. During the period, an offer to acquire the business was accepted from Smoothwall, a private equity backed competitor, and the exit generated a total return of 1.4x cost over the life of the investment.

In July 2021, the conditional sale of online mortgage broker **Mojo Mortgages** completed, subject to regulatory approval. Your Company first invested in Mojo in 2019, supporting an ambitious management team to develop its disruptive mortgage broking technology platform. Mojo's solution provides an innovative hybrid of online and advised services, capable of managing the full process from product price comparison through to the application and completion. During the period under review, an offer to acquire the business was received from RVU, which is part of the Zoopla Property Group that owns a number of consumer finance and comparison sites such as Confused.com, Uswitch and Zoopla. Regulatory approval was received in early December 2021 and the exit formally completed at that time, generating a total return of up to 1.8x cost over the life of the investment.

In August 2021, the sale of employee compensation software solution provider **Curo Compensation** completed. Since investment in 2017, Curo had made steady progress, with its market leading technology adopted by an increasing number of blue chip clients. The business had also extended its product suite to include key areas of compensation risk, as well as identifying inequitable pay gaps in line with the introduction of gender pay gap reporting. Whilst the business fundamentals remained attractive, the growth rate was slower than anticipated and this was exacerbated by the pandemic. The decision was taken to progress an exit and, following a formal sales process, an offer to acquire the business was accepted from PayScale Inc, a US based compensation data business, which generated a total return of 1.1x cost over the life of the investment.

During the period, a realised gain of £2.46 million was generated through AIM disposals, where the Manager was able to take advantage of share price appreciation and favourable market conditions to actively trade out of a number of holdings either partially or completely, in order to lock in profits.

The table below gives details of all realisations completed during the reporting period. This includes a number of legacy and underperforming investments where the Manager elected to seek an exit and generated total proceeds that were in excess of their aggregate carrying value at the previous year end:

| Sales  | Year first<br>invested | Complete/<br>partial exit | Cost of<br>shares<br>disposed of<br>£'000 | Value<br>at 30<br>November<br>2020<br>£'000 | Sales<br>proceeds<br>£'000 | Realised<br>gain/(loss)<br>£'000 | Gain/(loss)<br>over 30<br>November<br>2020 value<br>£'000 |
|--|------------------------|---------------------------|---|---|----------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| Unlisted   |                        |                           |   |   |                            |                                  |   |
| ADC Biotechnology Limited <sup>1</sup>                       | 2017                   | Complete                  | 644                                       | 97  | 173                        | (471)                            | 76  |
| AVID Technology Group Limited <sup>2</sup>                   | 2019                   | Complete                  | 364                                       | 91  | 128                        | (236)                            | 37  |
| Cambridge Sensors Limited <sup>3</sup>                       | 2002                   | Complete                  | 1,184                                     | 342   | 339                        | (845)                            | (3)   |
| ClearStar Inc <sup>1</sup>                                   | 2014                   | Complete                  | 435                                       | 306   | 306                        | (129)                            | -   |
| Curo Compensation Limited <sup>4</sup>                       | 2017                   | Complete                  | 262                                       | 200   | 262                        | -                                | 62  |
| eSafe Global Limited <sup>4</sup>                            | 2017                   | Complete                  | 257                                       | 201   | 249                        | (8)                              | 48  |
| Fathom Systems Group Limited <sup>1</sup>                    | 2014                   | Complete                  | 593                                       | 64  | 60                         | (533)                            | (4)   |
| Lending Works Limited  | 2018                   | Complete                  | 349                                       | 296   | 320                        | (29)                             | 24  |
| Maven Co-invest Fletcher<br>Limited Partnership <sup>5</sup> | 2013                   | Complete                  | -   | -   | 33                         | 33                               | 33  |
| Others   |                        |                           | -   | -   | 17                         | 17                               | 17  |
| Total unlisted   |                        |                           | 4,088                                     | 1,597                                       | 1,887                      | (2,201)                          | 290   |
| Quoted   |                        |                           |   |   |                            |                                  |   |
| Abingdon Health PLC  | 2020                   | Complete                  | 130                                       | -   | 62                         | (68)                             | -   |
| Access Intelligence PLC                                      | 2010                   | Partial                   | 138                                       | 247   | 295                        | 157                              | 48  |
| C4X Discovery Holdings PLC                                   | 2019                   | Partial                   | 6   | 9   | 10                         | 4                                | 1   |
| Evgen Pharma PLC   | 2021                   | Complete                  | 140                                       | -   | 94                         | (46)                             | -   |
| FireAngel Safety Technology<br>Group PLC                     | 2008                   | Complete                  | 36  | 15  | 17                         | (19)                             | 2   |
| Ideagen PLC  | 2005                   | Partial                   | 31  | 894   | 1,234                      | 1,203                            | 340   |
| Trackwise Designs PLC  | 2020                   | Partial                   | 5   | 14  | 12                         | 7                                | (2)   |
| Vectura PLC  | 2001                   | Complete                  | 75  | 160   | 230                        | 155                              | 70  |
| Water Intelligence PLC                                       | 2009                   | Partial                   | 90  | 663   | 1,149                      | 1,059                            | 486   |
| XP Factory PLC<br>(formerly Escape Hunt PLC)                 | 2021                   | Partial                   | 49  | -   | 59                         | 10                               | -   |
| Total quoted   |                        |                           | 700                                       | 2,002                                       | 3,162                      | 2,462                            | 945   |
| Total sales  |                        |                           | 4,788                                     | 3,599                                       | 5,049                      | 261                              | 1,235   |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> No material impact on NAV as a provision had been taken in a previous period.

During the year, one private company was struck off the Register of Companies, resulting in a realised loss of £275,000 (cost £275,000). This had no effect on the NAV of the Company as a full provision had been taken against the value of the holding in a previous period.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Proceeds exclude yield received, which is disclosed as revenue for financial reporting purposes; no material impact on NAV as a provision had been taken in a previous period.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Full exit from pre 2010 inherited legacy holding. This had no impact on NAV as a provision had been taken in a previous period.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Proceeds exclude yield and redemption premiums received, which are disclosed as revenue for financial reporting purposes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Final recovery proceeds.

#### Material Developments Since the Period End

Since 30 November 2021, four new private company assets have been added to the portfolio.

- CYSIAM is a provider of cyber security and incident response services to a broad range of public and private sector clients. The management team and a number of employees have a background in the military or intelligence fields, which provides a deep understanding and insight into this growing market. The VCT funding is being used to support the business as it scales and will specifically assist in launching a sales and marketing campaign and enhancing further product development.
- **Liftango** is a provider of a demand responsive transport (DRT) platform for governments, transport authorities and global corporates. The technology helps clients to design and implement the most efficient and environmentally friendly shared transport network. The business has three core products (on-demand buses, fixed-route shuttles and carpool) all of which are designed to minimise carbon footprint, reduce congestion and create a safe and convenient shared transport experience. Liftango has a strong client list including corporates such as Tesla, Unilever and Volvo, as well as several county councils. The VCT funding is being used to recruit key sales and marketing staff and to assist the business as it expands into Europe and North America.
- Pura is a baby care brand that specialises in eco-friendly wipes and nappies. Pura's plant-based wipes are 100% plastic free and 100% biodegradable, they are also accredited by the British Skin Foundation and Allergy UK. Pura's nappies are enhanced with organic cotton and are made using green energy with no production waste to landfill. Since launching in 2020, Pura has established itself through a direct to consumer, subscription-based website model. The VCT funding is being used to support the expansion into the B2B market, which is specifically targetted at the supermarket sector in the UK and US.
- ORCHA is a global leader in curating and managing accredited frameworks, which enable private, local and national health systems to adopt digital solutions to support healthcare professionals in recommending digital health apps to patients. ORCHA's products are live in 12 countries, including the UK, Canada and parts of Europe, with over 12,000 assessments processed to date. The VCT funding is being used to further develop the core technology and to support the expansion into new markets, such as the US.

Furthermore, in January 2022, the holding in 3D photonic circuit specialist **Optoscribe** was realised with the sale to a US corporate buyer. The sale generated a total return of 1.85x cost over the holding period.

In February 2022, the holding in **The GP Service** (GPS) was acquired by Kanabo GP Limited, a subsidiary of Kanabo Group Plc, a main market listed pan-European medical cannabis company that is focused on developing and distributing medical and wellbeing cannabis derived products, for £13.5 million, in an all share transaction. The acquisition will enable Kanabo to facilitate its growth plan and distribution by using the GPS' established digital and telemedicine business.

#### Outlook

Your Company has made good progress during the financial year. Following the VCT rules change in 2015, the Manager has been progressively building a large and diverse portfolio of fast growing private companies, where value uplift or exit is generally achieved over a medium term holding period, supplemented by a tactical portfolio of AIM quoted investments which can offer earlier liquidity and return potential. As the private company portfolio expands and matures, strong commercial progress is increasingly evident and a number of companies have achieved a step change in their valuation in recent years, notwithstanding the pandemic. The successful realisations achieved during the past year have helped prove the operating model, and the immediate outlook for M&A activity remains encouraging with international buyers and investors once again actively targetting the UK market, notably as the impact of Brexit is now clearer. During the year, several under performing legacy investments were disposed of to enable the Manager to focus on the companies that are delivering growth and represent the most compelling investment opportunities. The year ahead will, therefore, see a continued focus on adding selected new assets to the portfolio in sectors that are likely to be attractive to a wide pool of eventual buyers, which should help to maintain a trend of positive investor returns and the payment of regular dividends.

#### LARGEST INVESTMENTS BY VALUATION

#### AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2021

#### Ideagen PLC

Nottingham

Sector - Software (Compliance)



| Cost (£'000)                     | 120       |
|----------------------------------|-----------|
| Valuation (£'000)                | 4,305     |
| Basis of valuation               | Bid price |
| Equity held                      | 0.6%      |
| Market capitalisation (£million) | 677       |
| Income received to date (£'000)  | 59        |
| First invested                   | May 2005  |
| Year end                         | 30 Anril  |

|                     | 2021 (£'000) | 2020 (£'000) |
|---------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Sales               | 65,644       | 56,565       |
| EBITDA <sup>1</sup> | 22,893       | 18,523       |
| Net assets          | 125,612      | 76,909       |

Ideagen is a leader in the regulatory and compliance software market, serving highly regulated industries such as life sciences, healthcare, banking and finance and insurance, with its software helping companies comply with regulation and manage risk. Over 7,500 organisations use Ideagen's software, with this diversified customer base including blue chip, global brands. The company is headquartered in the UK and has key hubs in the EU, US, Middle East and South-East Asia.

#### www.ideagen.com

Other Maven clients invested:
Maven Income and Growth VCT 4 PLC

#### Water Intelligence PLC

London

Sector - Business Services



| Cost (£'000)                     | 163           |
|----------------------------------|---------------|
| Valuation (£'000)                | 2,532         |
| Basis of valuation               | Bid price     |
| Equity held                      | 1.4%          |
| Market capitalisation (£million) | 188           |
| Income received to date (£'000)  | Nil           |
| First invested                   | December 2009 |
| Year end                         | 31 December   |

|                     | 2020 (\$'000) | 2019 (\$'000) |
|---------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Sales               | 37,934        | 32,364        |
| EBITDA <sup>2</sup> | 6,700         | 4,200         |
| Net assets          | 23,020        | 17,523        |

Water Intelligence is a leading multinational provider of precision, minimally-invasive leak detection and remediation solutions for water infrastructures. The company is focused on detecting and finding water leaks, which help residential, commercial and utility customers to lower repair costs and conserve water. It specialises in providing non-invasive detection and remediation solutions which, unlike traditional plumbing methods, allows its specialists to locate problems using innovative technology such as infrared, acoustic and correlation equipment.

#### www.waterintelligence.co.uk

Other Maven clients invested: None

## Life's Great Group Limited (trading as Mojo Mortgages)

Macclesfield

Sector - Software (FinTech)



| Cost (£'000)                                 | 817           |
|--|---------------|
| Valuation (£'000)                            | 1,374         |
| Basis of valuation                           | Revenue       |
| Equity held                                  | 9.9%          |
| Income received to date (£'000) <sup>3</sup> | Nil           |
| First invested                               | February 2019 |
| Year end                                     | 30 April      |

|                     | 2020 (£′000) | 2019 (£'000) |
|---------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Sales               | 1,525        | 847          |
| EBITDA <sup>4</sup> | (3,621)      | (4,074)      |
| Net liabilities     | (2,045)      | (499)        |

Mojo Mortgages provides a whole-of-market online mortgage comparison platform. Using application programming interfaces, Mojo has created an algorithm-powered platform to source mortgage products, allowing clients to undertake a full online comparison of more than 90 mortgage providers and their products and to complete the entire process seamlessly from initial application to completion. In July 2021, Mojo was sold to RVU, part of the Zoopla Property Group following regulatory approval and the exit formally completed in December 2021 generating a total return of up to 1.8x cost.

#### www.mojomortgages.com

Other Maven clients invested: Maven Income and Growth VCT PLC Maven Income and Growth VCT 3 PLC Maven Income and Growth VCT 4 PLC

#### Relative Insight Limited

Lancaster

Sector - Marketing & advertising technology



| Cost (£'000)                                 | 600         |
|--|-------------|
| Valuation (£'000)                            | 1,290       |
| Basis of valuation                           | Revenue     |
| Equity held                                  | 3.2%        |
| Income received to date (£'000) <sup>3</sup> | Nil         |
| First invested                               | August 2019 |
| Year end                                     | 31 December |

| Year end   |              | 31 December  |
|------------|--------------|--------------|
|            | 2021 (£'000) | 2020 (£'000) |
| Net assets | 906          | 1,643        |

This company produces abbreviated accounts as permitted under the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Relative Insight has developed advanced linguistic analysis technology capable of processing large quantities of content to allow client companies to gain measurable business value from language data assets, such as reviews, CRM and social media. This analyses how language is used and generates language sets and actionable insight that can be used to create tailored content for specific audiences. The platform is used by clients, including DFS, John Lewis and marketing brands, to understand their audience in new ways and create more effective marketing and influencing campaigns.

#### www.relativeinsight.com

#### e.fundamentals (Group) Limited

London

Sector - Marketing & advertising technology



# Cost (£'000) 500 Valuation (£'000) 1,263 Basis of valuation Revenue Equity held 1.6% Income received to date (£'000)³ Nil First invested October 2019 Year end 31 December

|            | 2020 (£'000) | 2019 (£'000) |
|------------|--------------|--------------|
| Net assets | 11,388       | 10,025       |

This company produces abbreviated accounts as permitted under the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

e.fundamentals analyses e-commerce data across a B2B client's online listings, relative to competitor brands, and focused on the client's chosen products, countries and retailers. The platform consolidates various data streams and compiles a user friendly framework of fundamental measures that can deliver e-commerce solutions to enable a client to improve decision making and boost sales through more effective online sales strategies. e.fundamentals has already built a strong core client base of UK and global consumer packaged goods businesses, including PepsiCo, Dairy Crest, Kelloqg's, Mars and Royal Canin.

#### www.efundamentals.com

Other Maven clients invested:
Maven Income and Growth VCT PLC
Maven Income and Growth VCT 3 PLC
Maven Income and Growth VCT 4 PLC

## Rockar 2016 Limited (trading as Rockar)

Hull

Sector - Software (Fulfilment technology)

## Rockar.

| Cost (£'000)                    | 980         |
|---------------------------------|-------------|
| Valuation (£'000)               | 1,098       |
| Basis of valuation              | Earnings    |
| Equity held                     | 5.2%        |
| Income received to date (£'000) | 51          |
| First invested                  | July 2016   |
| Year end                        | 31 December |

|                     | 2020 (£′000) | 2019 (£'000) |
|---------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Sales               | 43,861       | 51,754       |
| EBITDA <sup>4</sup> | 91           | 340          |
| Net assets          | 3,410        | 725          |

Rockar has developed a disruptive digital car-buying proposition that aims to revolutionise the retail market by giving customers access to all the services of a traditional dealership online. The white label solution helps car manufacturers digitalise their traditional route to market and enables consumers to complete their purchase online, including options for part-exchange and finance.

#### www.rockar.digital

## Horizon Ceremonies Limited (trading as Horizon Cremation)

Kent

Sector - Business services



## Cost (£'000) 660 Valuation (£'000) 990 Basis of valuation Discounted cashflow Equity held 3.6% Income received to date (£'000) 114 First invested May 2017 Year end 31 December

|                        | 2020 (£'000) | 2019 (£'000) |
|------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Net assets/liabilities | 1,428        | (1,162)      |

This company produces abbreviated accounts as permitted under the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Horizon Ceremonies is building and operating a portfolio of environmentally and technologically advanced crematoria across the UK that provide a family orientated approach. Horizon now has a portfolio of three operational crematoria. The original facility in Clyde Coast and Garnock Valley, has been operational since 2018, a second facility in Cannock, Staffordshire, opened in April 2021 and a third crematorium on the outskirts of Glasgow opened in December 2021. Horizon also has a good near term pipeline with planning applications submitted for two further sites and judgements expected in the first half of 2022.

#### www.horizoncremation.co.uk

Other Maven clients invested:
Maven Income and Growth VCT PLC
Maven Income and Growth VCT 3 PLC
Maven Income and Growth VCT 4 PLC
Maven Investor Partners

#### Bright Network (UK) Limited

London

Sector - Business services



| 940   |
|-------|
| 971   |
| venue |
| 8.4%  |
| Nil   |
| 2018  |
| March |
|       |

|            | 2021 (£'000) | 2020 (£'000) |
|------------|--------------|--------------|
| Net assets | 4,646        | 4,863        |

This company produces abbreviated accounts as permitted under the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Bright Network has built a media technology platform designed to enable blue chip employers to identify, recruit and maintain contact with high quality graduates and young professionals. Using data analytics and machine learning to pre-screen candidates, Bright Network's database contains only the top 20% of graduate talent and maintains relationships with individuals as they progress their careers. The quality of the database delivers significant cost efficiencies and improved outcomes for employers in the recruitment process.

#### www.brightnetwork.co.uk

#### **Quorum Cyber Security Limited**

Edinburgh

Sector - Software (Cyber Security)



| Cost (£'000)                                 | 150       |
|--|-----------|
| Valuation (£'000)                            | 961       |
| Basis of valuation                           | Revenue   |
| Equity held                                  | 2.6%      |
| Income received to date (£'000) <sup>5</sup> | Nil       |
| First invested                               | June 2020 |
| Year end                                     | 31 May    |

|                 | 2021 (£ 000) | 2020 (£ 000) |
|-----------------|--------------|--------------|
| Net liabilities | (583)        | (357)        |

This company produces abbreviated accounts as permitted under the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Quorum has developed an innovative platform that offers organisations a level of cyber security that is often unavailable in-house, including advisory services in crucial areas such as penetration testing, vulnerability management, forensic investigation and regulatory compliance. Quorum offers its fully managed Security Operations Centre which protects small and large businesses across a range of sectors, as well as providing consulting and managed security services to clients in the UK, Europe, Australasia and the Middle East. Post the period end, the holding was realised for a total return on exit of 6.5x cost over a holding period of 18 months.

#### www.quorumcyber.com

Other Maven clients invested:
Maven Income and Growth VCT PLC
Maven Income and Growth VCT 3 PLC
Maven Income and Growth VCT 4 PLC

<sup>2</sup> Adjusted earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation.

#### **Delio Limited**

Cardiff

Sector - Software (FinTech)



| Cost (£'000)                                 | 400       |
|--|-----------|
| Valuation (£'000)                            | 920       |
| Basis of valuation                           | Revenue   |
| Equity held                                  | 2.7%      |
| Income received to date (£'000) <sup>3</sup> | Nil       |
| First invested                               | July 2019 |
| Year end                                     | 31 March  |

|            | 2021 (£'000) | 2020 (£'000) |
|------------|--------------|--------------|
| Net assets | 3,105        | 3,131        |

This company produces abbreviated accounts as permitted under the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Delio designs and builds digital private asset infrastructures for global financial institutions, including private and investment banks, wealth managers, family offices, angel networks and corporate advisers. Its customised white label technology uses configurable software that allows institutions to ensure security, compliance and efficiency whilst optimising the distribution, transaction and reporting of investment opportunities, by connecting investors and capital with private market investments in areas including private equity, private debt, real estate and social impact.

#### www.deliogroup.com

- <sup>3</sup> No interest is payable as the investment has been structured as all equity.
- <sup>4</sup> Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation.
- $^{\rm 5}$  No interest payable until exit.

Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation adjusted before share-based payments, amortisation of acquisition intangibles, restructuring, research and development grant income and exceptional items.

## NATIONAL PRESENCE | REGIONAL FOCUS

## TEN LARGEST INVESTMENTS

- 1. Ideagen PLC
- 2. Water Intelligence PLC
- 3. Life's Great Group Limited
- 4. Relative Insight Limited
- 5. e.fundamentals (Group) Limited
- 6. Rockar 2016 Limited
- 7. Horizon Ceremonies Limited
- 8. Bright Network (UK) Limited
- 9. Quorum Cyber Security Limited
- 10. Delio Limited

#### **MAVEN OFFICES**

- A. Edinburgh
- B. Glasgow
- C. Newcastle
- D. Durham
- E. Manchester
- F. Liverpool
- G. Nottingham
- H. Birmingham
- I. London
- J. Bristol
- K. Reading



## **INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO SUMMARY**

#### AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2021

| Investment  | Valuation<br>£′000 | Cost<br>£'000 | % of total assets | % of<br>equity<br>held | % of<br>equity<br>held by<br>other<br>clients <sup>1</sup> |
|---|--------------------|---------------|-------------------|------------------------|--|
| Unlisted  |                    |               |                   |                        |  |
| Life's Great Group Limited<br>(trading as Mojo Mortgages)                                     | 1,374              | 817           | 2.0               | 9.9                    | 35.6   |
| Relative Insight Limited  | 1,290              | 600           | 1.9               | 3.2                    | 26.1   |
| e.fundamentals (Group) Limited  | 1,263              | 500           | 1.9               | 1.6                    | 9.2  |
| Rockar 2016 Limited (trading as Rockar)   | 1,098              | 980           | 1.7               | 5.2                    | 16.4   |
| Horizon Ceremonies Limited (trading as Horizon Cremation)                                     | 990                | 660           | 1.5               | 3.6                    | 49.1   |
| Bright Network (UK) Limited   | 971                | 940           | 1.4               | 8.4                    | 29.5   |
| Quorum Cyber Security Limited   | 961                | 150           | 1.4               | 2.6                    | 18.4   |
| Delio Limited   | 920                | 400           | 1.3               | 2.7                    | 12.3   |
| The GP Service (UK) Limited   | 892                | 860           | 1.3               | 10.3                   | 41.0   |
| MirrorWeb Limited   | 806                | 650           | 1.2               | 5.3                    | 35.8   |
| Horizon Technologies Consultants Limited  | 796                | 796           | 1.2               | 5.5                    | 11.7   |
| Cardinality Limited   | 796                | 796           | 1.2               | 7.9                    | 17.0   |
| Nano Interactive Group Limited  | 773                | 625           | 1.1               | 3.7                    | 11.2   |
| CB Technology Group Limited   | 759                | 521           | 1.1               | 10.6                   | 68.3   |
| Enpal Limited (trading as Guru Systems)   | 697                | 697           | 1.0               | 7.5                    | 14.1   |
| Optoscribe Limited  | 629                | 275           | 0.9               | 2.1                    | 8.0  |
| Atterley.com Holdings Limited   | 613                | 613           | 0.9               | 7.6                    | 10.0   |
| Contego Solutions Limited (trading as NorthRow)   | 598                | 598           | 0.9               | 4.9                    | 27.3   |
| Draper & Dash Limited (trading as RwHealth)   | 597                | 597           | 0.9               | 2.9                    | 13.1   |
| FodaBox Limited   | 597                | 597           | 0.9               | 4.3                    | 6.5  |
| GradTouch Limited   | 567                | 567           | 0.8               | 6.2                    | 33.9   |
| Ensco 969 Limited (trading as DPP)  | 560                | 515           | 0.8               | 2.2                    | 32.3   |
| BioAscent Discovery Limited   | 533                | 174           | 0.8               | 4.4                    | 35.6   |
| Push Technology Limited   | 525                | 525           | 0.8               | 2.8                    | 8.5  |
| Cat Tech International Limited  | 513                | 299           | 0.7               | 2.9                    | 27.2   |
| Glacier Energy Services Holdings Limited  | 509                | 643           | 0.7               | 2.5                    | 25.2   |
| RMEC Group Limited  | 503                | 308           | 0.7               | 2.0                    | 48.1   |
| Precursive Limited  | 500                | 500           | 0.7               | 4.3                    | 17.3   |
| Flow UK Holdings Limited  | 498                | 498           | 0.7               | 6.0                    | 29.0   |
| QikServe Limited  | 494                | 494           | 0.7               | 2.2                    | 13.6   |
| Whiterock Group Limited   | 490                | 321           | 0.7               | 5.2                    | 24.8   |
| Vodat Communications Group (VCG) Holding Ltd<br>(formerly Vodat Communications Group Limited) | 476                | 264           | 0.7               | 2.0                    | 24.9   |

#### AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2021

| Investment                                       | Valuation<br>£'000 | Cost<br>£'000 | % of total<br>assets | % of<br>equity<br>held | % of<br>equity<br>held by<br>other<br>clients <sup>1</sup> |
|--|--------------------|---------------|----------------------|------------------------|--|
| Unlisted (continued)                             |                    |               |                      |                        |  |
| Servoca PLC <sup>2</sup>                         | 470                | 612           | 0.7                  | 3.0                    | -  |
| CODILINK UK Limited (trading as Coniq)           | 450                | 450           | 0.7                  | 1.3                    | 3.6  |
| Filtered Technologies Limited                    | 435                | 400           | 0.6                  | 4.1                    | 21.3   |
| Rico Developments Limited (trading as Adimo)     | 435                | 435           | 0.6                  | 3.3                    | 6.4  |
| HiveHR Limited                                   | 411                | 350           | 0.6                  | 7.1                    | 31.8   |
| Hublsoft Group Limited                           | 375                | 300           | 0.5                  | 4.7                    | 26.5   |
| WaterBear Education Limited                      | 348                | 245           | 0.5                  | 5.1                    | 34.1   |
| Boiler Plan (UK) Limited                         | 335                | 462           | 0.5                  | 6.6                    | 50.3   |
| RevLifter Limited                                | 300                | 300           | 0.4                  | 3.6                    | 14.3   |
| Snappy Shopper Limited                           | 298                | 298           | 0.4                  | 0.4                    | 1.4  |
| Growth Capital Ventures Limited                  | 275                | 264           | 0.4                  | 5.1                    | 40.3   |
| HCS Control Systems Group Limited                | 269                | 373           | 0.4                  | 3.0                    | 33.5   |
| ebb3 Limited                                     | 264                | 206           | 0.4                  | 4.9                    | 53.7   |
| eSales Hub Limited                               | 150                | 150           | 0.2                  | 1.7                    | 16.9   |
| Maven Co-Invest Endeavour<br>Limited Partnership | 141                | 1             | 0.2                  | 6.1                    | 93.9   |
| The Algorithm People Limited                     | 100                | 100           | 0.1                  | 2.1                    | 14.8   |
| ISN Solutions Group Limited                      | 98                 | 250           | 0.1                  | 3.6                    | 51.4   |
| R&M Engineering Group Limited                    | 80                 | 357           | 0.1                  | 4.0                    | 66.6   |
| Intilery.com Limited                             | 75                 | 75            | 0.1                  | 0.8                    | 43.2   |
| Honcho Markets Limited                           | 65                 | 64            | 0.1                  | 1.2                    | 23.5   |
| Shortbite Limited (trading as DigitalBridge)     | 64                 | 257           | 0.1                  | 1.1                    | 30.5   |
| LightwaveRF PLC <sup>2</sup>                     | 40                 | 74            | 0.1                  | 0.9                    | 0.9  |
| Other unlisted investments                       | 27                 | 1,901         | _                    |                        |  |
| Total unlisted                                   | 29,093             | 25,704        | 42.3                 |                        |  |

#### AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2021

| Investment                         | Valuation<br>£′000 | Cost<br>£'000 | % of total assets | % of<br>equity<br>held | % of<br>equity<br>held by<br>other<br>clients <sup>1</sup> |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------|-------------------|------------------------|--|
| Quoted                             |                    |               |                   |                        |  |
| ldeagen PLC                        | 4,305              | 120           | 6.4               | 0.6                    | 0.2  |
| Water Intelligence PLC             | 2,532              | 163           | 3.7               | 1.4                    | _  |
| Access Intelligence PLC            | 652                | 224           | 0.9               | 0.4                    | 0.1  |
| GENinCode PLC <sup>3</sup>         | 607                | 397           | 0.9               | 1.8                    | 9.2  |
| Concurrent Technologies PLC        | 366                | 161           | 0.5               | 0.7                    | -  |
| Avingtrans PLC                     | 359                | 54            | 0.5               | 0.3                    | -  |
| K3 Business Technology Group PLC   | 356                | 238           | 0.5               | 0.6                    | -  |
| Anpario PLC                        | 296                | 57            | 0.4               | 0.2                    | -  |
| Arecor Therapeutics PLC            | 282                | 167           | 0.4               | 0.3                    | 0.3  |
| Vianet Group PLC                   | 263                | 405           | 0.4               | 1.2                    | 0.3  |
| Netcall PLC                        | 245                | 26            | 0.4               | 0.2                    | -  |
| Saietta Group PLC                  | 235                | 111           | 0.3               | 0.1                    | 0.1  |
| Oncimmune Holdings PLC             | 232                | 250           | 0.3               | 0.2                    | 0.4  |
| Polarean Imaging PLC               | 226                | 246           | 0.3               | 0.2                    | 0.5  |
| ReNeuron Group PLC                 | 201                | 150           | 0.3               | 0.4                    | 1.7  |
| Crossword Cybersecurity PLC        | 179                | 150           | 0.3               | 0.8                    | 1.9  |
| Destiny Pharma PLC                 | 177                | 100           | 0.3               | 0.3                    | 1.5  |
| Renalytix PLC                      | 174                | _             | 0.3               | -                      | -  |
| SulNOx PLC                         | 174                | 130           | 0.3               | 0.5                    | 0.5  |
| Gelion PLC                         | 151                | 148           | 0.2               | 0.1                    | 0.1  |
| Synectics PLC                      | 144                | 308           | 0.2               | 0.8                    | -  |
| Croma Security Solutions Group PLC | 137                | 433           | 0.2               | 0.9                    | -  |
| LungLife Al                        | 123                | 114           | 0.2               | 0.3                    | 0.2  |
| Osirium Technologies PLC           | 121                | 199           | 0.2               | 2.5                    | 4.5  |
| C4X Discovery Holdings PLC         | 114                | 40            | 0.2               | 0.1                    | 0.9  |
| Diurnal Group PLC                  | 110                | 62            | 0.2               | 0.1                    | 0.4  |
| Eden Research PLC                  | 103                | 83            | 0.2               | 0.4                    | 1.0  |
| Avacta Group PLC                   | 100                | 13            | 0.1               | -                      | 0.1  |
| RUA Life Sciences PLC              | 97                 | 229           | 0.1               | 0.3                    | 1.3  |
| DeepMatter Group PLC               | 93                 | 201           | 0.1               | 0.9                    | 1.5  |
| Feedback PLC                       | 84                 | 74            | 0.1               | 0.4                    | 1.3  |
| Intelligent Ultrasound Group PLC   | 84                 | 51            | 0.1               | 0.2                    | 1.6  |
| Seeen PLC                          | 58                 | 100           | 0.1               | 0.4                    | 1.3  |
| Vertu Motors PLC                   | 51                 | 50            | 0.1               | _                      | _  |

#### AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2021

| Investment  | Valuation<br>£'000 | Cost<br>£'000 | % of total<br>assets | % of<br>equity<br>held | % of<br>equity<br>held by<br>other<br>clients <sup>1</sup> |
|---|--------------------|---------------|----------------------|------------------------|--|
| Quoted (continued)  |                    |               |                      |                        |  |
| Incanthera PLC  | 45                 | 49            | 0.1                  | 0.6                    | 0.6  |
| Trackwise Designs PLC   | 33                 | 20            | -                    | 0.1                    | 0.4  |
| Transense Technologies PLC  | 29                 | 1,188         | -                    | 0.3                    | -  |
| XP Factory PLC (formerly Escape Hunt PLC)                               | 26                 | 26            | -                    | 0.1                    | 0.1  |
| Merit Group PLC   | 24                 | 450           | -                    | -                      | -  |
| Verici Dx PLC   | 17                 | -             | -                    | -                      | 1.5  |
| Other quoted investments  | 24                 | 4,689         | -                    |                        |  |
| Total quoted  | 13,629             | 11,676        | 19.8                 |                        |  |
| Private equity investment trusts  |                    |               |                      |                        |  |
| HgCapital Trust PLC   | 600                | 315           | 0.9                  | 0.3                    | 1.0  |
| HarbourVest Global Private Equity Limited                               | 552                | 310           | 0.8                  | -                      | 0.1  |
| ICG Enterprise Trust PLC  | 456                | 324           | 0.6                  | _                      | 0.1  |
| BMO Private Equity Trust PLC<br>(formerly F&C Private Equity Trust PLC) | 428                | 342           | 0.6                  | 0.1                    | 0.3  |
| Apax Global Alpha Limited   | 416                | 289           | 0.6                  | _                      | 0.1  |
| Princess Private Equity Holding Limited                                 | 411                | 308           | 0.6                  | -                      | 0.2  |
| Standard Life Private Equity Trust PLC                                  | 387                | 266           | 0.6                  |                        | 0.1  |
| Pantheon International PLC  | 341                | 236           | 0.5                  | -                      | 0.1  |
| Total private equity investment trusts                                  | 3,591              | 2,390         | 5.2                  |                        |  |
| Total investments   | 46,313             | 39,770        | 67.3                 |                        |  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Other clients of Maven Capital Partners UK LLP.

Shaded line indicates that the investment was completed pre 2015.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 2}\,\mbox{This}$  company delisted from AIM in a previous period.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 3}\,{\rm This}$  company listed on AIM during the period.

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The Directors submit their report together with the Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended 30 November 2021. A summary of the financial results for the year can be found in the Financial Highlights on pages 4 to 6. The Investment Objective and Investment Policy are disclosed in the Business Report on page 15 and the Board's approach to dividends is summarised in the Chairman's Statement on pages 9 to 13.

#### Principal Activity and Status

The Company's affairs have been conducted, and will continue to be conducted, in a manner to satisfy the conditions to enable it to continue to obtain approval as a venture capital trust under Section 274 of the Income Tax Act 2007.

During the period under review, the Company maintained its membership of the AIC and its Ordinary Shares are listed on the London Stock Exchange. Further details are provided in the Corporate Summary.

#### **Regulatory Status**

The Company is a small registered, internally managed alternative investment fund under the AIFMD. As a venture capital trust pursuant to Section 274 of the Income Tax Act 2007, the rules of the FCA in relation to non-mainstream investment products do not apply to the Company.

#### Going Concern

The Company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development and performance, are set out in this Directors' Report and within the Strategic Report. The financial position of the Company is described in the Chairman's Statement. In addition, Note 16 to the Financial Statements includes: the Company's objectives, policies and processes for managing its financial risks; details of its financial instruments; and its exposures to market price risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk, credit risk and price risk sensitivity. The Directors believe that the Company is well-placed to manage its business risks.

Following a detailed review, and taking into account the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic referred to in the Chairman's Statement on pages 9 to 13 and in the Investment Manager's Review on pages 23 to 36, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate financial resources to enable it to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and, accordingly, they have continued to adopt the going concern basis when preparing the Annual Report and Financial Statements.

#### Viability Statement

In accordance with Provision 31 of the UK Corporate Governance Code, published in July 2018 and Provision 36 of the AIC Code of Corporate Governance, published in February 2019, (the Codes), the Board has assessed the Company's prospects and risks for the five-year period to 30 November 2026. This five-year period is considered appropriate for a VCT business of its size when considering the principal and emerging risks facing the Company during the Board's annual strategy sessions and the legislative environment within which it has to operate.

In considering and making this statement, the Board carried out a robust assessment of the principal and emerging risks facing the Company as highlighted in the Business Report on pages 15 to 17, including those that might threaten its business model, future performance, solvency, or degree of liquidity within the portfolio.

The Board's assessment also took account of the availability and likely effectiveness of the mitigating actions that could be taken to avoid or reduce the impact of the underlying risks, including the Manager adapting its investment process to take account of the more restrictive VCT rules. The Board also considered the quality of the current portfolio of investee companies and the Manager's ability to source and secure new investment opportunities. As highlighted in the Chairman's Statement on page 13, the Board considers the Company's future to be positive.

The Board focused on the major factors that affect the economic, regulatory and political environment, including the COVID-19 pandemic, the UK's exit from the EU and the potential impact on the EU State Aid Rules.

The Board also reviewed the Company's cash flow projections and underlying assumptions for the five years to 30 November 2026 and considered them to be realistic and fair.

Based on the Company's processes for monitoring income and expenses, share price discount, ongoing review of the investment objective and policy, asset allocation, sector weightings and portfolio risk profile, the Board has concluded that there is a reasonable expectation that the Company will be able to continue in operation and meet its liabilities as they fall due over the five years ending 30 November 2026.

#### Financial Instruments

The Company's financial instruments comprise its investment portfolio, cash balances and debtors and creditors that arise directly from its operations, including accrued income and purchases and sales awaiting settlement. The main risks that the Company faces arising from its financial instruments are disclosed in Note 16 to the Financial Statements.

#### Global Greenhouse Gas Emissions

The Company has no greenhouse gas emissions to report from its operations, nor does it have responsibility for any other emissions producing sources under the Companies Act 2006 (Strategic Report and Directors' Report) Regulations 2013.

#### Corporate Governance

The Statement of Corporate Governance, which forms part of this Directors' Report, is shown on pages 58 to 63.

#### **Directors**

Biographies of the Directors who held office during the Company's financial year and at the year end are shown in the Your Board section of this Annual Report along with their interests in the shares of the Company, which are also shown below. No Director has a service contract with the Company and no contract or arrangement significant to the Company's business and in which any of the Directors is interested has subsisted during the year.

As referred to in the Directors' Remuneration Report on page 55, the Company has in place Directors' and Officers' liability insurance. In addition, the Company has entered into deeds of indemnity in favour of each of the Directors. The deeds of indemnity give each Director the benefit of an indemnity, out of the assets and profits of the Company, to the extent permitted by the Companies Act 2006 and subject to certain limitations against liabilities incurred by each of them in the execution of their duties and exercise of the powers as Directors of the Company. A copy of each deed of indemnity is available for inspection at the Company's principal place of business during normal working hours and will be available for inspection at the AGM.

As explained in more detail in the Statement of Corporate Governance, the Board has agreed that all Directors will retire annually and seek re-election. Therefore, each Director, in accordance with the Codes, will retire at the 2022 AGM and, being eligible, offer himself for re-election. The Board confirms that, following a formal process of evaluation, the performance of each Director continues to be effective and all Directors have demonstrated commitment to the role.

Graham Miller's communication skills enable him to serve the Company as a strong Chairman. His many years' experience in private equity, holding senior executive positions on other boards and his leadership skills, provide him with the ability required to encourage discussion in the boardroom and ensure that clear decisions are reached and subsequently carried out.

Gordon Humphries is a Chartered Accountant with over 30 years' experience in financial services, particularly with regard to investment trusts. His experience and knowledge of the sector in which the Company operates ensures that he brings recent and relevant financial experience to the Board and is able to lead the Audit and Risk Committees effectively. As Chairman of both Committees, he initiates appropriate challenge around the valuations of the private investee companies, the control environment and engages directly with the Company's Auditor to ensure that the annual audit is performed to a satisfactory level and that the process is completed to the required level of detail.

Charles Young is a Chartered Accountant and has a law degree. His background in corporate finance and private equity is highly relevant to his role as a Director and Chair of the Remuneration Committee and allows him to be a valued contributor to Board discussions.

The Board believes that, for the above reasons, the contribution of each Director continues to be important to the continued long-term success of the Company, as the combined skills and experience ensure a balanced Board of Directors with a wealth of knowledge and understanding in the key areas that are relevant to the Company. It is, therefore, believed to be in the best interests of Shareholders that all Directors be re-elected and resolutions to this effect will be proposed at the 2022 AGM.

#### Directors' Interests

The Directors who held office during the year and who were in office as at the date of this Annual Report, together with their interests in the share capital of the Company, are as follows:

|                          | 30 November 2021<br>Ordinary Shares of 10p each | 30 November 2020<br>Ordinary Shares of 10p each |
|--------------------------|---|---|
| Graham Miller (Chairman) | 141,601   | -   |
| Gordon Humphries         | 93,470  | 76,522  |
| Charles Young            | 89,443  | 89,443  |
| Total                    | 324,514   | 165,965   |

There is no requirement for Directors to hold shares in the Company and the table above shows the beneficial interests of the Directors and their close associates. As at 10 March 2022, being the last practicable date prior to the publication of this Annual Report, there have been no further changes to these interests since the end of the Company's financial year.

#### Conflicts of Interest

Each Director has a statutory duty to avoid a situation where he has, or could have, a direct or indirect interest which conflicts, or may conflict, with the interests of the Company. A Director will not be in breach of that duty if the relevant matter has been authorised by the Board in accordance with the Company's Articles and this includes any co-investment made by the Directors in entities in which the Company also has an interest.

The Board has approved a protocol for identifying and dealing with conflicts and has resolved to conduct a regular review of actual or possible conflicts. No new material conflicts or potential conflicts were identified during the year.

#### Substantial Interests

At 30 November 2021, the only holders known to the Company who, directly or indirectly, were interested in 3% or more of the Company's issued share capital were as follows:

| Company                                | Holding   | Issued Capital<br>% |
|--|-----------|---------------------|
| UBS Private Banking Nominees Limited   | 8,863,909 | 5.03                |
| Hargreaves Lansdown (Nominees) Limited | 6,709,191 | 3.80                |

At 8 March 2022, being the last practicable date prior to the publication of this Annual Report, the only holders known to the Company who, directly or indirectly, were interested in 3% or more of the Company's issued share capital were as follows:

| Company                                | Holding   | Issued Capital<br>% |
|--|-----------|---------------------|
| UBS Private Banking Nominees Limited   | 8,713,909 | 4.97                |
| Hargreaves Lansdown (Nominees) Limited | 6,868,347 | 3.91                |

#### Manager and Secretary

Maven Capital Partners UK LLP (Maven) acted as Manager and Secretary to the Company during the year ended 30 November 2021 and details of the investment management and secretarial fees are detailed in Notes 3 and 4 to the Financial Statements respectively.

The principal terms of the Management and Administration Deed agreed with Maven are as follows:

#### Termination provisions

The agreement is capable of termination by the giving of 12 months' notice by either the Company or the Manager. Furthermore, the Company may terminate the agreement without compensation due if:

- · a receiver, liquidator or administrator of the Manager is appointed;
- · the Manager commits any material breach of the provisions of the agreement; or
- the Manager ceases to be authorised to carry out Investment Business.

#### Management and administration fees

Under the Management and Administration Deed, the investment management and secretarial fees payable to Maven are charged on the following basis:

- from 1 December 2020, a base investment management fee of 1.75% of net asset value, payable quarterly in arrears:
- an annual administration fee of £89,000 (2020: £88,000) per annum payable quarterly in arrears and subject to an annual adjustment, calculated on 1 March each year, to reflect any change in the retail prices index; and
- a cap on total expenses of 3.25% of net assets per annum, adjusted annually and excluding performance fees and exceptional costs, such as regulatory and compliance costs.

#### Performance related incentive fee

The Company has performance incentive arrangements that reward Maven for achieving positive returns on the legacy portfolio and realised capital gains on new investments. These entitle the Manager to receive:

- a sum equivalent to 12.5% of the total return over cost generated by each new private equity investment made by the Manager that achieves a realisation, adjusted for any realised losses incurred in respect of other new investments and subject to an annual hurdle of 4% on the new investments realised;
- a sum equivalent to 7.5% of the total return over the base date valuation generated by inherited private equity investments that achieve a realisation, adjusted for any realised losses incurred in respect of other inherited private company investments; and
- a sum equivalent to 7.5% of any annual increase in the value of the inherited quoted portfolio.

The base date for the valuation of the inherited investments was set at 28 February 2011 and the value for these investments is subsequently recalculated as at 30 November each year from 2012 onwards. In the case of the inherited quoted portfolio, a high watermark is re-set on each occasion that a fee becomes payable.

Independent of these arrangements, Maven may also receive, from investee companies, fees in relation to arranging transactions, monitoring of business progress and for providing non-executive directors for their boards.

Subsequent to the year end, the Board, having taken advice and received a fair and reasonable opinion from the Company's advisers, Dickson Minto WS, agreed a modest change to the annual administration fee and to the performance related incentive fee payable to the Manager. Accordingly, it was agreed that from 1 December 2021:

- the annual administration fee will increase to £100,000 per annum (and remain subject to an RPI adjustment calculated on 1 December each year);
- the performance related incentive fee to be calculated as:
  - a sum equal to 15% of the total return over cost generated by each private equity investment that achieves
    a realisation in the most recent financial year, adjusted for any realised losses incurred in respect of other
    new private equity investments in that year and subject to an annual hurdle of 4% on the realised private
    equity investments; and
  - a sum equal to 7.5% of any annual increase in value of the quoted portfolio and subject to a high watermark being set on each occasion that the performance related incentive fee becomes payable; and
- the cap on total expenses to be reduced from 3.25% to 3.0%.

As before, the base date for the valuation of the inherited private equity investments is set at 28 February 2011 and the value for these investments is subsequently recalculated as at 30 November each year from 2012 onwards.

#### The Maven Executive Investment Scheme and Executive Holdings

With effect from 5 March 2021, it was agreed to re-introduce the previously suspended co-investment scheme now to be known as the Maven Executive Investment Scheme, with the terms of participation unchanged from those in place previously. Under the terms and conditions of the scheme, all investments will be made through a nominee and under terms agreed by the Board. The terms of the scheme ensure that all investments will be made on identical terms to those of the Company and that no selection of investments by participants will be allowed. Total investment by participants in the scheme is set at 5% of the aggregate amount of equity subscribed for by the Company and the co-investing executives, except where the only securities to be acquired by the Company are those quoted on AIM, in which case the co-investment percentage is 1.5%. Where the Company partially divests from AIM holdings, the scheme is permitted to realise the 1.5% allocation in full. In some circumstances, the scheme may also sell AIM holdings which the Company may retain in order to comply with VCT qualifying criteria. Given the relatively low equity participation in each private company investment, any dilution of the Company's interests is, therefore, minimal and the Directors believe that the scheme provides a useful incentive that closely aligns the interests of key individuals within the Manager's staff with those of the Company's Shareholders.

It should be noted that, as at 10 March 2022, Maven Capital Partners UK LLP and certain of its executives held, in aggregate, 4,898,420 of the Company's Ordinary Shares of 10p each (2.8% of the Ordinary Shares in issue).

#### Independent Auditor

The Directors are of the view that the Company's Auditor, Deloitte LLP (Deloitte), should continue in office and Resolution 7 to propose its re-appointment will be proposed at the 2022 AGM, along with Resolution 8, to authorise the Directors to fix its remuneration. No non-audit fees for tax services were paid to Deloitte during the year under review (2020: Nil). The Directors have received confirmation from Deloitte that it remains independent and objective and the Directors remain satisfied that objectivity and independence are being safeguarded by Deloitte.

#### Directors' Disclosure of Information to the Auditor

So far as the Directors who held office at the date of approval of this Annual Report are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the Company's Auditor is unaware, and each of the Directors has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a Director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's Auditor is aware of that information.

#### **Purchase of Ordinary Shares**

During the year ended 30 November 2021, the Company bought back a total of 2,657,880 Ordinary Shares (2020: 2,179,028) for cancellation, representing 1.79% of the issued share capital as at 12 March 2021, being the last practicable date prior to the publication of the previous annual report. Subsequent to the year end, a further 887,364 Ordinary Shares were bought back for cancellation.

A Special Resolution, numbered 11 in the Notice of Annual General Meeting, will be put to Shareholders at the 2022 AGM for their approval to renew the Company's authority to purchase in the market a maximum of 26,303,602 Ordinary Shares (14.99% of the shares in issue at 10 March 2022). Such authority will expire on the date of the AGM in 2023 or after a period of 15 months from the date of the passing of the Resolution, whichever is the earlier.

Purchases of shares will be made within guidelines established from time to time by the Board, but only if it is considered that such purchases would be to the advantage of the Company and its Shareholders when taken as a whole. As announced on 9 February 2022, the Board reviewed the Company's share buy back policy and the discount range of between 10% to 15% to the prevailing NAV per share at which shares would be bought back. Following that review, it is the intention that, subject to market conditions, available liquidity and the maintenance of the Company's VCT status, shares will be bought back in the market at prices that will maintain a discount of between 5% and 10% to the prevailing NAV per share. Under the FCA Listing Rules, the maximum price that may be paid on the exercise of this authority must not exceed 105% of the average of the mid-market quotations for the shares over the five business days immediately preceding the date of purchase. The minimum price that may be paid is 10p per share. In making purchases, the Company will deal only with member firms of the London Stock Exchange. Any shares which are purchased shall either be cancelled or held in treasury.

Purchases of shares by the Company will be made from distributable reserves and will normally be paid out of cash balances held by the Company from time to time. As any purchases will be made at a discount to NAV at the time of purchase, the NAV of the remaining Ordinary Shares in issue should increase as a result of any such purchase. Shares will not be purchased by the Company in the period from the end of the Company's relevant financial period up to and including the earlier of an announcement of all price sensitive information in respect of the relevant period or the release of the full results.

#### Issue of New Ordinary Shares

During the year under review, 1,153,051 new Ordinary Shares were allotted pursuant to the Company's Dividend Investment Scheme and 53,810,605 new Ordinary Shares were allotted pursuant to the Company's Offer for Subscription. An Ordinary Resolution, numbered 9 in the Notice of Annual General Meeting, will be put to Shareholders at the 2022 AGM for their approval for the Company to issue up to an aggregate nominal amount of £1,754,743 (equivalent to 17,547,430 Ordinary Shares or 10% of the total issued share capital at 10 March 2022).

Issues of new Ordinary Shares may only be made at, or at a premium to, NAV per share, thus ensuring existing investors will not be disadvantaged by such issues. The proceeds of any issue may be used to purchase the Company's shares in the market or to fund further investments in accordance with the Company's investment policy. This authority shall expire either at the conclusion of the AGM in 2023 or on the expiry of 15 months from the passing of the Resolution, whichever is the first to occur.

When shares are to be allotted for cash, Section 561(1) of the Companies Act 2006 provides that existing Shareholders have pre-emption rights and that the new shares are offered first to such Shareholders in proportion to their existing shareholdings. However, Shareholders can, by special resolution, authorise the Directors to allot shares otherwise than by a pro rata issue to existing Shareholders.

A Special Resolution, numbered 10 in the Notice of Annual General Meeting, will, if passed, give the Directors power to allot for cash, Ordinary Shares up to an aggregate nominal amount of £1,754,743 (equivalent to 17,547,430 Ordinary Shares or 10% of the total issued share capital at 10 March 2022) as if Section 561(1) does not apply. This is the same amount of share capital that the Directors are seeking the authority to allot pursuant to Resolution 9. The authority will also expire either at the conclusion of the AGM of the Company in 2023 or on the expiry of 15 months from the passing of the Resolution, whichever is the first to occur.

#### Share Capital and Voting Rights

As at 30 November 2021, the Company's share capital amounted to 176,361,696 Ordinary Shares of 10p each. Further details are included in Note 12 to the Financial Statements. Subsequent to the year end, the Company bought back 887,364 Ordinary Shares for cancellation. As a result, as at 10 March 2022, being the latest practicable date before the publication of this Annual Report, the Company's share capital amounted to 175,474,332 Ordinary Shares.

There are no restrictions on the transfer of Ordinary Shares in the Company issued by the Company, or their related voting rights, other than certain restrictions which may from time to time be imposed by law (for example, the Market Abuse Regulation). The Company is not aware of any agreement between Shareholders that may result in a transfer of securities and/or voting rights.

#### Significant Agreements and Related Party Transactions

The Company is not aware of any significant agreements to which it is a party that take effect, alter or terminate upon a change of control of the Company following a takeover. Other than the Management and Administration Deed, further details of which are set out on pages 49 to 51, the Company is not aware of any contractual or other agreements which are essential to its business and that could reasonably be expected to be disclosed in the Directors' Report.

Other than those set out in this Directors' Report, there are no further related party transactions that require to be disclosed.

#### Post Balance Sheet Events

The Directors have proposed a final dividend of 1.00p per Ordinary Share, in respect of the year ended 30 November 2021. The final dividend will be paid on 4 May 2022 to Shareholders on the register at 1 April 2022.

Other than those referred to above and in the Strategic Report, there have been no events since 30 November 2021 that require disclosure.

#### **Future Developments**

An indication of the Company's future developments can be found in the Chairman's Statement on page 13 and in the Investment Manager's Review on page 36, which highlights the Board and the Manager's commitment to providing returns to Shareholders and delivering the Company's investment strategy.

#### Annual General Meeting and Directors' Recommendation

The AGM will be held on 26 April 2022, at the offices of Maven Capital Partners UK LLP, Fifth Floor, 1-2 Royal Exchange Buildings, London EC3V 3LF and the Notice of Annual General Meeting is on pages 95 to 100 of this Annual Report. The Notice of Annual General Meeting also contains a Resolution that seeks authority for the Directors to convene a general meeting, other than an annual general meeting, on not less than fourteen days' clear notice, although it is anticipated that such authority would only be exercised under exceptional circumstances.

The Board encourages Shareholders to vote at the AGM using a hard copy proxy form, via CREST, or electronically using the Registrar's Proxy Voting App at **proxy-maven5.cpip.io**. Please refer to the notes to the Notice of Annual General Meeting on pages 97 to 100 of this Annual Report.

The Directors consider that all of the Resolutions to be put to the AGM are in the best interests of the Company and its Shareholders as a whole.

Authorised for issue by the Board Maven Capital Partners UK LLP Secretary

10 March 2022

### **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION REPORT**

This report has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of Section 421 of the Companies Act 2006 and the Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013. An Ordinary Resolution for the approval of this report, which includes a section on the policy for the remuneration of Directors, will be put to the members of the Company at the forthcoming AGM. The law requires the Company's Auditor to audit certain of the disclosures provided. Where disclosures have been audited, they are indicated as such and the Auditor's opinion is included in their report on pages 69 to 76 of this Annual Report.

#### Statement by the Remuneration Committee

The Board has established a Remuneration Committee comprising all the Directors, with Charles Young as its Chairman. As all of the Directors are non-executive, the Principles of the UK Corporate Governance Code in respect of executive directors' remuneration do not apply.

At 30 November 2021, and as at the date of this Annual Report, the Company had three non-executive Directors and their biographies are shown in the Your Board section of this Annual Report. The names of the Directors who served during the year together with the fees paid during the year are shown in the table on page 56.

The dates of appointment of the Directors in office as at 30 November 2021 and the dates on which they will next be proposed for re-election are as follows:

|                          | Date of original appointment | Due date for<br>re-election |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Graham Miller (Chairman) | 2 July 2019                  | 26 April 2022               |
| Gordon Humphries         | 7 February 2006              | 26 April 2022               |
| Charles Young            | 1 June 2013                  | 26 April 2022               |

During the year ended 30 November 2021, the Board was not provided with advice or services by any person in respect of its consideration of the Directors' remuneration. However, in the application of the Board's policy on Directors' remuneration, as defined below, the Committee expects, from time to time, to review the fees paid to the directors of other venture capital trust companies for comparative purposes.

During the year ended 30 November 2020, the Remuneration Committee carried out a review of the remuneration policy and the level of Directors' fees and recommended that the rates of remuneration for the year to 30 November 2021 should remain unchanged and would remain at the level as agreed from 1 December 2019, being £23,700 for the Chairman; £22,200 for the Chairman of the Audit Committee; and £19,600 for each other Director. During the year ended 30 November 2021, the Remuneration Committee carried out a further review of the remuneration policy and the level of Directors' fees for the year to 30 November 2022, and considering the ongoing impact of the coronavirus pandemic, recommended that the rates of remuneration should remain unchanged for a third year and should remain at the level agreed from 1 December 2019.

The Committee considered that the total Directors' remuneration is reasonable when compared with other similar venture capital trusts.

#### Remuneration Policy

The Company's policy is that the remuneration of the Directors, all of whom are non-executive, should reflect the experience of the Board as a whole and be fair and comparable to that of other venture capital trusts with a similar capital structure and similar investment objectives. Directors are remunerated in the form of fees, payable quarterly in arrears, to the Director personally or to a third party specified by him. The fees for the Directors are determined within the limits set out in the Company's Articles which limit the aggregate of the fees payable to the Directors to £110,996 per annum (as varied by the UK Retail Prices Index from year to year) and the approval of Shareholders at a general meeting would be required to change this limit.

It is intended that the fees payable to the Directors should reflect their duties, responsibilities, and the value and amount of time committed to the Company's affairs, and should also be sufficient to enable candidates of a high quality to be recruited and retained. Non-executive Directors do not receive bonuses, pension benefits, share options,

long-term incentive schemes or other benefits, and the fees are not specifically related to the Directors' performance, either individually or collectively. A copy of this Remuneration Policy may be inspected by the members of the Company at its registered office.

It is the Board's intention that the above Remuneration Policy will be put to a Shareholders' vote at least once every three years and, as a Resolution was approved at the AGM held in 2020, an Ordinary Resolution for its approval for the three years to 30 November 2025 will next be proposed at the AGM to be held in 2023.

At the AGM held in April 2020, the result in respect of the Ordinary Resolution to approve the Directors' Remuneration Policy for the period to 30 November 2022 was as follows:

|                     | Percentage of votes cast for | Percentage of votes cast against | Number of votes withheld |
|---------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Remuneration Policy | 97.39                        | 2.61                             | 244,604                  |

#### Directors' and Officers' Liability Insurance

The Company purchases and maintains liability insurance covering the Directors and Officers of the Company. This insurance is not a benefit in kind, nor does it form part of the Directors' remuneration.

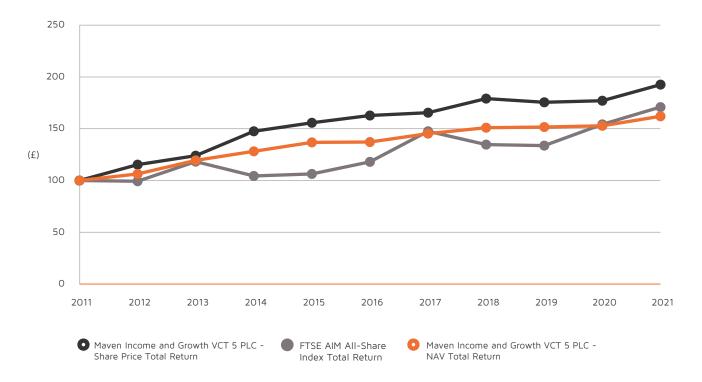
#### Directors' Interests (audited)

The Directors' interests in the share capital of the Company are shown in the Directors' Report on page 49. There is no requirement for Directors to hold shares in the Company.

#### Company Performance

The Board is responsible for the Company's investment strategy and performance, although the day-to-day management of the Company's investment portfolio is delegated to the Manager through the Management and Administration Deed, as referred to in the Directors' Report.

The graph below compares the total returns (excluding tax relief) on an investment of £100 in the Ordinary Shares of the Company, for each annual accounting period for the ten years to 30 November 2021, assuming all dividends are reinvested, with the total shareholder return on a notional investment of £100 made up of shares of the same kind and number as those by reference to which the FTSE AIM All-Share index is calculated. This index was chosen for comparison purposes as it is the most relevant to the Company's investment portfolio.



Source: Maven Capital Partners UK LLP/London Stock Exchange/IRESS. Please note that past performance is not a guide to future performance.

#### Directors' Remuneration (audited)

As the Company does not have any employees, Directors' remuneration comprises solely of Directors' fees. The Directors' fees for the years ended 30 November 2020 and 30 November 2021, and projected fees for the year ending 30 November 2022, respectively are as follows:

|   | Year ended<br>30 November 2022<br>£ | Year ended<br>30 November 2021<br>£ | Year ended<br>30 November 2020<br>£ |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Graham Miller¹ (Chairman)                         | 23,700                              | 23,700                              | 22,018                              |
| Gordon Humphries<br>(Audit Committee<br>Chairman) | 22,200                              | 22,200                              | 22,200                              |
| Allister Langlands <sup>2</sup>                   | -                                   | -                                   | 9,725                               |
| Charles Young                                     | 19,600                              | 19,600                              | 19,600                              |
| Total   | 65,500                              | 65,500                              | 73,543                              |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Graham Miller was appointed to the Board on 2 July 2019 and was appointed Chairman on 28 April 2020.

The above amounts exclude any employers' national insurance contributions, if applicable. No other forms of remuneration were received by the Directors and no Director received any taxable expenses, compensation for loss of office or non-cash benefit for the year ended 30 November 2021 (2020: £nil).

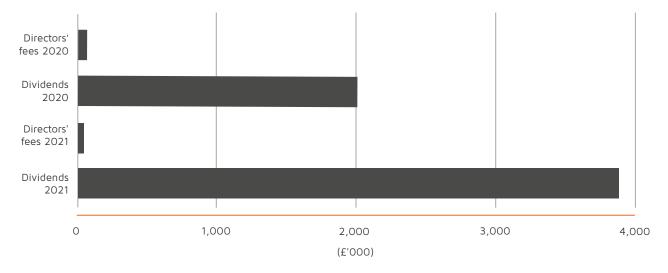
Directors do not have service contracts, but new Directors are provided with a letter of appointment. The terms of appointment provide that Directors should retire and be subject to election at the first AGM after their appointment. Copies of the Directors' letters of appointment will be available for inspection at the Company's AGM. The Company's Articles require all Directors to retire by rotation at least every three years and that any Director who has served on the Board for more than nine years will offer himself for re-election annually. However, the Board has agreed that all Directors will retire annually and, if appropriate, seek re-election.

There is no notice period and no provision for compensation upon early termination of appointment, save for any arrears of fees which may be due.

During the year ended 30 November 2021, no communication was received from Shareholders regarding Directors' remuneration. The Remuneration Policy and the level of fees payable is reviewed annually by the Remuneration Committee.

#### Relative Cost of Directors' Remuneration

The chart below shows, for the years ended 30 November 2020 and 30 November 2021, the cost of Directors' fees compared with the level of dividend distribution.



As noted in the Strategic Report, all of the Directors are non-executive and, therefore, the Company does not have a chief executive officer, nor does it have any employees. In the absence of a chief executive officer or employees, there is no related information to disclose.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Allister Langlands retired as Chairman and from the Board on 28 April 2020.

#### Approval

An Ordinary Resolution to approve the Directors' Remuneration Report for the year ended 30 November 2021 will be proposed at the AGM to be held in 2022.

At the AGM held in April 2021, the result in respect of the Ordinary Resolution to approve the Directors' Remuneration Report for the year ended 30 November 2020 was as follows:

|                     | Percentage of votes cast for | Percentage of votes cast against | Number of votes withheld |
|---------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Remuneration Report | 97.12                        | 2.88                             | 332,235                  |

The Directors' Remuneration Report for the year ended 30 November 2021 was approved by the Board of Directors and signed on its behalf by:

Charles Young Director

10 March 2022

#### STATEMENT OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company is committed to, and is accountable to the Company's Shareholders for, a high standard of corporate governance. The Board has put in place a framework for corporate governance that it believes is appropriate for a venture capital trust and which enables it to comply with the UK Corporate Governance Code (the UK Code). The UK Code is available from the website of the Financial Reporting Council (FRC) at www.frc.org.uk.

During the year under review, the Company was a member of the AIC, which published a revised version of its own Code of Corporate Governance (the AIC Code) in February 2019. The Board has adopted the principles of the AIC Code and reports on compliance with these below. The AIC Code provides a comprehensive guide to best practice in certain areas of governance where the specific characteristics of investment trusts or venture capital trusts suggest alternative approaches to those set out in the UK Code.

The key requirements of the AIC Code include:

- the annual re-election of all directors to all investment companies;
- that a board should understand the views of the company's key stakeholders and describe in the annual report how their interests and the matters set out in Section 172 of the Companies Act 2006 (the duty to promote the success of the company) have been considered in board discussions and decision making;
- that the chairman of an investment company can remain in post beyond nine years from the date of first appointment by the board. Notwithstanding this more flexible approach, the board is required to determine and disclose a policy on the tenure of the chairman.

The AIC Code is available from the AIC website at **www.theaic.co.uk**. This Statement of Corporate Governance forms part of the Directors' Report.

#### Application of the Main Principles of the AIC Code

This statement describes how the main principles identified in the AIC Code have been applied by the Company throughout the year, as is required by the Listing Rules of the FCA. The Board has considered the Principles and Provisions of the AIC Code, which address the Principles and Provisions set out in the UK Code, as well as setting out additional Provisions on issues that are of specific relevance to the Company. The Board considers that reporting against the Principles and Provisions of the AIC Code, which has been endorsed by the FRC, provides more relevant information to Shareholders. The endorsement by the FRC means that by reporting against the AIC Code, the Company is meeting its obligations under the UK Code and the associated disclosure requirements of the Listing Rules, and as such does not need to report further on issues contained in the UK Code which are irrelevant to them. These include:

- Provision 9 (dual role of chairman and chief executive);
- Provision 19 (tenure of the chair);
- Provision 25 (internal audit function); and
- Provision 33 (executive remuneration).

The Board is of the opinion that the Company has complied fully with the main principles identified in the AIC Code, except as set out below:

• Provision 14 (senior independent director).

A senior independent non-executive Director has not been appointed as the Board considers that each Director has different qualities and areas of expertise on which they may lead.

#### The Board

As at the date of this Annual Report, the Board consists of three male Directors, all of whom are non-executive and considered to be independent of the investment manager (Maven or the Manager) and free of any relationship which could materially interfere with the exercise of their independent judgement. The biographies of the Directors appear in the Your Board section of this Annual Report and indicate their high level and range of investment, industrial, commercial and professional experience.

The Board sets the Company's values and objectives and ensures that its obligations to Shareholders are met. It has formally adopted a schedule of matters that are required to be brought to it for decision, thus ensuring that it maintains full and effective control over appropriate strategic, financial, operational and compliance issues. These matters include:

- the appointment and removal of the Manager and the terms and conditions of any management and administration agreements;
- · the maintenance of clear investment objectives and risk management policies;
- the monitoring of the business activities of the Company;
- Companies Act requirements such as the approval of the interim and annual financial statements and the approval and recommendation of interim and final dividends;
- major changes relating to the Company's structure, including share buy-backs and share issues;
- · Board appointments and related matters;
- · terms of reference and membership of Board Committees; and
- The London Stock Exchange and FCA matters, such as approval of all circulars, listing particulars and releases concerning matters decided by the Board.

As required by the Companies Act 2006 and permitted by the Articles, Directors notify the Company of any situation that might give rise to the potential for a conflict of interest, so that the Board may consider and, if appropriate, approve such situations. A register of potential conflicts of interest for Directors is reviewed regularly by the Board and the Directors notify the Company whenever there is a change in the nature of a registered conflict, or whenever a new conflict situation arises.

Following the implementation of the Bribery Act 2010, the Board adopted appropriate procedures.

There is an agreed procedure for Directors to take independent professional advice, if necessary, at the Company's expense.

The Directors have access to the advice and services of the Secretary through its appointed representatives who are responsible to the Board for:

- · ensuring that Board procedures are complied with;
- · under the direction of the Chairman, ensuring good information flows within the Board and its Committees; and
- advising on corporate governance matters.

An induction meeting will be arranged by the Manager on the appointment of any new Director, covering details about the Company, the Manager, legal responsibilities and venture capital trust matters. Directors are provided, on a regular basis, with key information on the Company's policies, regulatory and statutory requirements and internal controls. Changes affecting Directors' responsibilities are advised to the Board as they arise.

Graham Miller is Chairman of the Company and Chairman of the Management Engagement and Nomination Committees, as the other Directors consider that he has the skills and experience relevant to these roles. Graham Miller was independent of the Manager at the time of his appointment as a Director on 2 July 2019 and as Chairman on 28 April 2020 and continues to be so by virtue of his lack of connection with the Manager and the absence of cross-directorships with his fellow Directors. Gordon Humphries is Chairman of the Audit and Risk Committees. Charles Young is Chairman of the Remuneration Committee.

The Board meets at least four times each year and, between meetings, maintains regular contact with the Manager and has access to senior members of the management team and to the company secretarial team. The primary focus of quarterly Board Meetings is a review of investment performance and related matters including asset allocation, peer group information and industry issues. During the year ended 30 November 2021, the Board held ten Board Meetings and eight Committee Meetings. In addition, there were two meetings of the Audit Committee, four meetings of the Risk Committee, and one meeting of each of the Management Engagement, Nomination and Remuneration Committees.

Directors have attended Board and Committee Meetings during the year ended 30 November 2021<sup>1</sup> as follows:

|                  | Board   | Board<br>Committee | Audit<br>Committee | Management<br>Engagement<br>Committee | Nomination<br>Committee | Remuneration<br>Committee | Risk<br>Committee |
|------------------|---------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| Gordon Humphries | 10 (10) | 8 (8)              | 2 (2)              | 1 (1)                                 | 1 (1)                   | 1 (1)                     | 4 (4)             |
| Graham Miller    | 10 (10) | 8 (8)              | 2 (2)              | 1 (1)                                 | 1 (1)                   | 1 (1)                     | 4 (4)             |
| Charles Young    | 10 (10) | 8 (8)              | 2 (2)              | 1 (1)                                 | 1 (1)                   | 1 (1)                     | 4 (4)             |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The number of meetings which the Directors were eligible to attend is in brackets.

To enable the Board to function effectively and allow Directors to discharge their responsibilities, full and timely access is given to all relevant information. In the case of Board Meetings, this consists of a comprehensive set of papers, including the Manager's review and discussion documents regarding specific matters. The Directors make further enquiries when necessary.

The Board and its Committees have undertaken a process for their annual performance evaluation, using questionnaires and discussion to ensure that Directors have devoted sufficient time and contributed adequately to the work of the Board and its Committees and to consider each Director's independence. The Chairman is subject to evaluation by his fellow Directors. In addition, the Board also uses the process to assess and monitor its culture and behaviour, to ensure it is aligned with the Company's purpose, value and strategy.

#### Directors' Terms of Appointment

The Company's Articles require all Directors to retire by rotation at least every three years and that any Director who has served on the Board for more than nine years will offer himself for re-election annually. However, in accordance with the Codes, the Board has agreed that all Directors will retire annually and, if appropriate, seek re-election.

#### Policy on Tenure

The Board subscribes to the view expressed in the AIC Code that long-serving Directors should not be prevented from forming part of an independent majority. It does not consider that a Director's tenure necessarily reduces his ability to act independently and, following formal performance evaluations, believes that each Director is independent in character and judgement and that there are no relationships or circumstances which are likely to affect the judgement of any Director.

The Board's policy on tenure is that continuity and experience are considered to add significantly to the strength of the Board and, as such, no limit on the overall length of service of any of the Company's Directors, including the Chairman, has been imposed. The policy on tenure and independence of each Director is reviewed on an annual basis, before the re-election of any Director is recommended and the Board considers the need for regular refreshment of the Directors prior to doing so. The Company has no executive Directors or employees.

#### Committees

Each of the Committees has been established with written terms of reference and comprises the full Board, the members of which are all independent and free from any relationship that would interfere with important judgement in carrying out their responsibilities. The terms of reference of each of the Committees, which are available on request from the Registered Office of the Company, are reviewed and re-assessed for their adequacy at each meeting.

#### **Audit Committee**

The Audit Committee is chaired by Gordon Humphries and comprises all independent Directors. The role and responsibilities of the Committee are detailed in the joint report by the Audit and Risk Committees.

#### Management Engagement Committee

The Management Engagement Committee, which comprises all of the independent Directors and is chaired by Graham Miller is responsible for the annual review of the management contract with the Manager, details of which are shown in the Directors' Report. One meeting was held during the year ended 30 November 2021, at which the Committee recommended the continued appointment of Maven Capital Partners UK LLP as Manager of the Company.

#### Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee, which comprises all of the independent Directors and is chaired by Graham Miller, held one meeting during the year ended 30 November 2021. In line with the requirements of the AIC Code, the terms of reference state that the Chairman will not chair the Committee when it is dealing with the appointment of his successor. The Committee makes recommendations to the Board on the following matters:

- the evaluation of the performance of the Board (including its Chairman) and its Committees, and supports the Chairman of the Board in acting on the results of the evaluation process;
- the review of the composition, skills, knowledge, experience and diversity of the Board;
- · succession planning;
- the identification and nomination of candidates to fill Board vacancies, as and when they arise, considering
  candidates from a wide range of backgrounds in order to promote diversity of gender, social and ethnic
  background, cognitive and personal strengths, for the approval of the Board;
- the tenure and re-appointment of any non-executive Director on an annual basis;
- the re-election by Shareholders of any Director on an annual basis, having due regard to the provisions of the AIC Code, the Director's performance and ability to contribute to the Board and the long-term success of the Company;
- · the continuation in office of any Director at any time; and
- the appointment of any Director to another office, such as Chairman of the Audit Committee, other than to the position of Chairman of the Company.

At its meeting in October 2021, the Committee reviewed the knowledge, experience and skills of all Directors. The Board noted that each of the Directors were valued and that they were deemed to enhance the skills and knowledge base of the Board, enabling it to carry out its functions more effectively with each Director contributing to the long-term success of the Company. The Committee recommended to the Board that all Directors be nominated for re-election and accordingly, Resolutions 4 to 6 will be put to the 2022 AGM.

The performance of the Board, Committees and individual Directors was evaluated through an assessment process, led by the Chairman and the performance of the Chairman was evaluated by the other Directors. While the Company does not have a formal policy on diversity, consideration of Board diversity and inclusion forms part of the responsibilities of the Committee.

No external search consultancy was used by the Company during the year ended 30 November 2021.

#### Remuneration Committee

Where a venture capital trust has only non-executive directors, the UK Code principles relating to directors' remuneration do not apply. However, in line with the requirements of the AIC Code, the Company does have a Remuneration Committee, comprising the full Board and which is chaired by Charles Young. The Committee held one meeting during the year ended 30 November 2021 to review the policy for, and the level of, Directors' Remuneration.

The level of remuneration of the Directors has been set in order to attract and retain individuals of a calibre appropriate to the future development of the Company. Details of the remuneration of each Director and the Company's policy on Directors' Remuneration are provided in the Directors' Remuneration Report on pages 54 to 57.

#### Risk Committee

The Risk Committee is chaired by Gordon Humphries and comprises all independent Directors. The role and responsibilities of the Committee are detailed in the joint report by the Audit and Risk Committees.

#### **External Agencies**

The Board has contractually delegated to external agencies, including the Manager, certain services: the management of the investment portfolio; the custodial services (which include the safeguarding of assets); the registration services; and the day-to-day accounting and company secretarial requirements. Each of these contracts was entered into after full and proper consideration by the Board of the quality and cost of services offered. The Board receives and considers reports from the Manager and other external agencies on a regular basis. In addition, ad hoc reports and information are supplied to the Board as requested.

#### Corporate Governance, Stewardship and Proxy Voting

The UK Stewardship Code 2020 sets high stewardship standards for those investing money on behalf of UK savers and pensioners, such as asset owners and asset managers (and those that support them). Stewardship is the responsible allocation, management and oversight of capital to create long-term value for clients and beneficiaries, leading to sustainable benefits for the economy, the environment and society.

The Board is aware of its duty to act in the best interests of Shareholders and the Directors believe that the exercise of voting rights lies at the heart of regulation and the promotion of good corporate governance. The Board has delegated responsibility for monitoring the activities of the portfolio companies to the Manager and has given it discretionary powers to vote in respect of the holdings in the Company's investment portfolio. The Board supports Maven's approach to stewardship.

The Directors, through the Manager, encourage companies in which investments are made to adhere to best practice in the area of corporate governance. The Manager believes that, where practicable, this can best be achieved by entering into a dialogue with investee company management teams to encourage them, where necessary, to improve their governance policies.

#### Socially Responsible Investment Policy

The Directors and the Manager are aware of their duty to act in the interests of the Company and acknowledge that there are risks associated with investment in companies that fail to conduct business in a socially responsible manner. Therefore, the Directors and the Manager take account of the social environment and ethical factors that may affect the performance or value of the Company's investments. Maven and the Directors believe that a company run in the long-term interests of its shareholders should manage its relationships with its employees, suppliers and customers and behave responsibly towards the environment and society as a whole. The effectiveness of the policy in respect of investee companies is monitored on an ongoing basis.

The Company places a great deal of importance on communication with its Shareholders, all of whom are welcome to attend and participate in the AGM. The Notice of Annual General Meeting sets out the business of the AGM and the Resolutions are explained more fully in the Explanatory Notes to the Notice of Annual General Meeting as well as in the Directors' Report and the Directors' Remuneration Report. Separate Resolutions are proposed for each substantive issue and Shareholders have the opportunity to put questions to the Board and to the Manager. The results of proxy voting are relayed to Shareholders after the Resolutions have been voted on by a show of hands. Nominated persons, often the beneficial owners of shares held for them by nominee companies, may attend Shareholder meetings and are invited to contact the registered Shareholder, normally a nominee company, in the first instance in order to be nominated to attend the meeting and to vote in respect of the shares held for them. In general, a venture capital trust has few major shareholders.

The Annual Report is normally published at least twenty business days before the AGM. Annual and Interim Reports and Financial Statements are distributed to Shareholders and other parties who have an interest in the Company's performance.

Shareholders and potential investors may obtain up-to-date information on the Company through the Manager and the Secretary, and the Company responds to letters from Shareholders on a wide range of issues. In order to ensure that the Directors develop an understanding of the views of Shareholders, correspondence between Shareholders and the Manager or the Chairman is copied to the Board. See Contact Information for details on how to contact the Manager or Company Secretary.

The Company's web pages are hosted on the Manager's website, and can be visited at **www.mavencp.com/migvct5** from where Annual and Interim Reports, London Stock Exchange announcements and other information can be viewed, printed or downloaded. Further information about the Manager can be obtained from **www.mavencp.com**.

#### Accountability and Audit

The Statement of Directors' Responsibilities in respect of the Financial Statements is on page 64 and the Statement of Going Concern and the Viability Statement are included in the Directors' Report on pages 47 and 48. The Independent Auditor's Report is on pages 69 to 76.

Authorised for issue by the Board Maven Capital Partners UK LLP Secretary

10 March 2022

#### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report, the Directors' Remuneration Report and the Financial Statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare Financial Statements for each financial year. Under that law, the Directors have elected to prepare the Financial Statements in accordance with FRS 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. The Financial Statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the net return of the Company for that period.

In preparing these Financial Statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the Financial Statements; and
- prepare the Financial Statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the Financial Statements comply with the Companies Act. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Directors are also responsible for preparing a Strategic Report, Directors' Report, Directors' Remuneration Report (including a report on remuneration policy) and Corporate Governance Statement that comply with applicable laws and regulations.

The Directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Company's webpages, which are hosted on the Manager's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

The Directors are also responsible for ensuring that the Annual Report and Financial Statements, taken as a whole, is fair, balanced and understandable and provides the information necessary for Shareholders to assess the Company's position and performance, business model and strategy.

#### Responsibility Statement of the Directors in respect of the Annual Report and Financial Statements

The Directors confirm that, to the best of their knowledge:

- the Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the applicable accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the Company as at 30 November 2021 and for the year to that date;
- the Directors' Report includes a fair review of the development and performance of the Company, together with a description of the principal risks and uncertainties that it faces; and
- the Annual Report and Financial Statements taken as a whole is fair, balanced and understandable and provides the information necessary for Shareholders to assess the Company's position and performance, business model and strategy.

Graham Miller Director

10 March 2022

The Audit Committee and the Risk Committee are both chaired by Gordon Humphries and comprise all independent Directors.

#### **Audit Committee**

The Board is satisfied that at least one member of the Committee has recent and relevant financial experience and that the Audit Committee as a whole has competence relevant to the sector in which the Company operates.

The principal responsibilities of the Committee include:

- the integrity of the Interim and Annual Reports and Financial Statements and reviewing any significant financial reporting judgements contained therein;
- the review of the terms of appointment of the Auditor, together with its remuneration;
- the review of the scope and results of the audit and the independence and objectivity of the Auditor;
- the review of the Auditor's Board Report and any required response;
- · meetings with representatives of the Manager;
- the review of the custody arrangements in place to confirm ownership of investments;
- the provision of advice on whether the Annual Report and Financial Statements, taken as a whole, is fair, balanced and understandable and provides the information necessary for Shareholders to assess the Company's position and performance, business model and strategy; and
- making appropriate recommendations to the Board.

#### Activities of the Audit Committee

The Committee met twice during the year under review, in February and July 2021. At these meetings, it considered the key risks detailed below and in the Business Report and the corresponding internal control and risk reports provided by the Manager, which included the Company's risk management framework. No significant weaknesses in the control environment were identified and it was also noted that there had not been any adverse comment from the Auditor and that the Auditor had not identified any significant issues in its Audit Report. In addition, there had been no interaction with the FRC, through their Corporate Reporting Review or Audit Quality Review teams during the period. The Committee, therefore, concluded that there were no significant issues which required to be reported to the Board.

At its meeting in February 2021, the Committee also reviewed, for recommendation to the Board, the Audit Report from the Independent Auditor and the draft Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended 30 November 2020.

The Committee concluded that it was satisfied with the performance of Deloitte LLP (Deloitte) and recommended its continuing appointment.

At its meeting in July 2021, the Committee also reviewed the Half Yearly Report for the six months ended 31 May 2021.

Subsequent to 30 November 2021, the Committee carried out a thorough review of the financial position and valuation of each investee company, with particular focus on the valuations of the early-stage unlisted investee companies. At its meeting in January 2022, the Committee reviewed, for recommendation to the Board, the Audit Report from the Independent Auditor and the draft Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended 30 November 2021, and provided advice to the Board that it considered that the Annual Report and Financial Statements, taken as a whole, was fair, balanced and understandable and provided the information necessary for Shareholders to assess the Company's position and performance, business model and strategy.

It is recognised that the portfolio of investee companies forms a significant element of the Company's assets and that there are different risks associated with listed and unlisted investments. The primary risk that requires the particular attention of the Committee is that unlisted investments are not recognised and measured in line with the Company's stated accounting policy on the valuation of investments as set out in Note 1(e) to the Financial Statements on page 82. In accordance with that policy, unlisted investments are valued by the Manager in line with the IPEV Guidelines and are subject to scrutiny and approval by the Directors. Investments listed on a recognised stock exchange are valued at their bid market closing share price.

The Audit Committee has considered the assumptions and judgements in relation to the valuation of each unquoted investment and is satisfied that they are appropriate.

| Investment               | % of net assets<br>by value | Valuation<br>basis     |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| AIM/AQSE quoted          | 19.8                        | Bid price <sup>1</sup> |
| Listed investment trusts | 5.2                         | Bid price <sup>1</sup> |
| Legacy unquoted          | 0.7                         | Directors' valuation   |
| Maven unquoted           | 41.6                        | Directors' valuation   |
| Total investment         | 67.3                        |                        |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> London Stock Exchange closing market quote.

The Committee recommended the investment valuations, representing 67.3% of net assets as at 30 November 2021, to the Board for approval.

## Review of Effectiveness of Independent Auditor

As part of its annual review of audit service, the Committee reviews the performance, effectiveness and general relationship with the Independent Auditor (the Auditor or Deloitte). In addition, the Committee reviews the independence and objectivity of the Auditor. Key elements of these reviews include: discussions with the Manager regarding the audit service provided; separate meetings with the Auditor; consideration of the completeness and accuracy of the Deloitte reporting; and a review of the relationship the Auditor has with the Manager.

Details of the amounts paid to the Auditor during the year for audit services are set out in Note 4 to the Financial Statements.

The Auditor's Report is on pages 69 to 76. Following an audit tender in 2016, Deloitte was appointed as Auditor in September 2016. Deloitte rotate the senior statutory auditor responsible for the audit every five years and Chris Hunter is currently the Company's senior statutory auditor.

The Company reviews its approach for governing and controlling the provision of non-audit services by the Auditor so as to safeguard its independence and objectivity. Shareholders are asked to approve the appointment, and the Directors' responsibility for the remuneration, of the Auditor at each AGM. Any non-audit work, other than interim reviews, requires the specific approval of the Audit Committee in each case. Non-audit work, where independence may be compromised or conflicts arise, is prohibited. There are no contractual obligations which restrict the Committee's choice of auditor. The Committee concluded that Deloitte is independent of the Company and recommended that a Resolution for the re-appointment of Deloitte as Auditor should be put to the 2022 AGM.

The Audit Committee's performance evaluation is carried out by the Directors as part of the Board evaluation review.

#### Risk Committee

Under the recommendations of the AIFMD, the Company established a Risk Committee. The responsibilities of the Committee are:

- to keep under review the adequacy and effectiveness of the Manager's internal financial controls and internal control and risk management systems and procedures in the context of the Company's overall risk management system;
- to consider and approve the remit of the Manager's internal control function and be satisfied that it has adequate resources and appropriate access to information to enable it to perform its role effectively and in accordance with the relevant professional standards;
- to identify, measure, manage and monitor the risks to the Company as recommended by the AIFMD including, but not limited to, the investment portfolio, credit, counterparty, liquidity, market and operational risk;
- to review and monitor all reports on the Company from the Manager's internal control function, ensuring compliance with all VCT regulations;
- to review the arrangements for, and effectiveness of, the monitoring of risk parameters;
- to ensure appropriate, documented and regularly updated due diligence processes are implemented when appointing and reviewing service providers, including reviewing the main contracts entered into by the Company for such services;
- to ensure that the risk profile of the Company corresponds to the size, portfolio structure and investment strategies and objectives of the Company;
- to report to the Board on its conclusions and to make recommendations in respect of any matters within its remit including proposals for improvement in, or changes to, the systems, processes and procedures that are in place;

- to review and approve the statements to be included in the Annual Report concerning risk management;
- to review and monitor the Manager's responsiveness to the findings and recommendations of its internal control function;
- to meet with representatives of the Manager's internal control function at least once each year, to discuss any issues arising; and
- to allow direct access to representatives of the Manager's internal control function.

The Committee reviews the Terms of Reference at least once each year.

#### Activities of the Risk Committee

The Committee met four times during the year under review. In addition to the Committee's ordinary activities in that period, the Committee carried out a full and comprehensive review of the Company's risk register. This included a reassessment of the principal and emerging risks facing the Company, in particular the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, the impact of the failure to prevent an identified risk occurring together with a review of the control measures used to address the identified risks. The Committee also took the opportunity to ensure that the risk register adequately addressed new legislative and regulatory changes.

#### Internal Control and Risk Management

The Board of Directors of Maven Income and Growth VCT 5 PLC has overall responsibility for the Company's system of internal control and risk management and procedures, and for reviewing its effectiveness. However, as the Directors have delegated the investment management, company secretarial and administrative functions of the Company to the Manager, the Board considers that it is appropriate for the Company's internal controls to be monitored by the Manager, rather than by the Company itself. The principal responsibilities of the Committee include the ongoing review of the effectiveness of the internal control environment and the review of the risk management systems that allow the Company to identify, measure, manage and monitor all risks on a continuous basis. The Directors have confirmed that there is an ongoing process for identifying, evaluating and managing the principal and emerging risks faced by the Company, which has been in place up to the date of approval of this Annual Report. This process is reviewed regularly by the Board and accords with internal control guidance issued by the FRC.

Through the Risk Committee, the Board reviews the effectiveness, at least bi-annually, of the system of internal control and, in particular, it has reviewed the process for identifying and evaluating the principal and emerging risks affecting the Company and the policies and procedures by which these risks are managed. The Directors have delegated the management of the Company's assets to the Manager and this embraces implementation of the system of internal control, including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management. Internal control systems are monitored and supported by the compliance function of the Manager, which undertakes periodic examination of business processes, including compliance with the terms of the Management and Administration Deed, and ensures that recommendations to improve controls are implemented.

Risks are identified through the Company's risk management framework by each function within the Manager's activities. Risk is considered in the context of the guidance issued by the FRC and includes financial, regulatory, market, operational and reputational risk. This helps the Manager's risk model identify those functions most appropriate for review.

Any errors or weaknesses identified are reported to the Company and timetables are agreed for implementing improvements to systems. The implementation of any remedial action required is monitored and feedback provided to the Committee.

The key components designed to provide effective internal control for the year under review and up to the date of this report are:

- the Manager prepares forecasts and management accounts that allow the Board to assess the Company's activities and review its investment performance;
- the Board and Manager have agreed clearly defined investment criteria, specified levels of authority and exposure limits. Reports on these areas, including performance statistics and investment valuations, are submitted regularly to the Board;
- the Manager's evaluation procedure and financial analysis of the companies concerned include detailed appraisal and due diligence;
- the compliance function of the Manager reviews the Manager's operations, systems and controls on a regular basis;

- written agreements are in place which specifically define the roles and responsibilities of the Manager and other third party service providers;
- clearly documented contractual arrangements exist in respect of any activities that have been delegated to external professional organisations;
- the Committee carries out a bi-annual assessment of internal controls by considering reports from the Manager, including oversight of Maven's whistleblowing policy, its internal control and compliance functions; and taking account of events since the relevant period end; and
- the compliance function of the Manager reports biannually to the Risk Committee and has direct access to the Directors at any time.

The internal control systems are intended to meet the Company's particular needs and the risks to which it is exposed. Accordingly, these systems are designed to manage, rather than eliminate, the risk of failure to achieve business goals and, by their nature, can provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss.

#### Assessment of Risks

In terms of the assessment of the risks facing the Company, it is recognised that the portfolio forms a significant element of its assets and a key issue that requires the particular attention of the Committee is that unlisted holdings are recognised and measured in line with the Company's stated accounting policy. Another risk is that the Company does not recognise income in line with its stated policy on revenue recognition and/or incorrectly allocates dividend income between capital and revenue. In addition, as the Company has contractually delegated specific services to external parties, another risk relates to the performance of those service providers.

## Valuation, existence and ownership of the investment portfolio - how the risk was addressed

The Company uses the services of an independent custodian (JPMorgan Chase Bank) to hold the quoted investment assets of the Company. An annual internal control report is received from the Custodian, which provides details of the Custodian's control environment. The investment portfolio is reconciled regularly by the Manager and the reconciliation is also reviewed by the Independent Auditor. The portfolio is reviewed and verified by the Manager on a regular basis and management accounts, including a full portfolio listing, are prepared quarterly and considered at the quarterly meetings of the Board. The portfolio is also audited annually by the Independent Auditor.

The valuation of investments is undertaken in accordance with the Company's stated accounting policy as set out in Note 1(e) to the Financial Statements on page 82. Unlisted investments are valued by the Manager and are subject to scrutiny and approval by the Directors. Investments listed on a recognised stock exchange are valued at their bid market price.

The Committee considered and challenged the assumptions and significant judgements in relation to the valuation of each quoted and unquoted investment and was satisfied that they were appropriate. The Committee also satisfied itself that there were no issues associated with the existence and ownership of the investments that required to be addressed.

#### Revenue recognition - how the risk was addressed

The recognition of dividend income and loan stock interest is undertaken in accordance with the accounting policy as set out in Note 1(b) to the Financial Statements on page 81. The management accounts are reviewed by the Board on a quarterly basis and discussion takes place with the Manager at the quarterly Board Meetings regarding the revenue generated from dividend income and loan stock. The Directors are satisfied that the levels of income recognised are in line with revenue estimates. The Committee concluded that there were no issues associated with revenue recognition that required to be addressed.

### Maintenance of VCT status – how the risk was addressed

Compliance with the VCT regulations is monitored continually by the Manager and is reviewed by the Risk Committee on a quarterly basis. The Committee concluded that there were no issues associated with the maintenance of VCT status that required to be addressed.

The principal and emerging risks and uncertainties faced by the Company and the Board's strategy for managing these risks, are covered in the Business Report on pages 15 to 20.

Gordon Humphries Director

10 March 2022

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MAVEN INCOME AND GROWTH VCT 5 PLC

#### Report on the audit of the Financial Statements

#### 1. Opinion

In our opinion the Financial Statements of Maven Income and Growth VCT 5 PLC (the 'Company'):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 30 November 2021 and of its return for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting
  Practice, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the
  UK and Republic of Ireland"; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the Financial Statements which comprise:

- the Income Statement;
- the Balance Sheet;
- the Statement of Changes in Equity;
- · the Cash Flow Statement; and
- the related Notes 1 to 16.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

#### 2. Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Financial Statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the 'FRC's') Ethical Standard as applied to listed public interest entities, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We confirm that we have not provided any non-audit services prohibited by the FRC's Ethical Standard to the Company.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### 3. Summary of our audit approach

| Key audit matters                   | The key audit matter that we identified in the current year was the valuation of early stage unlisted investments.  Within this report, key audit matters are identified as follows:  Newly identified  Increased level of risk  Similar level of risk  Decreased level of risk |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Materiality                         | The materiality that we used in the current year was £1,375,000 (2020: £902,000), which was determined on the basis of 2% of the net asset value of the Company at year end.  |
| Scoping                             | Audit work to respond to the risks of material misstatement was performed directly by the engagement team.  |
| Significant changes in our approach | There were no significant changes to our audit approach in the current year.  |

#### 4. Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the Financial Statements, we have concluded that the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the Financial Statements is appropriate.

Our evaluation of the Directors' assessment of the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting included:

- Considering as part of our risk assessment the nature of the Company, its business model and related risks including where relevant the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and Brexit, the requirements of the applicable financial reporting framework and the system of internal control.
- Evaluating the Directors' assessment of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, including challenging the underlying data and key assumptions used to make the assessment through review of forecasted cash flows and the impact of external market forces, and evaluating the Directors' plans for future actions in relation to their going concern assessment.
- Assessing the relevant disclosures about whether the Directors considered it appropriate to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the Financial Statements are authorised for issue.

In relation to the reporting on how the Company has applied the UK Corporate Governance Code, we have nothing material to add or draw attention to in relation to the directors' statement in the Financial Statements about whether the directors considered it appropriate to adopt the going concern basis of accounting.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

#### 5. Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the Financial Statements of the current period and include the most significant assessed risks of material misstatement (whether or not due to fraud) that we identified. These matters included those which had the greatest effect on: the overall audit strategy, the allocation of resources in the audit; and directing the efforts of the engagement team.

These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Financial Statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

#### 5.1. Valuation of early stage unlisted investments



## Key audit matter description

Refer to Note 1(e) (Accounting Policies) on page 82, Note 8 on pages 86 and 87 and the Assessment of Risks section of the Report of the Audit and Risk Committees on page 68.

The Company holds unlisted investments that are valued in accordance with the revised IPEV Guidelines. These unlisted investments represent £29.1 million or 42.3% (2020: £20.9 million or 44.5%) of the Company's net assets.

Under the VCT regulations, investments are more likely to be in earlier stage unlisted companies, which lack financial performance history. The valuation of these early stage unlisted companies are, therefore, exposed to a greater deal of judgement, further heightened by the COVID-19 pandemic.

In particular, where a follow-on investment has been made in an early stage unlisted company, there is a risk that the price of the recent investment may not be reflective of an independent market value due to the existing relationship between the investee company and the Company. Furthermore, where the early stage unlisted company has not been revalued in the current year, there is a risk that indicators of a change in fair value, such as investee company performance being ahead or behind milestones, have not been adequately factored in the remeasurement.

This risk has been identified as a potential fraud risk, as incorrect valuations could result in a material misstatement of the net asset value of the Company.

## How the scope of our audit responded to the key audit matter

Our testing included:

- review of Board minutes for evidence that all investee company valuations are challenged and approved by the Board of Directors;
- review of valuation committee minutes for evidence that company valuations are reviewed by the valuation committee;
- review of the initial or revised investment planning documents related to the investee companies and identification of the key milestones that underpin the companies' anticipated growth and development;
- enquiring with the individual investment managers to understand current performance of the investee company against milestones, its challenges and opportunities;
- · assessing the appropriateness of the selected valuation methodology;
- scrutiny of management accounts, with a particular emphasis on current cash
  position and cash flow forecasts for the next 12 months and assessing whether
  any additional funding is anticipated; and
- assessment of the assumptions used in the performance of the investee company against management accounts and other available market data, including the potential impact of COVID-19. If this performance was not reflected in the valuation of the investee company, this was challenged with the relevant investment manager and relevant external supporting documentation obtained.

#### Key observations

Based on our testing, we concluded that the valuation of the early stage unlisted investments is reasonable.

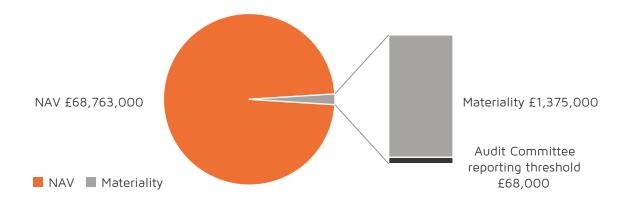
#### 6. Our application of materiality

#### 6.1. Materiality

We define materiality as the magnitude of misstatement in the Financial Statements that makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable person would be changed or influenced. We use materiality both in planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work.

Based on our professional judgement, we determined materiality for the Financial Statements as a whole as follows:

| Materiality                         | £1,375,000 (2020: £902,000)  |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Basis for determining materiality   | 2% of net asset value (2020: 2%).  |
| Rationale for the benchmark applied | Net asset value is the primary measure used by Shareholders in assessing the performance of the Company as an investment entity. |



#### 6.2. Performance materiality

We set performance materiality at a level lower than materiality to reduce the probability that, in aggregate, uncorrected and undetected misstatements exceed the materiality for the Financial Statements as a whole. Performance materiality was set at 70% of materiality for the 2021 audit (2020: 70%). In determining performance materiality, we considered the quality of the control environment and management's willingness to correct identified errors in previous audits.

#### 6.3. Error reporting threshold

We agreed with the Audit Committee that we would report to the Committee all audit differences in excess of £68,000 (2020: £45,000), as well as differences below that threshold that, in our view, warranted reporting on qualitative grounds. We also report to the Audit Committee on disclosure matters that we identified when assessing the overall presentation of the Financial Statements.

#### 7. An overview of the scope of our audit

#### 7.1. Scoping

Our audit was scoped by obtaining an understanding of the entity and its environment, including internal control, and assessing the risks of material misstatement.

#### 7.2. Our consideration of the control environment

The investment management and accounting and reporting operations were undertaken by the Manager, whilst the safeguarding of assets resides with the Manager and the Custodian. We have obtained an understanding of the Manager's systems of internal control and reviewed the Custodian's controls report. We have not relied on the controls at the Custodian. However, in the current year, we took a controls reliance strategy over investment income. This consisted of testing the relevant controls over the processing and review of investment income. In addition, we reperformed the calculation of investment income for a sample of investments.

#### 8. Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Directors are responsible for the other information contained within the Annual Report.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the Financial Statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### 9. Responsibilities of Directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the Financial Statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### 10. Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Auditor's Report.

#### 11. Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

#### 11.1. Identifying and assessing potential risks related to irregularities

In identifying and assessing risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we considered the following:

- the nature of the industry and sector, control environment and business performance including the design of the Company's remuneration policies, key drivers for Directors' remuneration, bonus levels and performance targets;
- results of our enquiries of management and the Audit Committee about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities;
- any matters we identified having obtained and reviewed the Company's documentation of their policies and procedures relating to:
  - identifying, evaluating and complying with laws and regulations and whether they were aware of any instances of non-compliance;
  - detecting and responding to the risks of fraud and whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected
    or alleged fraud;
  - the internal controls established to mitigate risks of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations;
- the matters discussed among the audit engagement team and relevant internal specialists, including tax and valuations regarding how and where fraud might occur in the Financial Statements and any potential indicators of fraud.

As a result of these procedures, we considered the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the organisation for fraud and identified the greatest potential for fraud in the following areas: valuation of early-stage unlisted investments. In common with all audits under ISAs (UK), we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override.

We also obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework that the Company operates in, focusing on provisions of those laws and regulations that had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the Financial Statements. The key laws and regulations we considered in this context included the UK Companies Act and Listing Rules.

In addition, we considered provisions of other laws and regulations that do not have a direct effect on the Financial Statements but compliance with which may be fundamental to the Company's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty. These included the Company's compliance with VCT regulations.

#### 11.2. Audit response to risks identified

As a result of performing the above, we identified the valuation of early-stage unlisted investments as a key audit matter related to the potential risk of fraud. The key audit matters section of our report explains the matter in more detail and also describes the specific procedures we performed in response to that key audit matter.

In addition to the above, our procedures to respond to risks identified included the following:

- reviewing the Financial Statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with provisions of relevant laws and regulations described as having a direct effect on the Financial Statements;
- enquiring of management, the Audit Committee and external legal counsel concerning actual and potential litigation and claims;
- performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud;

- reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance, and reviewing correspondence with HMRC and the FCA; and
- in addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, testing the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments; assessing whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias; and evaluating the business rationale of any significant transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of business.

We also communicated relevant identified laws and regulations and potential fraud risks to all engagement team members, including internal specialists, and remained alert to any indications of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations throughout the audit.

#### Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

#### 12. Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the part of the Directors' Remuneration Report to be audited has been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the Financial Statements are prepared is consistent with the Financial Statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the Strategic Report or the Directors' Report.

#### 13. Corporate Governance Statement

The Listing Rules require us to review the Directors' statement in relation to going concern, longer-term viability and that part of the Corporate Governance Statement relating to the Company's compliance with the provisions of the UK Corporate Governance Code specified for our review.

Based on the work undertaken as part of our audit, we have concluded that each of the following elements of the Corporate Governance Statement is materially consistent with the Financial Statements and our knowledge obtained during the audit:

- the Directors' statement with regards to the appropriateness of adopting the going concern basis of accounting and any material uncertainties identified set out on page 47;
- the Directors' explanation as to its assessment of the Company's prospects, the period this assessment covers and why the period is appropriate set out on pages 47 and 48;
- the Directors' statement on fair, balanced and understandable set out on page 64;
- the Board's confirmation that it has carried out a robust assessment of the emerging and principal risks set out on page 15;
- the section of the Annual Report that describes the review of effectiveness of risk management and internal control systems set out on page 67; and
- the section describing the work of the Audit Committee set out on pages 65 and 66.

#### 14. Matters on which we are required to report by exception

#### 14.1. Adequacy of explanations received and accounting records

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the Financial Statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

#### 14.2. Directors' remuneration

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are also required to report if in our opinion certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration have not been made or the part of the Directors' Remuneration Report to be audited is not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

#### 15. Other matters which we are required to address

#### 15.1. Auditor tenure

Following the recommendation of the Audit Committee, we were reappointed by the Board of Directors in September 2016 to audit the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 November 2016 and subsequent financial periods. The period of total uninterrupted engagement including previous renewals and reappointments of the firm is six years, covering the years ended 30 November 2016 to 30 November 2021.

#### 15.2. Consistency of the audit report with the additional report to the Audit Committee

Our audit opinion is consistent with the additional report to the Audit Committee we are required to provide in accordance with ISAs (UK).

#### 16. Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Chris Hunter CA (Senior statutory auditor) For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP Statutory Auditor Edinburgh, United Kingdom

10 March 2022

## **INCOME STATEMENT**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2021

|   | Notes | Revenue<br>£'000 |       | rear ended<br>mber 2021<br>Total<br>£'000 | Revenue<br>£'000 | Ye<br>30 Novemb<br>Capital<br>£'000 | ar ended<br>per 2020<br>Total<br>£'000 |
|---|-------|------------------|-------|---|------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Gains on investments                              | 8     | -                | 9,624 | 9,624                                     | -                | 1,442                               | 1,442                                  |
| Income from investments                           | 2     | 516              | -     | 516                                       | 473              | -                                   | 473                                    |
| Other income                                      | 2     | 3                | -     | 3   | 28               | -                                   | 28                                     |
| Investment management fees                        | 3     | (324)            | (972) | (1,296)                                   | (239)            | (718)                               | (957)                                  |
| Other expenses                                    | 4     | (415)            | -     | (415)                                     | (330)            | -                                   | (330)                                  |
| Net return on ordinary activities before taxation |       | (220)            | 8,652 | 8,432                                     | (68)             | 724                                 | 656                                    |
| Tax on ordinary activities                        | 5     | -                | -     | -   | 33               | (33)                                | -                                      |
| Return attributable to Equity Shareholders        |       | (220)            | 8,652 | 8,432                                     | (35)             | 691                                 | 656                                    |
| Earnings per share (pence)                        |       | (0.14)           | 5.38  | 5.24                                      | (0.03)           | 0.55                                | 0.52                                   |

All gains and losses are recognised in the Income Statement.

All items in the above statement are derived from continuing operations. The Company has only one class of business and one reportable segment, the results of which are set out in the Income Statement and Balance Sheet. The Company derives its income from investments made in shares, securities and bank deposits.

There are no potentially dilutive capital instruments in issue and, therefore, no diluted earnings per share figures are relevant. The basic and diluted earnings per share are, therefore, identical.

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2021

|                                       |       |                           | Non Distri                           | butable Reser                             | ves                                       | Distributable Reserves                  |  |                             |                |
|---------------------------------------|-------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|--|-----------------------------|----------------|
| Year ended<br>30 November 2021        | Notes | Share<br>capital<br>£'000 | Share<br>premium<br>account<br>£'000 | Capital<br>redemption<br>reserve<br>£'000 | Capital<br>reserve<br>unrealised<br>£'000 | Capital<br>reserve<br>realised<br>£'000 | Special<br>distributable<br>reserve<br>£'000 | Revenue<br>reserve<br>£'000 | Total<br>£′000 |
| At 30 November 2020                   |       | 12,405                    | 21                                   | 218                                       | (3,095)                                   | 1,734                                   | 35,087                                       | (1,234)                     | 45,136         |
| Net return                            |       | -                         | -                                    | -   | 9,638                                     | (14)                                    | (972)  | (220)                       | 8,432          |
| Dividends paid                        | 6     | -                         | -                                    | -   | -   | -                                       | (3,874)                                      | -                           | (3,874)        |
| Repurchase and cancellation of shares | 12    | (266)                     | -                                    | 266                                       | -   | -                                       | (933)  | -                           | (933)          |
| Net proceeds of share issue           |       | 5,381                     | 14,210                               | -   | -   | -                                       | -  | -                           | 19,591         |
| Net proceeds of DIS issue             |       | 115                       | 296                                  | -   | -   | -                                       | -  | -                           | 411            |
| At 30 November 2021                   |       | 17,635                    | 14,527                               | 484                                       | 6,543                                     | 1,720                                   | 29,308                                       | (1,454)                     | 68,763         |

|  |       |                           | Non Distrib                          | utable Reserv                             | es  | Dist                                    | ributable Reser                              | ves                         |                |
|--|-------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|--|-----------------------------|----------------|
| Year ended<br>30 November 2020             | Notes | Share<br>capital<br>£'000 | Share<br>premium<br>account<br>£'000 | Capital<br>redemption<br>reserve<br>£'000 | Capital<br>reserve<br>unrealised<br>£'000 | Capital<br>reserve<br>realised<br>£'000 | Special<br>distributable<br>reserve<br>£'000 | Revenue<br>reserve<br>£'000 | Total<br>£′000 |
| At 30 November 2019                        |       | 12,608                    | 23,180                               | 3,955                                     | (2,803)                                   | -                                       | 11,260                                       | (1,076)                     | 47,124         |
| Net return                                 |       | -                         | -                                    | -   | (292)                                     | 1,734                                   | (751)  | (35)                        | 656            |
| Cancellation of share premium account      |       | -                         | (23,180)                             | -   | -   | -                                       | 23,180                                       | -                           | -              |
| Cancellation of capital redemption reserve |       | -                         | -                                    | (3,955)                                   | -   | -                                       | 3,955  | -                           | -              |
| Share premium cancellation cost            | S     | -                         | (10)                                 | -   | -   | -                                       | -  | -                           | (10)           |
| Dividends paid                             | 6     | -                         | -                                    | -   | -   | -                                       | (1,882)                                      | (123)                       | (2,005)        |
| Repurchase and cancellation of shares      | 12    | (218)                     | -                                    | 218                                       | -   | -                                       | (675)  | -                           | (675)          |
| Net proceeds of DIS issue                  |       | 15                        | 31                                   | -   | -   | -                                       | -  | -                           | 46             |
| At 30 November 2020                        |       | 12,405                    | 21                                   | 218                                       | (3,095)                                   | 1,734                                   | 35,087                                       | (1,234)                     | 45,136         |

The capital reserve unrealised is generally non-distributable other than the part of the reserve relating to gains/(losses) attributable to readily realisable quoted investments that are distributable.

## **BALANCE SHEET**

#### AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2021

|  | Notes | 30 November 2021<br>£'000 | 30 November 2020<br>£′000 |
|--|-------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Fixed assets                                     |       |                           |                           |
| Investments at fair value through profit or loss | 8     | 46,313                    | 33,821                    |
|  |       |                           |                           |
| Current assets                                   |       |                           |                           |
| Debtors  | 10    | 436                       | 242                       |
| Cash   | 16    | 22,434                    | 11,543                    |
|  |       | 22,870                    | 11,785                    |
| Creditors  |       |                           |                           |
| Amounts falling due within one year              | 11    | (420)                     | (470)                     |
| Net current assets                               |       | 22,450                    | 11,315                    |
| Net assets                                       |       | 68,763                    | 45,136                    |
|  |       |                           |                           |
| Capital and reserves                             |       |                           |                           |
| Called up share capital                          | 12    | 17,635                    | 12,405                    |
| Share premium account                            | 13    | 14,527                    | 21                        |
| Capital redemption reserve                       | 13    | 484                       | 218                       |
| Capital reserve - unrealised                     | 13    | 6,543                     | (3,095)                   |
| Capital reserve - realised                       | 13    | 1,720                     | 1,734                     |
| Special distributable reserve                    | 13    | 29,308                    | 35,087                    |
| Revenue reserve                                  | 13    | (1,454)                   | (1,234)                   |
| Net assets attributable to Ordinary Shareholders |       | 68,763                    | 45,136                    |
| Net asset value per Ordinary Share (pence)       | 14    | 38.99                     | 36.38                     |

The Financial Statements of Maven Income and Growth VCT 5 PLC, registered number 4084875, were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 10 March 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:

Graham Miller Director

10 March 2022

# **CASH FLOW STATEMENT**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2021

|  | Notes | Year ended<br>30 November 2021<br>£'000 | Year ended<br>30 November 2020<br>£′000 |
|--|-------|---|---|
| Net cash flows from operating activities | 15    | (1,042)                                 | (720)                                   |
|  | .5    | (.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | (>==)                                   |
| Cash flows from investing activities     |       |   |   |
| Purchase of investments                  |       | (8,067)                                 | (7,196)                                 |
| Sale of investments                      |       | 4,885                                   | 3,549                                   |
| Net cash flows from investing activities |       | (3,182)                                 | (3,647)                                 |
|  |       |   |   |
| Cash flows from financing activities     |       |   |   |
| Equity dividends paid                    | 6     | (3,874)                                 | (2,005)                                 |
| Issue of Ordinary Shares                 |       | 20,002                                  | 46                                      |
| Share premium cancellation costs         |       | -                                       | (10)                                    |
| Repurchase of Ordinary Shares            |       | (1,013)                                 | (769)                                   |
| Net cash flows from financing activities |       | 15,115                                  | (2,738)                                 |
|  |       |   |   |
| Net increase/(decrease) in cash          |       | 10,891                                  | (7,105)                                 |
|  |       |   |   |
| Cash at beginning of year                |       | 11,543                                  | 18,648                                  |
| Cash at end of year                      |       | 22,434                                  | 11,543                                  |

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2021

#### 1. Accounting Policies

The Company is a public limited company, incorporated in England and Wales and its registered office is shown in the Corporate Summary.

#### (a) Basis of preparation

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, including an assessment of the impact of COVID-19 on the finances of the Company, as covered in the Directors' Report on page 47. The Financial Statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of investments and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland, and in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice for Investment Trust Companies and Venture Capital Trusts (the SORP) issued by the AIC in April 2021.

#### (b) Income

Dividends receivable on equity shares and unit trusts are treated as revenue for the period on an ex-dividend basis. Where no ex-dividend date is available dividends receivable on or before the year end are treated as revenue for the period. Provision is made for any dividends not expected to be received. The fixed returns on debt securities and non-equity shares are recognised on a time apportionment basis so as to reflect the effective interest rate on the debt securities and shares. Provision is made for any fixed income not expected to be received. Interest receivable from cash and short term deposits and interest payable are accrued to the end of the year.

#### (c) Expenses

All expenses are accounted for on an accruals basis and charged to the Income Statement. Expenses are charged through the revenue account except as follows:

 expenses which are incidental to the acquisition and disposal of an investment are charged to capital; and  expenses are charged to the special distributable reserve where a connection with the maintenance or enhancement of the value of the investments can be demonstrated. In this respect, the investment management fee and performance fee have been allocated 25% to revenue and 75% to the special distributable reserve to reflect the Company's investment policy and prospective income and capital growth.

#### (d) Taxation

Deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date, where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. This is subject to deferred tax assets only being recognised if it is considered more likely than not that there will be suitable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Timing differences are differences arising between the Company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the Financial Statements which are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods.

Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

The tax effect of different items of income/gain and expenditure/loss is allocated between capital reserves and revenue account on the same basis as the particular item to which it relates using the Company's effective rate of tax for the period.

UK corporation tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid/recovered using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

#### (e) Investments

In valuing unlisted investments the Directors follow the criteria set out below. These procedures comply with the revised IPEV Guidelines for the valuation of private equity and venture capital investments. Investments are recognised at their trade date and are designated by the Directors as fair value through profit and loss. At subsequent reporting dates, investments are valued at fair value, which represents the Directors' view of the amount for which an asset could be exchanged between knowledgeable and willing parties in an arm's length transaction. This does not assume that the underlying business is saleable at the reporting date or that its current shareholders have an intention to sell their holding in the near future.

A financial asset or liability is generally derecognised when the contract that gives rise to it is settled, sold, cancelled or expires.

- For early stage investments completed in the reporting period, fair value is determined using the price of recent investment, calibrating for any material change in the trading circumstances of the investee company.
  - Other early stage investments are valued using a milestone approach, in particular where it is considered there are no deemed current or short-term future maintainable earnings or positive cashflows.
- 2. Whenever practical, recent investments will be valued by reference to a material arm's length transaction or a quoted price.
- Mature companies are valued by applying a multiple to their maintainable earnings to determine the enterprise value of the company.
  - To obtain a valuation of the total ordinary share capital held by management and the institutional investors, the value of third party debt, institutional loan stock, debentures and preference share capital is deducted from the enterprise value. The effect of any performance related mechanisms is taken into account when determining the value of the ordinary share capital.
- 4. In the absence of evidence of a deterioration, or strong defensible evidence of an increase in value, the fair value is determined to be that reported at the previous balance sheet date.
- All unlisted investments are valued individually by the portfolio management team of Maven. The resultant valuations are subject to detailed scrutiny and approval by the Directors of the Company.
- 6. In accordance with normal market practice, investments quoted on AIM or a recognised stock exchange are valued at their bid market price.

#### (f) Fair value measurement

Fair value is defined as the price that the Company would receive upon selling an investment in a timely transaction to an independent buyer in the principal or the most advantageous market of the investment. A three-tier hierarchy has been established to maximise the use of observable market data and minimise the use of unobservable inputs and to establish classification of fair value measurements for disclosure purposes. Inputs refer broadly to the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risk, for example, the risk inherent in a particular valuation technique used to measure fair value including such a pricing model and/or the risk inherent in the inputs to the valuation technique. Inputs may be observable or unobservable.

Observable inputs are inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity.

Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on best information available in the circumstances.

The three-tier hierarchy of inputs is summarised in the three broad levels listed below.

- Level 1 the unadjusted quoted price in an active market for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable (i.e. developed using market data) for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable (i.e. for which market data is unavailable) for the asset or liability.

#### (g) Gains and losses on investments

When the Company sells or revalues its investments during the year, any gains or losses arising are credited/charged to the Income Statement.

## (h) Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Disclosure is required of judgements and estimates made by the Board and the Manager in applying the accounting policies that have a significant effect on the financial statements. The area involving the highest degree of judgement and estimates is the valuation of early stage unlisted investments recognised in Note 8 and explained in Note 1(e) above.

In the opinion of the Board and the Manager, there are no critical accounting judgements.

| 3. Investment management fees | Year ended       | d 30 Novem       | ber 2021       | Year ended 30 November 2 |                  |                |
|-------------------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|--------------------------|------------------|----------------|
|                               | Revenue<br>£'000 | Capital<br>£'000 | Total<br>£'000 | Revenue<br>£'000         | Capital<br>£'000 | Total<br>£'000 |
|                               | 2 000            | 2 000            | ~ 000          | 2 000                    | ~ 000            | ~ 000          |
| Investment management fees    | 253              | 761              | 1,014          | 190                      | 572              | 762            |
| Performance management fees   | 71               | 211              | 282            | 49                       | 146              | 195            |
|                               | 324              | 972              | 1,296          | 239                      | 718              | 957            |

Details of the fee basis are contained in the Directors' Report on pages 49 and 50.

| 4. Other expenses                               | Year ended       | d 30 Novem       | ber 2021       | Year ended 30 November 2020 |                  |                |  |
|---|------------------|------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|------------------|----------------|--|
|   | Revenue<br>£'000 | Capital<br>£'000 | Total<br>£'000 | Revenue<br>£'000            | Capital<br>£'000 | Total<br>£'000 |  |
| Secretarial fees                                | 89               | -                | 89             | 88                          | -                | 88             |  |
| Directors' remuneration                         | 66               | -                | 66             | 74                          | -                | 74             |  |
| Fees to Auditor - audit of financial statements | 36               | -                | 36             | 27                          | -                | 27             |  |
| Miscellaneous expenses                          | 224              | -                | 224            | 141                         | -                | 141            |  |
|   | 415              | -                | 415            | 330                         | -                | 330            |  |

| 5. Tax on ordinary activities | Year ended | 30 Novem | ber 2021 | Year ended 30 November 202 |         |       |
|-------------------------------|------------|----------|----------|----------------------------|---------|-------|
|                               | Revenue    | Capital  | Total    | Revenue                    | Capital | Total |
|                               | £′000      | £′000    | £′000    | £′000                      | £′000   | £′000 |
| Corporation tax               | -          | -        | -        | (33)                       | 33      | -     |

The tax assessed for the period is at the rate of 19% (2020: 19%).

|  | Year ended       | 30 Novem         | ber 2021       | Year ended       | 30 Novemb        | er 2020        |
|--|------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|
|  | Revenue<br>£'000 | Capital<br>£'000 | Total<br>£'000 | Revenue<br>£'000 | Capital<br>£'000 | Total<br>£'000 |
| Net return on ordinary activities before taxation  | (220)            | 8,652            | 8,432          | (68)             | 724              | 656            |
| Net return on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax | (42)             | 1,644            | 1,602          | (13)             | 138              | 125            |
| Non taxable UK dividend income   | (24)             | -                | (24)           | (20)             | -                | (20)           |
| Gains on investments   | -                | (1,829)          | (1,829)        | -                | (274)            | (274)          |
| Increase in excess management expenses   | 66               | 185              | 251            | -                | 169              | 169            |
|  | -                | -                | -              | (33)             | 33               | -              |

Losses with a tax value of £2,098,830 (2020: £1,863,488) are available to carry forward against future trading profits. These have not been recognised as a deferred tax asset as recoverability is not sufficiently certain.

| 6. Dividends  | Year ended 30 November 2021 | Year ended 30 November 2020<br>£'000 |
|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Revenue dividends   | 2 000                       | 2000                                 |
|   |                             |                                      |
| Final revenue dividend for the year ended 30 November 2020 of Nil (2019: 0.10p)                   | -                           | 123                                  |
|   | -                           | 123                                  |
| Capital dividends   |                             |                                      |
| Final capital dividend for the year ended   |                             |                                      |
| 30 November 2020 of 1.10p paid on   | 1.026                       | 1 250                                |
| 7 May 2021 (2019: 1.00p)  | 1,926                       | 1,258                                |
| First interim capital dividend for the year   |                             |                                      |
| ended 30 November 2021 of 0.60p paid on   | 1.064                       | 624                                  |
| 10 September 2021 (2020: 0.50p)   | 1,064                       | 624                                  |
| Second interim capital dividend for the year  |                             |                                      |
| ended 30 November 2021 of 0.50p paid on   | 004                         |                                      |
| 26 November 2021 (2020: Nil)  | 884                         | -                                    |
|   | 3,874                       | 1,882                                |
|   |                             |                                      |
| Total dividends   | 3,874                       | 2,005                                |
|   |                             |                                      |
| We set out below the final dividends proposed in respect of the financial year, which reflect the |                             |                                      |
| requirements of Section 274 of the Income Tax   |                             |                                      |
| Act 2007.   |                             |                                      |
| Revenue available for distribution by way of  | -                           | _                                    |
| dividends for the year  |                             |                                      |
| Capital dividends   |                             |                                      |
| Final capital dividend proposed for the   |                             |                                      |
| year ended 30 November 2021 of 1.00p<br>payable on 4 May 2022 (2020: 1.10p)                       | 1,764                       | 1,365                                |
|   |                             | 1,365                                |
|   | 1,764                       | 1,303                                |

| 7. Return per Ordinary Share                                    | Year ended<br>30 November 2021 | Year ended<br>30 November 2020 |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| The returns per share have been based on the following figures: |                                |                                |
| Weighted average number of Ordinary Shares                      | 160,814,292                    | 125,305,497                    |
| Revenue return  | (£220,000)                     | (£35,000)                      |
| Capital return  | £8,652,000                     | £691,000                       |
| Total return  | £8,432,000                     | £656,000                       |

| 8. Investments                |                                       | Year ended 30 N                         |   |                |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---|----------------|
|                               | Listed<br>(quoted<br>prices)<br>£'000 | AIM/AQSE<br>(quoted<br>prices)<br>£'000 | Unlisted<br>(unobservable<br>inputs)<br>£'000 | Total<br>£'000 |
| Valuation at 30 November 2020 | 2,648                                 | 10,251                                  | 20,922  | 33,821         |
| Unrealised (gain)/loss        | (258)                                 | (155)                                   | 3,508   | 3,095          |
| Cost at 30 November 2020      | 2,390                                 | 10,096                                  | 24,430  | 36,916         |
|                               |                                       |   |   |                |
| Movements during the year:    |                                       |   |   |                |
| Transfers during the year     | -                                     | 200                                     | (200)   | -              |
| Purchases                     | -                                     | 2,080                                   | 5,837   | 7,917          |
| Sales                         | -                                     | (3,162)                                 | (1,887)                                       | (5,049)        |
| Realised gain/(loss)          | -                                     | 2,462                                   | (2,476)                                       | (14)           |
| Cost at 30 November 2021      | 2,390                                 | 11,676                                  | 25,704  | 39,770         |
| Unrealised gain               | 1,201                                 | 1,953                                   | 3,389   | 6,543          |
| Valuation at 30 November 2021 | 3,591                                 | 13,629                                  | 29,093  | 46,313         |

Note 1(f) defines the three tier hierarchy of investments, and the significance of the information used to determine their fair value, that is required by Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 11 "Basic Financial Instruments". Listed and AIM/ AQSE quoted securities are categorised as Level 1 and unlisted investments as Level 3.

FRS 102 requires disclosure, by class of financial instrument, if the effect of changing one or more inputs to reasonably possible alternative assumptions would result in a significant change to the fair value measurement (see Note 16 for sensitivity analysis). The information used in determination of the fair value of Level 3 to the specific underlying investments is chosen with reference to the circumstances and position of each investee company.

Following a successful IPO, GENinCode Plc which was an unlisted equity holding, transferred to the AIM during the year.

### 8. Investments (continued)

| The Portfolio Valuation<br>Held at market valuation | 30 November 2021<br>£'000 | 30 November 2020<br>£'000 |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Investment trusts                                   | 3,591                     | 2,648                     |
| AIM/AQSE quoted equities                            | 13,629                    | 10,251                    |
|   | 17,220                    | 12,899                    |
| Unlisted at Directors' valuation:                   |                           |                           |
| Unquoted unobservable equities                      | 23,933                    | 16,365                    |
| Unquoted unobservable fixed income                  | 5,160                     | 4,557                     |
|   | 29,093                    | 20,922                    |
|   |                           |                           |
| Total   | 46,313                    | 33,821                    |
|   |                           |                           |
| Realised (loss)/gain on historical basis            | (14)                      | 1,734                     |
| Net increase/(decrease) in value of investments     | 9,638                     | (292)                     |
| Gains on investments                                | 9,624                     | 1,442                     |

#### 9. Participating interests

The principal activity of the Company is to select and hold a portfolio of investments in listed and unlisted securities. Although the Company will, in some cases, be represented on the board of the investee company, it will not take a controlling interest or become involved in the management. The size and structure of companies with unlisted securities may result in certain holdings in the portfolio representing a participating interest without there being any partnership, joint venture or management consortium agreement.

At 30 November 2021, the Company held shares amounting to 20% or more of the share class of the following undertakings.

| Investment  | % of<br>class<br>held | % of<br>equity<br>held | Total<br>cost<br>£'000 | Carrying<br>value<br>£'000 | Latest<br>accounts<br>period<br>end | Aggregate<br>capital &<br>reserves<br>£'000 | Profit/<br>(loss)<br>after tax<br>for year<br>£'000 |
|---|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|
| Atterley.com Holdings Limited                               |                       |                        |                        |                            |                                     |   |   |
| 236,013 C Ordinary shares                                   | 24.1                  | 7.6                    | 613                    | 613                        | 31/12/20                            | 2,504                                       | -   |
| Cardinality Limited   |                       |                        |                        |                            |                                     |   |   |
| 56,535 A Ordinary shares                                    | 31.8                  | 7.9                    | 796                    | 796                        | 30/06/20                            | 33  | 680   |
| Delio Limited   |                       |                        |                        |                            |                                     |   |   |
| 470 C Ordinary shares                                       | 20.0                  | 3.6                    | 400                    | 920                        | 31/03/21                            | 3,105                                       | -   |
| eSales Hub Limited  |                       |                        |                        |                            |                                     |   |   |
| 249 C2 Ordinary Shares                                      | 50.0                  | 1.7                    | 150                    | 150                        | 30/06/20                            | 84  | 28  |
| Enpal Limited<br>(trading as Guru Systems)                  |                       |                        |                        |                            |                                     |   |   |
| 65,050 C Ordinary shares                                    | 34.8                  | 7.5                    | 697                    | 697                        | 31/12/20                            | 172   | (2)   |
| FodaBox Limited   |                       |                        |                        |                            |                                     |   |   |
| 23,981 A Ordinary Shares                                    | 39.8                  | 4.3                    | 597                    | 597                        | 31/03/21                            | 246   | (613)   |
| GradTouch Limited   |                       |                        |                        |                            |                                     |   |   |
| 59,259 DD Ordinary Shares                                   | 50.0                  | 6.2                    | 167                    | 167                        | 31/12/20                            | 96  | (775)   |
| 177,778 D Ordinary Shares                                   | 28.6                  |                        | 400                    | 400                        |                                     |   |   |
| Horizon Technologies<br>Consultants Limited                 |                       |                        |                        |                            |                                     |   |   |
| 33,114 B Ordinary Shares                                    | 31.8                  | 5.5                    | 796                    | 796                        | 31/12/20                            | 1,993                                       | 1,746   |
| MirrorWeb Limited   |                       |                        |                        |                            |                                     |   |   |
| 957 E2 Ordinary Shares                                      | 26.5                  | 5.3                    | 650                    | 806                        | 31/10/20                            | 990   | (431)   |
| Optoscribe Limited  | 40.0                  | 2.4                    | 475                    | 204                        | 20/06/24                            | 2.505                                       | (4,054)   |
| 16,702 A1 Ordinary Shares                                   | 40.0                  | 2.1                    | 175                    | 284                        | 30/06/21                            | 2,585                                       | (1,064)   |
| Rico Developments Limited (trading as Adimo)                |                       |                        |                        |                            |                                     |   |   |
| 241,666 B Ordinary Shares                                   | 28.2                  | 3.3                    | 435                    | 435                        | 30/11/20                            | 153   | (193)   |
| The GP Service (UK) Limited<br>393,792 C Ordinary Shares    | 20.0                  | 10.3                   | 394                    | 394                        | 31/01/21                            | (1,980)                                     | (994)   |
| <b>Traceall Global Limited</b><br>110,320 B Ordinary Shares | 39.5                  | _                      | 197                    |                            | 31/12/20                            | (129)                                       | (29)  |
|   | JJ.J                  |                        | 137                    |                            | J 1/ 1Z/ ZU                         | (123)                                       | (23)  |

Details of equity percentages held are shown in the Investment Portfolio Summary on pages 43 to 46.

| 10. Debtors                    | 30 November 2021<br>£'000 | 30 November 2020<br>£'000 |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Prepayments and accrued income | 207                       | 177                       |
| Other debtors                  | 229                       | 65                        |
|                                | 436                       | 242                       |

| 11. Creditors   | 30 November 2021<br>£'000 | 30 November 2020<br>£′000 |
|-----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Accruals        | 420                       | 240                       |
| Other creditors | -                         | 230                       |
|                 | 420                       | 470                       |

| 12. Share capital   | 30 N        | lovember 2021 | 3           | 0 November 2020 |
|---|-------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|
|   | Number      | £′000         | Number      | £′000           |
| At 30 November the authorised share capital comprised:          |             |               |             |                 |
| Allotted, issued and fully paid<br>Ordinary Shares of 10p each: |             |               |             |                 |
| Balance brought forward   | 124,055,920 | 12,405        | 126,086,158 | 12,608          |
| Ordinary Shares repurchased during the year                     | (2,657,880) | (266)         | (2,179,028) | (218)           |
| Ordinary Shares issued during the year                          | 54,963,656  | 5,496         | 148,790     | 15              |
| Balance carried forward   | 176,361,696 | 17,635        | 124,055,920 | 12,405          |

During the year, 2,657,880 Ordinary Shares (2020: 2,179,028) were bought back in the market by the Company at a total cost of £933,446 (2020: £674,552) and cancelled.

Subsequent to the year end, the Company bought back 887,364 shares for cancellation at a cost of £328,325.

During the year, the Company issued 53,810,605 shares (2020: Nil) pursuant to an Offer for Subscription at Subscription Prices ranging from 36.38p to 38.34p per share (2020: Nil).

Also during the year, the Company issued 1,153,051 shares (2020: 148,790) under a DIS election at prices ranging between 39.16p and 37.94p per share (2020: 34.34p).

#### 13. Reserves

#### Share premium account

The share premium account represents the premium above nominal value received by the Company on issuing shares net of issue costs. This reserve is non-distributable.

#### Capital redemption reserve

The nominal value of shares repurchased and cancelled is represented in the capital redemption reserve. This reserve is non-distributable.

#### Capital reserve - unrealised

Increases and decreases in the fair value of investments are recognised in the Income Statement and are then transferred to the capital reserve unrealised account. This reserve is non-distributable.

#### Capital reserve - realised

Gains or losses on investments realised in the year that have been recognised in the Income Statement are transferred to the capital reserve realised account on disposal. Furthermore, any prior unrealised gains or losses on such investments are transferred from the capital reserve unrealised account to the capital reserve realised account on disposal. This reserve is distributable.

#### Special distributable reserve

The total cost to the Company of the repurchase and cancellation of shares is represented in the special distributable reserve account. The special distributable reserve also represents capital dividends, capital investment management fees and the tax effect of capital items. This reserve is distributable.

#### Revenue reserve

The revenue reserve represents accumulated profits retained by the Company that have not been distributed to Shareholders as a dividend. This reserve is distributable.

The net asset value per Ordinary Share and the net asset value attributable to the Ordinary Shares at the year end, calculated in accordance with the Articles of Association were as follows:

|                 | 30                                   | November 2021                               | 30                                   | November 2020                               |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|---|
|                 | Net asset<br>value per<br>share<br>P | Net asset<br>value<br>attributable<br>£'000 | Net asset<br>value per<br>share<br>p | Net asset<br>value<br>attributable<br>£'000 |
| Ordinary Shares | 38.99                                | 68,763                                      | 36.38                                | 45,136                                      |

The number of Ordinary Shares used in this calculation is set out in Note 12.

| 15. Reconciliation of net return to cash utilised by operations | Year ended<br>30 November 2021<br>£'000 | Year ended<br>30 November 2020<br>£'000 |
|---|---|---|
| Net return  | 8,432                                   | 656                                     |
| Adjustment for:   |   |   |
| Gains on investments  | (9,624)                                 | (1,442)                                 |
| Operating cash flow before movement in working capital          | (1,192)                                 | (786)                                   |
| Increase in prepayments   | (4)                                     | -                                       |
| Increase in accruals  | 180                                     | 49                                      |
| (Increase)/decrease in debtors                                  | (26)                                    | 17                                      |
| Cash utilised by operations                                     | (1,042)                                 | (720)                                   |

#### 16. Financial instruments

The Company's financial instruments comprise equity and fixed interest investments, cash balances and debtors and creditors that arise directly from its operations, for example, in respect of sales and purchases awaiting settlement, and debtors for accrued income. The Company holds financial assets in accordance with its investment policy of investing mainly in a portfolio of VCT qualifying unquoted and AIM quoted securities. The Company may not enter into derivative transactions in the form of forward foreign currency contracts, futures and options without the written permission of the Directors. No derivative transactions were entered into during the period.

The main risks the Company faces from its financial instruments are (i) market price risk, being the risk that the value of investment holdings will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices caused by factors other than interest rates, (ii) interest rate risk, (iii) liquidity risk, (iv) credit risk and (v) price risk sensitivity. In line with the Company's investment objective, the portfolio comprises mainly sterling currency securities and therefore foreign currency risk is minimal.

The Manager's policies for managing these risks are summarised below and have been applied throughout the year The numerical disclosures below exclude short term debtors and creditors which are included in the Balance Sheet at fair value.

#### (i) Market price risk

The Company's investment portfolio is exposed to market price fluctuations, which are monitored by the Manager in pursuance of the investment objective as set out on page 15. Adherence to investment guidelines and to investment and borrowing powers set out in the management agreement mitigates the risk of excessive exposure to any particular type of security or issuer. These powers and guidelines include the requirement to invest across a range of industrial and service sectors at varying stages of development, to closely monitor the progress of the investee companies and to appoint a non-executive director to the board of each company. Further information on the investment portfolio (including sector concentration and deal type analysis) is set out in the Portfolio Analysis, Investment Manager's Review, Summary of Investment Changes, Investment Portfolio Summary and Largest Investments by valuation.

#### (ii) Interest rate risk

Some of the Company's financial assets are interest bearing, some of which are at fixed rates and some at variable. As a result, the Company is subject to exposure to fair value interest rate risk due to fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates.

The interest rate risk profile of financial assets at the balance sheet date was as follows:

| At 30 November 2021   | Fixed<br>interest<br>£'000 | Floating<br>rate<br>£′000 | Non-interest<br>bearing<br>£'000 |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Sterling:             |                            |                           |                                  |
| Unlisted and AIM/AQSE | 5,160                      | -                         | 37,562                           |
| Investment trusts     | -                          | -                         | 3,591                            |
| Cash                  | -                          | 9,917                     | 12,517                           |
|                       | 5,160                      | 9,917                     | 53,670                           |

| At 30 November 2020   | Fixed<br>interest<br>£'000 | Floating<br>rate<br>£′000 | Non-interest<br>bearing<br>£'000 |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Sterling:             |                            |                           |                                  |
| Unlisted and AIM/AQSE | 4,557                      | -                         | 26,616                           |
| Investment trusts     | -                          | -                         | 2,648                            |
| Cash                  | -                          | 6,592                     | 4,951                            |
|                       | 4,557                      | 6,592                     | 34,215                           |

#### 16. Financial instruments (continued)

The unlisted fixed interest assets have a weighted average life of 0.84 years (2020: 1.29 years) and a weighted average interest rate of 10.45% (2020: 10.70%). The floating rate assets consist of cash. These assets are earning interest at prevailing money market rates. The non-interest bearing assets represent the equity element of the portfolio. All assets and liabilities of the Company are included in the Balance Sheet at fair value.

The floating rate investments only comprise cash held on interest bearing deposit accounts. The benchmark rate which determines the rate of interest receivable on cash is the bank base rate which was 0.10% at 30 November 2021 (2020: 0.10%).

A 0.25% increase or decrease in the base rate would mean an increase or decrease of interest received in the year of £24,793 (2020: £16,481). The impact of a change of 0.25% has been selected as this is considered reasonable given the current level of the Bank of England base rates and market expectations for future movement.

#### Maturity profile

The maturity profile of the Company's financial assets at the balance sheet date was as follows:

| At 30 November 2021 | Within<br>1 year<br>£'000 | Within<br>1-2 years<br>£'000 | Within<br>2-3 years<br>£'000 | Within<br>3-4 years<br>£'000 | Within<br>4-5 years<br>£'000 | Total<br>£′000 |
|---------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|
| Unlisted            | 4,290                     | 73                           | -                            | 797                          | -                            | 5,160          |
|                     | 4,290                     | 73                           | -                            | 797                          | -                            | 5,160          |

| At 30 November 2020 | Within<br>1 year<br>£'000 | Within<br>1-2 years<br>£'000 | Within<br>2-3 years<br>£'000 | Within<br>3-4 years<br>£'000 | Within<br>4-5 years<br>£'000 | Total<br>£'000 |
|---------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|
| Unlisted            | 3,110                     | 776                          | 73                           | 38                           | 560                          | 4,557          |
|                     | 3,110                     | 776                          | 73                           | 38                           | 560                          | 4,557          |

#### (iii) Liquidity risk

Due to their nature, unlisted investments may not be readily realisable and therefore a portfolio of listed assets and cash is held to offset this liquidity risk. Note 8 details the three-tier hierarchy of inputs used as at 30 November 2021 in valuing the Company's investments carried at fair value.

The Company, generally, does not hold significant cash balances and any cash held is with reputable banks with high quality external credit ratings.

#### (iv) Credit risk

This is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Company.

The Company's financial assets exposed to credit risk amounted to the following:

|   | 30 November 2021<br>£'000 | 30 November 2020<br>£'000 |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Investments in unlisted debt securities | 5,160                     | 4,557                     |
| Investment trusts                       | 3,591                     | 2,648                     |
| Cash                                    | 22,434                    | 11,543                    |
|   | 31,185                    | 18,748                    |

#### 16. Financial instruments (continued)

All assets which are traded on a recognised exchange are held by JPMorgan, the company's custodian. Cash balances are held by Barclays Bank, JPMorgan, RBSI and Virgin Money. Should the credit quality or the financial position of any of these institutions deteriorate significantly the Manager will move these assets to another financial institution.

The Manager evaluates credit risk on unlisted debt securities and financial commitments and guarantees prior to investment, and as part of the ongoing monitoring of investments. In doing this, it takes into account the extent and quality of any security held. Typically, unlisted debt securities have a fixed charge over the assets of the investee company in order to mitigate the gross credit risk. The Manager receives management accounts from investee companies, and members of the investment management team sit on the boards of investee companies; this enables the close identification, monitoring and management of investment specific credit risk.

There were no significant concentrations of credit risk to counterparties at 30 November 2021 or 30 November 2020.

#### (v) Price risk sensitivity

The following details the Company's sensitivity to a 10% increase or decrease in the market prices of AIM/AQSE quoted securities, with 10% being the Manager's assessment of a reasonable possible change in market prices.

At 30 November 2021, if market prices of AIM/AQSE quoted securities had been 10% higher or lower and with all other variables held constant, the increase or decrease in net assets attributable to Ordinary Shareholders for the year would have been £1,362,900 (2020: £1,025,100) due to the change on valuation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

At 30 November 2021, if prices of unlisted securities had been 10% higher or lower with all other variables held constant, the increase or decrease in net assets attributable to Ordinary Shareholders for the year would have been £2,909,300 (2020: £2,092,200) due to the change on valuation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

At 30 November 2021, 42.3% (2020: 46.4%) of the Company's net assets comprised investments in unlisted securities held at fair value. The valuation of unlisted securities reflect a number of factors, including the performance of the investee company itself and the wider market and any uncertainty surrounding the implications of the UK's departure from the EU and uncertainties associated with COVID-19.

## NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of Maven Income and Growth VCT 5 PLC (the Company: Registered in England and Wales with registered number 4084875) will be held at 11.30am on Tuesday, 26 April 2022 at the offices of Maven Capital Partners UK LLP, Fifth Floor, 1-2 Royal Exchange Buildings, London EC3V 3LF, for the purposes of considering and, if thought fit, passing the following Resolutions:

#### **Ordinary Resolutions**

- 1. To receive the Directors' Report and audited Financial Statements for the year ended 30 November 2021.
- 2. To approve the Directors' Remuneration Report for the year ended 30 November 2021.
- 3. To approve a final dividend in respect of the year ended 30 November 2021 of 1.00p per Ordinary Share of 10p each in the capital of the Company (Ordinary Shares) for payment on 4 May 2022 to Shareholders on the register at the close of business on 1 April 2022.
- 4. To re-elect Graham Miller as a Director.
- 5. To re-elect Gordon Humphries as a Director.
- 6. To re-elect Charles Young as a Director.
- 7. To re-appoint Deloitte LLP as Auditor.
- 8. To authorise the Directors to fix the remuneration of the Auditor.
- 9. That the Directors be and are hereby generally and unconditionally authorised under Section 551 of the Companies Act 2006 (the Act) to exercise all the powers of the Company to allot Ordinary Shares, or grant rights to subscribe for or convert any security into Ordinary Shares, up to an aggregate nominal amount of £1,754,743 (equivalent to 17,547,430 Ordinary Shares or 10% of the total issued share capital as at 10 March 2022) provided that this authority shall expire at the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company or on the expiry of 15 months from the passing of this Resolution, whichever is the first to occur, and so that the Company may before such expiry, make an offer or agreement which would or might require relevant securities to be allotted after such expiry and the Directors may allot relevant securities in pursuance of such offer or agreement as if the authority conferred had not expired.

#### Special Resolutions

- 10. That, subject to the passing of Resolution 9, the Directors be and hereby are empowered, under Section 571 of the Act, to allot equity securities (as defined in Section 560 of the Act) under the authority conferred by Resolution 9 for cash as if Section 561(1) of the Act did not apply to the allotment, provided that this power shall be limited to the allotment:
  - a) of equity securities in connection with an offer of such securities by way of a rights issue only to holders of Ordinary Shares in proportion (as nearly as practicable) to their respective holdings of such Ordinary Shares but subject to such exclusions or other arrangements as the Directors may deem necessary or expedient in relation to fractional entitlements or any legal or practical problems under the laws of any territory, or the requirements of any regulatory body or stock exchange;
  - b) (other than under paragraph (a) above) of equity securities up to an aggregate nominal amount not exceeding £1,754,743 (equivalent to 17,547,430 Ordinary Shares or 10% of the total issued share capital as at 10 March 2022); and
  - c) in each case where the proceeds may be used in whole or in part to purchase existing Ordinary Shares and shall expire at the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company or on the expiry of 15 months from the passing of this Resolution, whichever is the first to occur, save that the Company may, before such expiry, make an offer or agreement which would or might require equity securities to be allotted after such expiry and the Directors may allot equity securities in pursuance of such offer or agreement as if the power conferred hereby had not expired.
- 11. That, the Company be and hereby is generally and, subject as hereinafter appears, unconditionally authorised in accordance with Section 701 of the Act to make market purchases (within the meaning of Section 693(4) of the Act) of Ordinary Shares, provided always that:
  - a) the maximum number of Ordinary Shares hereby authorised to be purchased is 26,303,602 (being 14.99% of the total issued share capital as at 10 March 2022);
  - b) the minimum price, exclusive of expenses, that may be paid for an Ordinary Share shall be 10p per share;
  - c) the maximum price exclusive of expenses, that may be paid for an Ordinary Share shall be not more than an amount equal to the higher of:
    - (i) 105% of the average of the closing middle market price for the Ordinary Shares as derived from the London Stock Exchange's Daily Official List for the five business days immediately preceding the date on which the Ordinary Shares are purchased; and
    - (ii) the price stipulated by Article 5(1) of Commission Regulation (EC) No. 273/2003 (the Buy-back and Stabilisation Regulation); and
  - (d) unless previously renewed, varied or revoked, the authority hereby conferred shall expire at the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company or, if earlier, on the expiry of 15 months from the passing of this Resolution, save that the Company may before such expiry enter into a contract to purchase Ordinary Shares which will or may be completed wholly or partly after such expiry.
- 12. That a general meeting, other than an annual general meeting, may be called on not less than 14 days' clear notice.

By order of the Board Maven Capital Partners UK LLP Secretary Fifth Floor 1-2 Royal Exchange Buildings London EC3V 3LF

10 March 2022

#### **NOTES:**

#### Entitlement to attend and vote

1) To be entitled to attend and vote at the Meeting (and for the purposes of the determination by the Company of the votes that may be cast in accordance with Regulation 41 of the Uncertified Securities Regulations 2001), only those members registered in the Company's register of members at close of business on 22 April 2022 (or, if the Meeting is adjourned, by close of business on the date which is two business days before the adjourned Meeting) shall be entitled to attend and vote at the Meeting. Changes to the register of members of the Company after the relevant deadline shall be disregarded in determining the rights of any person to attend and vote at the Meeting.

#### Website giving information regarding the Meeting

2) Information regarding the Meeting, including the information required by Section 311A of the Companies Act 2006, is available from www.mavencp.com/migvct5.

#### Attending in person

3) If you wish to attend the Meeting in person, please bring a form of personal identification.

#### Appointment of proxies

- 4) If you are a member of the Company at the time set out in note 1 above, you are entitled to appoint a proxy to exercise all or any of your rights to attend, speak and vote at the Meeting and you should have received a proxy form with this Notice of Annual General Meeting. You can appoint a proxy only using the procedures set out in these notes and the notes to the proxy form.
- 5) If you are not a member of the Company but you have been nominated by a member of the Company to enjoy information rights, you do not have a right to appoint any proxies under the procedures set out in this "Appointment of proxies" section. Please read the section "Nominated persons" below.
- 6) A proxy does not need to be a member of the Company but must attend the Meeting to represent you. Details of how to appoint the Chairman of the Meeting or another person as your proxy using the proxy form are set out in the notes to the proxy form. If you wish your proxy to speak on your behalf at the Meeting, you will need to appoint your own choice of proxy (not the Chairman) and give your instructions directly to them.
- 7) You may appoint more than one proxy, provided each proxy is appointed to exercise rights attached to different shares. You may not appoint more than one proxy to exercise rights attached to any one share. To appoint more than one proxy, please copy the proxy form, indicate on each form how many shares it relates to, and attach them together.
- 8) A vote withheld is not a vote in law, which means that the vote will not be counted in the calculation of votes for or against the resolution. If no voting indication is given, your proxy will vote or abstain from voting at his or her discretion. Your proxy will vote (or abstain from voting) as he or she thinks fit in relation to any other matter which is put before the Meeting.

#### Appointment of proxy using hard copy proxy form

9) A proxy form is enclosed with this document. The notes to the proxy form explain how to direct your proxy to vote or withhold their vote on each Resolution. To appoint a proxy using the proxy form, the form must be completed, signed and sent or delivered to the Company's registrars, The City Partnership (UK) Limited, The Mending Rooms, Park Valley Mills, Meltham Road, Huddersfield HD4 7BH so as to be received by City Partnership no later than 11.30am on 22 April 2022 or by close of business on a date two business days prior to that appointed for any adjourned Meeting or, in the case of a poll taken subsequent to the date of the Meeting or adjourned Meeting, so as to be received no later than 24 hours before the time appointed for taking the poll. In the case of a member which is a company, the proxy form must be executed under its common seal or signed on its behalf by an officer of the company or an attorney for the company. Any power of attorney or any other authority under which the proxy form is signed (or a duly certified copy of such power or authority) must be included with the proxy form. For the purposes of determining the time for delivery of proxies, no account has been taken of any part of a day that is not a working day.

#### Appointment of a proxy online

10) You may submit your proxy electronically using the Registrar's Proxy Voting App at proxy-maven5.cpip.io. Shareholders can use this service to vote or appoint a proxy online. The same voting deadline of 48 hours (excluding non-working days) before the time of the Meeting applies as if you were using your personalised proxy form to vote or appoint a proxy by post to vote for you. Shareholders will need to use their City Investor Number (CIN) and Access Code, which are shown on the enclosed proxy form. Shareholders should not show this information to anyone unless they wish to give proxy instructions on their behalf.

#### Appointment of proxies through CREST

11) CREST members who wish to appoint a proxy or proxies by utilising the CREST electronic proxy appointment service may do so for the Meeting and any adjournment(s) of it by using the procedures described in the CREST Manual (available from https://www.euroclear.com/site/public/EUI). CREST Personal Members or other CREST sponsored members, and those CREST members who have appointed a voting service provider(s), should refer to their CREST sponsor or voting service provider(s), who will be able to take the appropriate action on their behalf. In order for a proxy appointment made by means of CREST to be valid, the appropriate CREST message (a CREST Proxy Instruction) must be properly authenticated in accordance with Euroclear UK & Ireland Limited's (EUI) specifications and must contain the information required for such instructions, as described in the CREST Manual. The message must be transmitted so as to be received by the issuer's agent (The City Partnership (UK) Limited ID: 8RA57) by 11.30am on 22 April 2022. For this purpose, the time of receipt will be taken to be the time (as determined by the timestamp applied to the message by the CREST Applications Host) from which the issuer's agent is able to retrieve the message by enquiry to CREST in the manner prescribed by CREST.

CREST members and, where applicable, their CREST sponsors or voting service providers should note that EUI does not make available special procedures in CREST for any particular messages. Normal system timings and limitations will therefore apply in relation to the input of CREST Proxy Instructions. It is the responsibility of the CREST member concerned to take (or, if the CREST member is a CREST personal member or sponsored member or has appointed a voting service provider(s), to procure that his CREST sponsor or voting service provider(s) take(s)) such action as shall be necessary to ensure that a message is transmitted by means of the CREST system by any particular time.

In this connection, CREST members and, where applicable, their CREST sponsors or voting service providers are referred, in particular, to those sections of the CREST Manual concerning practical limitations of the CREST system and timings. The Company may treat as invalid a CREST Proxy Instruction in the circumstances set out in Regulation 35(5)(a) of the Uncertificated Securities Regulations 2001.

#### Appointment of proxy by joint members

12) In the case of joint holders, where more than one of the joint holders purports to appoint a proxy, only the appointment submitted by the most senior holder will be accepted. Seniority is determined by the order in which the names of the joint holders appear in the Company's register of members in respect of the joint holding, the first-named being the most senior.

#### Changing proxy instructions

13) To change your proxy instructions simply submit a new proxy appointment using the methods set out above. Note that the cut-off times for receipt of proxy appointments (see above) also apply in relation to amended instructions; any amended proxy appointment received after the relevant cut-off time will be disregarded. Where you have appointed a proxy using the hard copy proxy form and would like to change the instructions using another hard-copy proxy form, please contact the Registrars, City Partnership, at the address shown in note 9. If you submit more than one valid proxy appointment, the appointment received last before the latest time for the receipt of proxies will take precedence.

#### Termination of proxy appointments

14) In order to revoke a proxy instruction you will need to inform the Company by sending a signed hard copy notice clearly stating your intention to revoke your proxy appointment to City Partnership, at the address shown in note 9. In the case of a member which is a company, the revocation notice must be executed under its common seal or signed on its behalf by an officer of the company or an attorney for the company. Any power of attorney or any other authority under which the revocation notice is signed, or a duly certified copy of such power or authority, must be included with the revocation notice. The revocation notice must be received by City Partnership no later than 48 hours before the Meeting. If you attempt to revoke your proxy appointment but the revocation is received after the time specified then, subject to the paragraph directly below, your proxy appointment will remain valid. Appointment of a proxy does not preclude you from attending the Meeting and voting in person. If you have appointed a proxy and attend the Meeting in person, your proxy appointment will automatically be terminated.

#### Corporate representatives

15) A corporation which is a member can appoint one or more corporate representatives who may exercise, on its behalf, all its powers as a member provided that no more than one corporate representative exercises powers over the same share.

#### Issued shares and total voting rights

16) As at 10 March 2022, the Company's issued share capital comprised 175,474,332 Ordinary Shares of 10p each. Each Ordinary Share carries the right to one vote at the Annual General Meeting of the Company and, therefore, the total number of voting rights in the Company on 10 March 2022 is 175,474,332. The website referred to in note 2 will include information on the number of shares and voting rights.

#### Questions at the meeting

- 17) Under Section 319A of the Act, the Company must answer any question you ask relating to the business being dealt with at the Meeting unless:
  - answering the question would interfere unduly with the preparation for the Meeting or involve the disclosure of confidential information;
  - the answer has already been given on a website in the form of an answer to a question; or
  - it is undesirable in the interests of the Company or the good order of the Meeting that the question be answered.

#### Website publication of audit concerns

- 18) Pursuant to Chapter 5 of Part 16 of the Act (Sections 527 to 531), where requested by a member or members meeting the qualification criteria set out at note 19 below, the Company must publish on its website, a statement setting out any matter that such members propose to raise at the Meeting relating to the audit of the Company's accounts (including the Auditor's Report and the conduct of the audit) that are to be laid before the Meeting. The request:
  - may be in hard copy form or in electronic form (see note 20 below);
  - must either set out the statement in full or, if supporting a statement sent by another member, clearly identify the statement which is being supported;
  - must be authenticated by the person or persons making it (see note 20 below); and
  - must be received by the Company at least one week before the Meeting. Where the Company is required to publish such a statement on its website:
    - it may not require the members making the request to pay any expenses incurred by the Company in complying with the request;
    - it must forward the statement to the Company's Auditor no later than the time the statement is made available on the Company's website; and
    - the statement may be dealt with as part of the business of the Meeting.

#### Members' qualification criteria

19) In order to be able to exercise the members' rights under note 18 the relevant request must be made by a member or members having a right to vote at the Meeting and holding at least 5% of total voting rights of the Company, or at least 100 members having a right to vote at the Meeting and holding, on average, at least £100 of paid up share capital. For information on voting rights, including the total number of voting rights, see note 16 above and the website referred to in note 2.

#### Submission of hard copy and electronic requests and authentication requirements

- 20) Where a member or members wishes to request the Company to publish audit concerns (see note 18) such request must be made in accordance with one of the following ways:
  - a hard copy request which is signed by you, states your full name and address and is sent to The
    Secretary, Maven Income and Growth VCT 5 PLC, c/o Maven Capital Partners UK LLP, Kintyre House,
    205 West George Street, Glasgow G2 2LW; or
  - a request which states your full name, address, and investor code, and is sent to **enquiries@mavencp.com** stating "AGM" in the subject field.

#### Nominated persons

- 21) If you are a person who has been nominated under Section 146 of the Act to enjoy information rights (Nominated Person):
  - you may have a right under an agreement between you and the member of the Company who has nominated you to have information rights (Relevant Member) to be appointed or to have someone else appointed as a proxy for the Meeting;
  - if you either do not have such a right or if you have such a right but do not wish to exercise it, you may have a right under an agreement between you and the Relevant Member to give instructions to the Relevant Member as to the exercise of voting rights; and
  - your main point of contact in terms of your investment in the Company remains the Relevant Member (or, perhaps, your custodian or broker) and you should continue to contact them (and not the Company) regarding any changes or queries relating to your personal details and your interest in the Company (including any administrative matters). The only exception to this is where the Company expressly requests a response from you.

#### Documents on display

22) Copies of the letters of appointment of the Directors of the Company and a copy of the Articles of Association of the Company will be available for inspection at the registered office of the Company and at the offices of Maven Capital Partners UK LLP, Kintyre House, 205 West George Street, Glasgow G2 2LW from the date of this notice until the end of the Meeting.

#### Communication

- 23) Except as provided above, members who have general queries about the Meeting should use the following means of communication (no other methods of communication will be accepted):
  - calling Maven Capital Partners UK LLP (the Secretary) on 0141 306 7400; or
  - emailing enquiries@mavencp.com, stating "AGM" in the subject field.

Registered in England and Wales: Company Number 4084875

# EXPLANATORY NOTES TO THE NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

An explanation of the Resolutions to be proposed at the AGM is set out below. Resolutions 1 to 9 will be proposed as Ordinary Resolutions requiring the approval of more than 50% of the votes cast and Resolutions 10 to 12 will be proposed as Special Resolutions requiring the approval of 75% or more of the votes cast.

#### Resolution 1 - Annual Report and Financial Statements

The Directors seek approval to receive the Directors' Report and audited Financial Statements for the year ended 30 November 2021, which are included within the Annual Report.

#### Resolution 2 - Directors' Remuneration Report

The Board seeks the approval of the Directors' Remuneration Report for the year ended 30 November 2021, which is also included within the Annual Report.

#### Resolution 3 - Final Dividend

The Company's Shareholders will be asked to approve a final dividend of 1.00p per Ordinary Share for the year ended 30 November 2021 for payment on 4 May 2022 to Shareholders on the register as at close of business on 1 April 2022.

#### Resolution 4 - Re-election of a Director

As the Board has resolved that each Director should stand for re-election on an annual basis, Graham Miller will retire at the Annual General Meeting and, being eligible, is offering himself for re-election.

#### Resolution 5 - Re-election of a Director

As the Board has resolved that each Director should stand for re-election on an annual basis, Gordon Humphries will retire at the Annual General Meeting and, being eligible, is offering himself for re-election.

#### Resolution 6 - Re-election of a Director

As the Board has resolved that each Director should stand for re-election on an annual basis, Charles Young will retire at the Annual General Meeting and, being eligible, is offering himself for re-election.

#### Resolution 7 - Re-appointment of Auditor

Shareholders will be asked to approve the re-appointment of Deloitte LLP as the Company's Auditor, Deloitte LLP having expressed their willingness to act.

#### Resolution 8 - Remuneration of Auditor

Shareholders will be asked to give the Directors' authority to fix the remuneration of Deloitte LLP.

#### Resolution 9 - Authority to Allot Shares

The Directors are seeking authority pursuant to Section 551 of the Act for the Company to allot Ordinary Shares or rights to subscribe for Ordinary Shares up to an aggregate nominal value of £1,754,743. This amounts to 17,547,430 Ordinary Shares representing approximately 10% of the issued share capital as at 10 March 2022 (this being the latest practicable date prior to the publication of this Annual Report). This authority will be used for the purposes set out in Resolution 9. The authority conferred by Resolution 9 will expire at the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company or on the expiry of 15 months from the passing of the Resolution, whichever is the first to occur.

#### Resolution 10 - Waiver of Statutory Pre-emption Rights

Shareholders will be asked to grant authority to the Directors to allot Ordinary Shares: (i) on a pre-emptive basis to existing Shareholders as far as possible, subject to excluding circumstances where it is impractical to apply the strict pro-rating; and (ii) otherwise allot Ordinary Shares or rights to subscribe for Ordinary Shares up to an aggregate nominal value of £1,754,743 (being 17,547,430 Ordinary Shares representing approximately 10% of the issued share capital as at 10 March 2022, this being the latest practicable date prior to the publication of this Annual Report) as if the pre-emption rights of Section 561 of the Act did not apply, in each case where the proceeds may be used in whole or in part to purchase existing Ordinary Shares. The authority conferred by Resolution 10 will expire at the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company or on the expiry of 15 months from the passing of the Resolution, whichever is the first to occur.

The Board may use the authorities conferred under Resolutions 9 and 10 to allot further Ordinary Shares or rights to subscribe for them.

#### Resolution 11 - Purchase of Own Shares

Shareholders will be asked to authorise the Company to make market purchases of up to 26,303,602 Ordinary Shares (representing approximately 14.99% of the issued share capital as at 10 March 2022, this being the latest practicable date prior to the publication of this Annual Report). The Resolution sets out the minimum and maximum prices that can be paid, exclusive of expenses, and Ordinary Shares bought back may be cancelled or held in treasury as may be determined by the Board. The authority conferred by Resolution 11 will expire at the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company or on the expiry of 15 months from the passing of the Resolution, whichever is the first to occur. Once held in treasury, such Ordinary Shares may be sold for cash or cancelled. The Board may use this authority to allow the Company to continue to operate its share buy-back policy.

#### Resolution 12 - Notice of General Meetings

The Directors propose to preserve the Company's ability to call general meetings (other than annual general meetings) on 14 clear days' notice, as previously approved by Shareholders at the last annual general meeting. Resolution 12 seeks such approval and would be effective until the Company's next AGM when it would be intended that a similar Resolution be proposed. It is anticipated that, if confirmed, such authority will only be used in exceptional circumstances. The Company will also need to meet the requirements for electronic voting before it can call a general meeting on 14 days' notice.

## **GLOSSARY**

#### **ALTERNATIVE PERFORMANCE MEASURES (APMs)**

Measures of performance that are in addition to the statutory measures reported in the Financial Statements. The APMs used by the Company are marked \* in this Glossary. The table in the Financial Highlights section on page 5 shows the movement in net asset value and NAV total return per Ordinary Share over the past three financial years, and shows the dividends declared in respect of each of the past three financial years and on a cumulative basis since inception.

#### **ANNUAL YIELD\***

The total dividends paid for the financial year expressed as a percentage of the NAV per Ordinary Share at the preceding year end.

#### **DISCOUNT/PREMIUM TO NAV\***

A discount is the percentage by which the mid-market price of an Ordinary Share is lower than the NAV per Ordinary Share. A premium is the percentage by which the mid-market price exceeds the NAV per Ordinary Share.

#### **DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES**

Comprises capital reserve (realised), revenue reserve and special distributable reserve.

#### **DIVIDEND PER ORDINARY SHARE**

The total of all dividends per Ordinary Share paid by the Company in respect of the year.

#### **EARNINGS PER ORDINARY SHARE (EPS)**

The net income after tax of the Company divided by the weighted average number of shares in issue during the year. In a venture capital trust, this is made up of revenue EPS and capital EPS.

#### **EX-DIVIDEND DATE (XD DATE)**

The date set by the London Stock Exchange, normally being the business day preceding the record date.

#### **INDEX OR INDICES**

A market index calculates the average performance of its constituents, normally on a weighted basis. It provides a means of assessing the overall state of the economy and provides a comparison against which the performance of individual investments can be assessed.

#### **INVESTMENT INCOME**

Income from investments as reported in the Income Statement.

#### **NAV PER ORDINARY SHARE**

Net assets divided by the number of Ordinary Shares in issue.

#### NAV TOTAL RETURN PER ORDINARY SHARE\*

Net assets divided by the number of Ordinary Shares in issue, plus cumulative dividends paid per Ordinary Share to date.

#### NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY SHAREHOLDERS OR SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS (NAV)

Total assets less current and long-term liabilities.

#### **OPERATIONAL EXPENSES**

The total of investment management fees and other expenses as reported in the Income Statement.

#### **REALISED GAINS/LOSSES**

The profit/loss on the sale of investments during the year.

#### **RECORD DATE**

The date on which an investor needs to be holding a share in order to qualify for a forthcoming dividend.

#### **REVENUE RESERVES**

The total of undistributed revenue earnings from prior years. This is available for distribution to Shareholders by way of dividend payments.

#### **TOTAL RETURN**

The theoretical return, including reinvesting each dividend in additional shares in the Company at the closing mid-market price on the day that the shares go ex-dividend. The NAV total return involves investing the same net dividend at the NAV of the Company on the ex-dividend date.

#### **UNREALISED GAINS/LOSSES**

The profit/loss on the revaluation of the investment portfolio at the end of the year.

# **YOUR NOTES**

# **YOUR NOTES**

## **CONTACT INFORMATION**

#### **DIRECTORS**

Graham Miller (Chairman) Gordon Humphries Charles Young

#### MANAGER, SECRETARY AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

Maven Capital Partners UK LLP Kintyre House 205 West George Street Glasgow G2 2LW

Telephone: 0141 306 7400 Email: enquiries@mavencp.com

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Fifth Floor 1-2 Royal Exchange Buildings London EC3V 3LF

#### REGISTERED IN ENGLAND AND WALES

Company Registration Number: 4084875

Legal Entity Identifier: 213800DMF84841RMWX35

ISIN: GB0002057536

TIDM: MIG5

#### **WEBSITE**

www.mavencp.com/migvct5

#### **REGISTRARS**

The City Partnership (UK) Limited The Mending Rooms Park Valley Mills Meltham Road Huddersfield HD4 7BH

Email: mavencp@city.uk.com

Investor hub: maven-cp.cityhub.uk.com

Telephone: 01484 240910

(Lines are open from 9.00 am to 5.30 pm, Monday to Friday)

#### **AUDITOR**

Deloitte LLP

#### **BANKERS**

JPMorgan Chase Bank

#### **STOCKBROKERS**

Shore Capital Stockbrokers Limited Telephone: 020 7647 8132

#### **VCT ADVISER**

Philip Hare & Associates LLP

## MAVEN CAPITAL PARTNERS UK LLP

(a subsidiary of Mattioli Woods plc)

Kintyre House 205 West George Street Glasgow G2 2LW

Tel: 0141 306 7400

Authorised and Regulated by The Financial Conduct Authority

